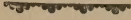


ASK ME
ANOTHER

The Question Book

ASK ME ANOTHER!

The Question Book



"A man will turn over half
a library to make one book."

—SAMUEL JOHNSON.

"We'll tell the cock-eyed world."

—THE AUTHORS.

Ask Me Another!

THE QUESTION BOOK

Compiled by

JUSTIN SPAFFORD *and* LUCIEN ESTY

With a Preface by

ROBERT BENCHLEY



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To

HERBERT BAYARD SWOPE

who might have dictated the answers
to these questions and spared the
authors the trouble of looking them
up, this book is dedicated.

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PREFACE

BY ROBERT BENCHLEY

When Mr. Esty, one of the compilers of this volume, called me up and asked if I could give him fifteen of my precious minutes in which to propound a set of questions, I was, I am afraid, a little impatient.

In the first place, I didn't quite understand over the telephone just what it was he wanted to do to me. I suspected that he was one of those people like Alexander Woollcott who are constantly throwing parties into a turmoil of indifference by announcing that they represent some famous character in history or literature and that you must guess who it is. I have found that the best way to handle such people is to guess right away that they represent Guy Fawkes and to stick to it in spite of their denials. They soon get very cross and threaten to stop playing the game entirely, at which point a notary is produced and they are taken at their word and bundled off to bed.

But there was something winning in Mr. Esty's voice, and when he said that he had just given the test to a number of College Presidents with no bad results other than a slight giddiness, I admitted that I would be in my office for the next half hour, adding that I was very busy, which was not true.

In an incredibly short space of time Mr. Esty was at my side (I rather think that he was calling from the next room) and had handed me a typewritten list of fifty questions. I again said that I was very busy and began. On the very second question I fell down miserably. I had no idea what make of automobile was air-cooled; in fact, I didn't know that in this day and age it was necessary to cool them at all. (I am still wondering if the alternative to air-cooling is ice-packs, but I wouldn't dare ask.)

Mr. Esty could hardly believe that I didn't know this. He did everything that was in his power to bring me to my senses. He even framed his lips to form the first syllable of "Franklin," a tip which lured me into suggesting "Ford" and "Fiat". It was at last decided that I simply did not know the answer, and, blushing prettily, I went on to the next.

As a matter of fact, if my score is printed in connection with the test that I took, allowance must be made for a wholly generous attitude on Mr. Esty's part toward my answers. He accepted as correct certain abortive sounds which I made as feelers, and, I am sure, gave me an "A" on a vague mumbling in the proper meter in lieu of the second line to "It was the schooner Hesperus."

But, cheating or no cheating, the thing got me. I finished my list and, according to my warning of being very busy, should have stopped there and plunged into my waiting work. And Mr. Esty was quite willing to go. But I would have none of it.

"You have another list there?" I asked, peering into his brief-case.

"Oh, yes, there are lots of lists," he replied, preparing to strap them up. "But all we ask of one man is to take one test."

"What is that one that you are putting in there?" I insisted, blocking his way.

"That is the one on Literature," he said. "President Neilson got one hundred on that one."

"Oh he did, did he?" I said. "Might I look at it, please?"

And with that I was off on the Literature test. Aided by Mr. Esty's indulgence and a knowledge of lip-reading I finished slightly behind President Neilson, in the next squadron, in fact. Well, President Neilson *ought* to get a hundred. That's his job.

By this time, I was worked up into a lather. A strange light had come into my eyes and I was reaching greedily for more lists, muttering, "Let me try this one," or "How about this? Who took this one?" I

seemed to be deriving not only a glow of sinful pride in the questions that I could answer but a masochistic pleasure in failing. Mr. Esty was getting hungry. The scrub-women had begun upsetting things in the office in their nightly rounds of letter-hiding. We were soon alone. But still I was insatiable. "More lists!" I cried. "More lists, Mr. Esty!" . . . Late that night I carried Mr. Esty, fainting with hunger and ennui, out into the street.

"When will the book be out?" I asked him.

"What book?" he said, weakly.

* * * * *

This was just the beginning, however. The next night I went out to dinner. I could hardly wait to tell of my experience and the rest could hardly wait to hear about it. Some of them, in fact, didn't.

But those who remained were easy victims. "A man came around to my office last night," I began, "with a list of fifty questions and——"

I was greeted with hoots. "One of *those*?" they cried. "And you probably fell for them."

"Well," I replied, holding myself in, "it was pretty interesting at that."

"Yeah?" said one. "What were some of the questions?"

"Well, for example," I said, "what President of the United States was grandfather of what President?"

There was a chorus of scornful "John Adams's."

Waiting for silence I said as casually as I could, "John Adams was John Quincy Adams's *father*. The question was *grandfather*."

And then, imitating Mr. Esty's tantalizing tactics, I started to leave the group.

But they were already on fire. I was seized and made to divulge the name of the lucky grandfather. (See answers in the back of the book.) I was pressed for more questions. People came running from

other parts of the room to see what the trouble was about. They, too, had to be quizzed. The smugness with which I propounded the very questions on which I myself had failed the day before must have been well-nigh unbearable, but the general thirst for ordeal by questionnaire was too strong and I was besieged with cries of "What were some of the other questions?" and "Ask us another, Uncle Bob!"

From that night on I have been a social success. No matter where I go or how dull the party, I can make myself the center of a maelstrom of interest simply by telling the strange story of Mr. Esty and his fifty questions. What will happen now that a whole book of them is out is something that I do not care to think about. I wouldn't be surprised to see a complete cessation of business and a national fiesta given over to asking questions. At that, a lot worse things could happen to this country.

AUTHORS' FOREWORD

The sole purpose of this book is to provide entertainment by giving an opportunity to test one's knowledge in competition with others.

Most of us take our mental equipment rather for granted. Usually our friends have somewhat the same range of interests as ourselves, and, in the ordinary course of events, no chance occurs to find out how broad our knowledge really is. Here, one can match up against worthy competition and experience the thrill which comes of improving one's score by finally dragging forth a reluctant and protesting bit of information from some deep recess of the mind where it has lain hidden until a frantic search at last reveals its hiding-place.

In order that this thrill may be enjoyed with some degree of frequency, we have tried to choose questions whose answers, at some time or other, have been available to the majority of readers. To give a fair chance to all, questions on abstruse or technical points have been avoided and good scores on the thirty General Quizzes will result from breadth rather than depth of knowledge. The range of subjects covered by them is so diversified that, so far, no one has been able to score one hundred per cent. Ten Special Quizzes, however, have been included for the benefit of those who wish to test themselves more thoroughly in a limited field.

The basis on which the questions were selected was that we either

- (1) knew the answers ourselves, or
- (2) felt that we should have known the answers, or
- (3) considered the answers interesting additions to our stock of information.

The book has been so designed that it is possible for the reader to try himself out in competition with a list of opponents hand-picked by ourselves, but this is intended to be only the beginning of a larger list of

opponents, hand-picked by each individual owner of the book. The value and interest of the list of scores on each quiz will constantly increase as the book is used. Space has been left after each question, so that a reader may jot down his answer in case he is taking a quiz by himself; but when more than one person is involved, it is intended that the answers be given orally.

There are many ways in which the book can be used as a game; as interesting variations, we suggest that

1. A reader try himself against the scores given with each quiz.
2. He try his friends against these scores and any additional scores which have been added.
3. Two or more persons answer the questions in turn, being scored on the number of questions which they are asked.
4. Two or more persons answer each question together, waiting until each has signified his readiness to answer.
5. Four or more persons divide into teams, with spokesmen to voice the composite wisdom of each team.
6. A group of persons answer in turn, using the principle of the spelling bee.
7. A person be given a test which he has already taken (and to which he has heard the answers), after a short lapse of time, to see how much he will improve his score. This can be tried with or without warning the answerer.
8. All of the above methods be modified by having a time limit of from 15 to 60 seconds allowed for the answer to each question.

It is likely that each reader will develop his own technique for scoring. However, as a guide, we suggest as standard practice the method followed by ourselves in grading those whose names appear at the head of each quiz.

Since there are fifty questions to each quiz, two percentage points

were given for a correct answer. In the main, the answers were considered as wholly right or wholly wrong, but occasionally one point was given for a partial answer. No fractional credits were given, a question which was answered two-thirds right, for example, being credited with two points, rather than with one and a fraction.

Some latitude was allowed in judging whether an answer deserved full credit. Three examples are given below of answers which would be given full credit, though they fell short of being perfect:

An answer of "Holland" to the question: "Where does ex-Kaiser Wilhelm II. now live?"—though "Doorn, the Netherlands" is more exact.

An answer of "It falls as the something dew from above" to the question: "What is the next line after, 'The quality of mercy is not strained,'"—though "It droppeth as the gentle rain from heaven" is the exact quotation.

An answer of "Pius" to the question: "What is the name of the present Pope?"—though "Pius XI. (born Achille Ratti)" is much more exact. It should be noted, however, that the question, "Who was King of England at the time of the American Revolution?" is not sufficiently answered by "George," since the distinction between George III. and the other Georges who have been kings of England is more sharply defined in people's minds.

Perhaps the best general rule that can be followed is to require answers which are correct as to essentials, even though incomplete as to details.

* * * * *

In concluding, we take this opportunity to thank all those who have helped toward making this book interesting and accurate, either by permitting us to use their scores in the book or by suggesting changes in the subject matter.

New York, January, 1927.

JUSTIN SPAFFORD
LUCIEN ESTY

GENERAL QUIZZES

Numbers One to Thirty



GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER ONE

ANITA LOOS is the author of *Gentlemen Prefer Blondes*, and with her husband, John Emerson, is the author and producer of many moving pictures.

Ralph Barton 84

Anita Loos 8a

RALPH BARTON did the illustrations for *Gentlemen Prefer Blondes* and his work has appeared in many of the leading magazines.

1. Where do immigrants first land on arriving in New York Harbor?
Ellis Island ELIS ISLAND
2. Who wrote *The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse*? Henry IBANEZ
3. What is meant by "The Land of the Rising Sun"? Japan JAPAN
4. What governor of what state attained national prominence as the result of a police strike in the state capital? ... CARLIDGE
5. What style of writing did the early Babylonians use? ... CUNEIFORM
6. What Biblical character is famed for his patience under tribulation?
Job Job
7. What have the following in common: Grieg, Debussy, MacDowell, Stravinsky, Rachmaninoff? ...
8. What is coral? ...
9. What is the chief export commodity of [a] the United States, [b] Canada? ... cotton
10. What product is advertised by the slogan: "Four out of five get it before they are forty"? ...
11. What is a centaur? ...
12. In the early days of the World War, the seat of the French government was removed from Paris to what city? ...
13. What is a Bunsen burner? ...

14. Who painted *La Gioconda*? *Leonardo da Vinci*
15. What British music-hall comedian has since become most prominent in American moving pictures? *Charles Chaplin*
16. Who wrote *Lorna Doone*? *Richard D. Blackmore*
17. Where has Dr. Grenfell for many years carried on his missionary work? *Labrador*
18. What was the "Tweed Ring"? *Transvaal Boer*
19. What is the longest bridge in the world? *Bahama Bridge*
20. What columnist created the character of "archy" (the cockroach)? *Alfred Hitchcock*
21. To what school of painting does Pablo Picasso belong? *Cubism*
22. In America, what corresponds to the "hire-purchase" system of England? *Installment Plan*
23. From what is coal derived? *Vegetable matter*
24. Who was "The Scourge of God"? *Attila*
25. Who discovered the X-ray? *Röntgen*
26. What are Mandarins? *Chinese officers*
27. Who purchased New York from the Indians in 1626? *Peter Minuit*
28. What is the name of the drops which oculists use to enlarge the pupil of the eye? *Mydriatics*
29. Give the next line after: "Blessings on thee, little man," *most in wit*
30. What was the significance of the English cartoon, *Dropping the Pilot*? *William II. Germany, desirous to remain*
31. Who wrote both *The Circular Staircase* and *The Bat*? *Edgar Allan Poe*
32. For what popular saying is Dr. Emil Coué responsible? *"Suggestive Psychotherapy"*
33. What position did "Uncle Joe" Cannon hold before his retirement from politics? *Speaker of the House of Representatives*
34. What is the capital of [a] Spain, [b] Portugal? *Madrid, Lisbon*
35. Who is referred to by the expression "Tommy Atkins"? *A British Soldier*

36. In what state is each of the following: [a] Amherst College, [b] Dartmouth College, [c] Drake University, [d] Leland Stanford, Jr. University, [e] Centre College? *Mass*
37. What is the meaning of the Latin expression *E pluribus unum*? *1 out of many*
38. Who is the best known Indiana poet? *Poe*
39. What is a paynim? *Pagan*
40. Who is generally credited with having introduced tobacco into Europe? *Palestine*
41. What have the following in common: Ferenc Molnar, Eugène Brieux, Franz Werfel, Noel Coward, Owen Davis? *They are all playwrights*
42. Who is responsible for the phrase: "Open covenants openly arrived at"? *Woodrow Wilson*
43. At whose hands did Jesus receive baptism? *John the Baptist*
44. What living British essayist and novelist is famous for his many paradoxes? *George Bernard Shaw*
45. How do kangaroos carry their offspring? *in their pouch*
46. Give within 10 per cent the proportion of the earth's surface covered by water. *75%*
47. What is a leviathan? *God*
48. What is the "The City of Brotherly Love" and who founded it? *Philadelphia, 1682*
49. What famous American war correspondent wrote *Soldiers of Fortune*, *Van Bibber*, and many other novels and short stories? *Maxwell Anderson*
50. Who wrote *The Legend of Sleepy Hollow*? *Washington Irving*

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWO

WILLIAM ALLAN NEILSON is the President of Smith College as well as a leading authority on English literature.

HEYWOOD BROWN conducts the newspaper column *It Seems To Me*. He was formerly a dramatic critic and has written several books including *Gandle Follows His Nose*.

<i>William Allan Neilson</i>	92
<i>Heywood Brown</i>	80

1. What is the purpose of a Binet-Simon test? *to test intelligence*
2. Who is the author of the expression: "Caviar to the general"?
3. On his first voyage to America, where did Columbus land? *What*
4. What motion picture actor is best known for his portrayal of grotesque or deformed characters?
5. What is the shortest verse in the Bible?
6. What is the longest river in Europe?
7. What magazine conducts a department in each issue known as "The Contributors' Club"? *Atlantic 100*
8. Complete this line: "But there is no joy in Mudville—"
9. What is the doctrine of "laissez-faire"? *FITTEST SURVIVE*
10. A ride on what winged steed is reputed to give inspiration to poets?
11. Who said: "What this country needs most is a good five-cent cigar"?
12. Who wrote *Moby Dick, or the White Whale*? *Melville*
13. Who was Solon? *Socrates*

14. The cartoons on war subjects of what British cartoonist were very popular during the World War? *Booth*
15. For whom was the month of August named? *Romulus*
16. At the outbreak of the World War, who was the U. S. Ambassador to Germany? *Gerard*
17. What is a morganatic marriage?
18. Who wrote *The School for Scandal*?
19. What product is advertised by the slogan: "Chases dirt"?
20. What was the Diet of Worms?
21. What is the meaning of the Latin expression *Deo volente*?
22. Name three well-known German composers whose last names begin with the letter "B."
23. In what state is the most easterly point in the United States located?
24. Who was "First in war, first in peace, first in the hearts of his countrymen"?
25. Name the most commonly used make of tractor.
26. Who wrote *An American Tragedy*?
27. What positions in baseball did the following play: [a] "Home Run" Baker, [b] "Hank" Gowdy?
28. Certain nations are noted for their consumption of certain foods and drinks. Name the nation for each of the following: [a] roast beef, [b] potatoes, [c] beer, [d] oatmeal, [e] spaghetti.
29. What have the following in common: Lord Kelvin, Luigi Galvani, R. A. Millikan, André Marie Ampère, Alessandro Volta?
scientific measurements - physicists
30. Who composed *Cavalleria Rusticana*?
31. What Chicago lawyer was counsel for John Thomas Scopes in the Tennessee evolution case at Dayton?

32. What is Islam? *an religion (Muslims)*
33. What is The Bronx? *Section of N.Y.C.*
34. Who wrote *The Last of the Mohicans*? *Cooper*
35. For what words do the initials "e.g." stand? *for example*
36. Who commanded the English fleet at the Battle of Trafalgar? *Nelson*
37. With what organization are William and Evangeline Booth identified? *nurses*
38. What is the Latin derivation of the word Fascism? *fasci*
39. Who wrote *The Idylls of the King*? *Chaucer*
40. What prominent New York banker heads the board of directors of the Metropolitan Opera House?
41. What is meant by "The Old Lady of Threadneedle Street"?
42. What promontory near Spain belongs to England? *Gibraltar*
43. What Roman procurator held office in Judea at the time of the crucifixion of Jesus? *Pontius Pilatus*
44. What is a bittern? *bird*
45. The dynasty of what existing empire claims an unbroken reign of twenty-six centuries? *British Japanese*
46. Name the mayor of Seattle who settled the general strike in that city in February, 1919.
47. Who wrote *The Waverley Novels*? *Sir Walter Scott*
48. Who said: "I purpose to fight it out on this line, if it takes all summer"?
49. What phantom ship may be seen off the Cape of Good Hope in stormy weather?
50. What Spanish city and what Syrian city were famous for the quality of the steel weapons which they manufactured?

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER THREE

DOROTHY PARKER was formerly on the editorial staff of *Vogue* and *Vanity Fair* and is a frequent contributor of prose and verse to current periodicals.

Dorothy Parker 82

William T. Tilden II 78

WILLIAM T. TILDEN II., six times winner of the U. S. tennis title and perennial defender of the Davis Cup, extends his activities to the fields of literature and the stage.

1. What is the oldest college in the United States? *Kennedy*
2. What American humorist has attained the greatest international fame? *Mark Twain*
3. What language is used by the largest number of people? *My Chinese*
4. What little girl was nearly devoured by a wolf which impersonated her grandmother? *Little Red Riding Hood*
5. From what is linen made? *Linen*
6. Who wrote *Lord Jim*? *Joseph Conrad*
7. What is Hammerfest? *City in Norway*
8. What have the following in common: Marcella Sembrich, Olive Fremstad, Emmy Destinn, Johanna Gadschi, Rosa Ponselle? *All opera singers*
9. Who founded the Mormon Church and in what city is its headquarters? *Mormonism, Salt Lake City*
10. Who said: "We have met the enemy and they are ours"? *William Tell*
11. What name is given to an era in Greek history famous for its achievements in science and the arts? *Golden Age*
12. What Stuart king of England was beheaded? *Charles I*
13. What is a group of different atoms called? *Mixture*

14. Who composed *Robin Hood*?
15. What slang name was given to cattle thieves in the early days of the American west?
16. Who wrote *The Raven*?
17. What are the "Thirty-nine Articles"?
18. What was Woodrow Wilson's vocation before he became Governor of New Jersey?
19. What is a "common carrier"?
20. Give within five days the shortest time in which man has encircled the globe. *80 days*
21. What two bodies of water does the Suez Canal connect?
22. What member of the American expedition into Mexico in pursuit of Pancho Villa attained the greatest distinction in the World War?
23. For what is the steamship *Baden-Baden*, constructed by Captain Anton Flettner, famous?
24. What was the "South Sea Bubble"? *a shipping swindle*
25. What is the capital of Australia?
26. Who is the author of *Peter Pan*?
27. What is the full name of the railroad commonly referred to as the Santa Fé? ~~Santa Fe~~
28. What city in the Netherlands has given its name to a kind of china-ware?
29. What is the name given to those ancient epic poems which form the traditions of the Scandinavian races?
30. What is "fiat money"?
31. What great Jewish leader was found amongst the bulrushes of the Nile by Pharaoh's daughter?
32. In what countries are the following monetary units used: [a] rupee, [b] guilder, [c] shilling, [d] peseta? *197*
Noth England

33. What was "The Philosopher's Stone"?
34. During whose reign did William Ewart Gladstone serve England as Prime Minister? *Queen Victoria*
35. With which of the arts is Joseph Haydn identified? *Music*
36. Who wrote *The Story of Mankind*? *Lincoln Steffens*
37. What is said to be the longest non-scientific word in the English language?
38. What city in Spain is famous for its leather?
39. What are Igorotes?
40. Distinguish between [a] Noah Webster and [b] Daniel Webster. *Senator*
41. What product is advertised by the slogan: "It floats"?
42. What are onomatopoeic words? *words which sound like meaning BZZZ*
43. What was the sin and punishment of Lot's wife?
44. In warfare, what is a mortar?
45. What have the following in common: Henri Bergson, Voltaire, René Descartes? *pro-revolution writers - political*
46. Who wrote *To Have and To Hold*? *Scotsman*
47. Why are most canal boats still drawn by mules rather than propelled by machinery?
48. What is a fjord? *A LAKE EXTENDING INTO LAND*
49. What is the national anthem of [a] England, [b] the United States, [c] France, [d] Germany? *God Save the King*
50. What German count aided materially in the development of lighter-than-air flying machines? *Count von Zeppelin*

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER FOUR

HERBERT BAYARD SWOPE is the executive editor of the *New York World*.

Herbert Bayard Swope..... 95

John Erskine 88

JOHN ERSKINE, the author of *The Private Life of Helen of Troy* and *Galabad*, is professor of English literature at Columbia University.

1. How often is a U. S. national census taken? *10 years*
2. Who were the Anzacs?
3. Of what magazine is Henry Louis Mencken editor?
4. What is the Rosetta stone? *History that caught the old*
5. In what game is a "pawn" used? *chess*
6. In banking, what is collateral? *a bartering method - a token until a debt is paid*
7. Who was the first Christian emperor of Rome?
8. What great city was once known as Byzantium?
9. What is the hardest natural substance known? *diamond*
10. Who is the conductor of the Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra? *Leonard Bernstein*
11. For whom did who spread out his cloak over a mud puddle? *Sir Walter Raleigh for Queen Elizabeth I*
12. In the World War, what country was served by the Foreign Legion? *France*
13. In what naval disaster did wireless telegraphy first play an important part in the work of rescue?
14. Who wrote *The Outline of History*? *Hells*
15. In what countries are the following lakes located: [a] Lucerne, [b] Lomond? *a. switz b. Scotland*

16. How did Joshua, Moses's successor, break down the walls of Jericho?
With a trumpet
17. What well-known American boxer has had his nose remodeled by plastic surgery? *about 2 zillion by now*
18. Who were the traditional enemies [a] of the ancient Greeks, [b] of modern Greece? *Turks*
19. What is the derivation of the word "alphabet"?
20. Give within five years the date of the composition of *La Marseillaise*.
21. Give within ten years the date of the composition of *The Star-Spangled Banner*. *1813*
22. What product is advertised by the slogan: "Keep that school-girl complexion"? *Norel Ivory Soap*
23. What river is known as "The Father of Waters"? *Mississippi*
24. Who "cut the Gordian knot"?
25. What two Italian women of noble birth are reputed to have poisoned a number of people? *The Borgias*
26. Who is Mack Sennett?
27. Who wrote both *Jeeves* and *Leave it to Psmith*?
28. What one man has frequently [a] appeared in Gilbert and Sullivan operas, [b] recited *Casey at the Bat*, [c] married?
29. Where is the Tyrol?
30. The queen of what country paid a visit to King Solomon?
31. What and where is the Bois de Boulogne?
32. To whom, for want of exact information, is the authorship of the *Odyssey* generally attributed? *Homer*
33. What is the common origin of the words *czar* and *kaiser*?
34. What have the following in common: Gustave Flaubert, Remy de Gourmont, Théophile Gautier, Paul Bourget, Emile Zola?
FRENCH REALIST WRITERS
35. With what does the science of acoustics deal? *Music*

36. Who was the Roman goddess of Love and Beauty? *Aphrodite*.....
37. Who is Tetravini?.....
38. Who wrote *The Age of Innocence*? *E. Wharton*.....
39. Give within one degree the average normal temperature of the human body. *98.6*.....
40. Peace negotiations at Portsmouth, New Hampshire, instigated by President Roosevelt, ended what war between world powers?.....
1895 - Japanese War
41. Who said: "There never was a good war or a bad peace"?.....
42. What famous composer, a contemporary of Napoleon, became deaf?.....
Beethoven
43. What is a geyser? *a spouting of hot water*.....
44. From what document is the following quoted: "... to determine whether that nation, or any nation, so conceived and so dedicated, can long endure"? *Constitution*..... *G. Address*
45. Where do Hottentots live?.....
46. Who wrote *The Bluebird*? *Maxwell Anderson*.....
47. What have the words [a] *gauche* and [b] *sinister* in common?.....
BOTH MEAN "LEFT"
48. Who coined the adjective "bromidic"? *Aphrodite*.....
49. What is the latitude and longitude of the North Pole? *90°*.....
50. What Scotch engineer gave his name to a type of road?.....

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER FIVE

GRAHAM MCNAMEE, of W E A F, is widely known as a radio announcer. He is the author of *You're on the Air*.

Graham McNamee 78

Ernest Boyd 72

ERNEST BOYD, critic and scholar, is the author of *Studies in Nine Literatures*, *Studies in Ten Literatures*, *Guy de Maupassant*, and other books.

.....
.....
.....

1. What is Scotland Yard? *London Metropolitan Police*
2. What African fly carries the germ of sleeping-sickness? *Tsetse Fly*
3. What allowance is made for the traveling expenses of the President of the United States? *Twenty thousand dollars*
4. What is a debenture bond? *Unsecured bond*
5. Who edited the Louisville *Courier-Journal* for over half a century? *James B. McNeely*
6. What have the following in common: Gerhart Hauptmann, Hermann Sudermann, Arthur Schnitzler? *German dramatists*
7. Who wrote *The Virginian*? *Lawrence Sanders*
8. Who wrote *The Virginians*? *John G. Saxe*
9. Name the Mohammedan Bible. *Koran*
10. Who said: "I would rather be right than president"? *Abraham Lincoln*
11. Of what was Alfred Dreyfus, of the famous "Dreyfus Case," accused? *Spying*
12. What is an albino? *Person with white skin*
13. Name the six wars in which the United States has participated. *1812, 1846, 1898, 1900, 1917, 1941*
14. Who wrote both *Scaramouche* and *Captain Blood*? *Rudyard Kipling*
15. What is the French equivalent of a jingo or junker? *Colon*

- ✓ 16. What famous adventurer and writer escaped from the Doges' Palace in Venice? *Marco Polo*
17. What is "The Golden Gate"? *San Francisco*
18. Who was the Roman god of war? *Mars*
19. What is amber? *Mineral*
- ✓ 20. Who is the dramatic critic of *Life*? *Walter Schreckel*
21. What famous library of ancient times was burned during a Roman invasion? *Alexandrian*
22. What is the name of the yacht of the President of the United States? *Mayflower*
23. What character in the *Thousand and One Nights'* Entertainment outwitted two-score thieves? *Ali Baba*
24. Who wrote *Gunga Din*? *Rudyard Kipling*
25. Name one of the two great sacred rivers of India. *Ganges*
26. In what country was golf developed? *Scotland*
- ✓ 27. Give the next line after: "Much have I traveled in the realms of gold" *God-questing*
28. What is manna? *Food*
- ✓ 29. Who said: "England expects every man to do his duty"? *Tennyson*
30. What is an internal combustion motor?
31. How many U. S. senators are there? *96*
32. What was the popular war-cry of the Americans during the Spanish-American War? *Remember the Maine*
33. Who was generally regarded as America's arch-slacker during the World War? *Samuel Clemens*
34. Who was the "Maid of Orleans"? *Jeanne d'Arc*
35. What is a bireme? *Two-masted galley*
36. How many disciples accompanied Jesus? *12*
37. What is the subject of the poem, *Die Lorelei*? *Rhinestone*
- ✓ 38. What famous philosopher, a friend of Richard Wagner, became estranged from the latter after the writing of *Parsifal*? *Panitz*

39. What have the following in common: Fragonard, Greuze, Ingres, Chardin, Watteau? *Painters*
40. What product is advertised by the slogan: "Ask the man who owns one"? *Richard*
41. What country was ruled by the Emperor Maximilian? *Mexico*
42. Who said: "All Gaul is divided into three parts"? *Caesar*
43. What are meant by "Mother Carey's Chickens"? *Sea-gulls*
- ✓ 44. Who created the character of Hashimura Togo?
45. How are the majority of the cadets at West Point and Annapolis chosen? *Admission & appointment*
46. What is Bedloe's Island, in New York harbor, noted for?
47. Name the two great mountain ranges of the United States. *Appalachians - Rocky*
48. What is "Big Ben"? *Clock in Parliament*
49. What was the name of King Arthur's queen? *Guinevere*
50. In what state is the Great Salt Lake? *Utah*

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER SIX

ROBERT E. SHERWOOD is the editor of *Life* and also writes *The Silent Drama* department of that magazine.

Robert E. Sherwood..... 88

John B. Watson..... 61

JOHN BROADUS WATSON is the leading authority in the modern school of psychology known as "Behaviorism," and the author of many books on the subject.

1. What officer of the U. S. Marine Corps was granted a leave of absence in order to "clean up" Philadelphia?.....
2. Who is the hero of *The Odyssey*?..... HOMER ODYSSEUS
3. What Danish king of England is said to have been told by his courtiers that he could keep the tide from rising?.....
4. Who painted *The Angelus*?.....
5. Who draws [a] *Mutt and Jeff*, [b] *Bringing up Father*?.....
6. Under what circumstances did who write *The Star-Spangled Banner*?
..... Francis Smith to rescue D. Be
7. Who succeeded Jess Willard as the world's heavy-weight boxing champion?
8. What unusual weapon did Samson use in a fight against the Philistines?
9. What is garlic?.....
10. Name any unit of linear surveyors' measure.....
11. What state in the United States has the longest coast-line?.....
12. Who wrote *Spoon River Anthology*?.....
13. What is the generic name of the Chinese organizations which sporadically indulge in guerilla warfare against each other?.....
14. What name has been given to the day on which Jesus was crucified?
..... Easter

15. What U. S. Army officer, by his outspoken criticism since the war, has focussed attention on the condition of the Army air service?
.....
16. What Australian opera singer adopted and adapted the name of her birthplace as her pseudonym?
.....
17. What have the following in common: Justinian, Vespasian, Diocletian, Hadrian, Trajan? ROMAN EMPERORS
.....
18. Who is Robert Frost? A English Poet
.....
19. What is the Sorbonne? UNIVERSITY IN FRANCE
.....
20. Where are the following buried: [a] Washington, [b] Lincoln, [c] Grant? St. Paul, Springfield, Ill.
.....
21. What city was once known as "The Bride of the Adriatic"?
.....
22. What product is advertised by the slogan: "What a whale of a difference just a few cents make!"?
.....
23. Who wrote *The Aeneid*? ~~Horace~~ VERGIL
.....
24. Who is the author of *Three Weeks*?
.....
25. What is a pogrom? a purge, massacre
.....
26. What famous character in modern fiction lived in Baker Street, London? Sherlock Holmes
.....
27. What two great cities of Japan were greatly damaged in the September, 1923, earthquake?
.....
28. In what year did the French Revolution begin? 1792
.....
29. What Russian monk exercised great influence at the Imperial Court through his friendship with the Czarina? RASPUTIN
.....
30. Who is the leading authority in the modern school of psychology known as "Behaviorism"? B.F. SKINNER
.....
31. What is the name generally given to the plan for controlling German reparation payments?
.....
32. What is meant by the term "an Admirable Crichton"?
.....
33. Who wrote *Jurgen*? W. Somerset Maugham
.....

34. How was Pompeii destroyed? *By a volcano*
35. What are anchovies? *Small fish*
36. Give within fifty years Methusaleh's age when he died. *1000*
37. What group of men are known as "leathernecks"? *WWI Marines*
38. Who was the Greek god of time? *Cronos*
39. In banking, what is a clearing house? *Where checks are cashed*
40. Who were the carpet-baggers? *NORTHERN OPPORTUNISTS POST-BELLUM*
41. What is another name for the "Northern Lights"? *Aurora*
42. Who wrote *Ruggles of Red Gap*? *Harriet Beecher Stowe*
43. What group of women guarded a sacred and ever-burning fire in ancient Rome? *VESTAL VIRGINS*
44. What is the meaning of the Latin expression *in toto*? *entirely*
45. What nationally known local festival is held annually in New Orleans? *Mardi Gras*
46. How was Elijah carried up to heaven? *by a whirlwind*
47. What agnostic wrote both *Common Sense* and *The Age of Reason*? *THOMAS PAINE*
48. Of what country was Queen Liliuokalani once ruler? *Hawaii*
49. Give the line after: "I am the master of my fate:" *I am the captain of my soul*
50. What is the capital of the Irish Free State? *Dublin*

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER SEVEN

FREDERIC LINCOLN THOMPSON is professor of history at Amherst College.

Frederic Lincoln Thompson 86

RUTH HALE is a feminist and author and the President of the Lucy Stone League.

Ruth Hale 78

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.....
.....

1. Who was Croesus? *Richest of 1st Roman triumvirate*
2. What magazine conducts a department in each issue known as "The Lexicographer's Easy Chair"?
3. Who writes stories involving "Tutt" and "Mr. Tutt"?
4. What is the symbol of the best-known Italian secret society in the United States? *a kiss on the cheek though not anywhere*
5. What is a pilaster?
6. In what religions are the following places of worship used: [a] mosque, [b] synagogue, [c] pagoda, [d] cathedral?
b) Jewish c) Chinese d) R. Catholic e) Mohammedian
7. Who was President of Mexico from 1884 to 1911?
8. What is an alloy? *a metal component combined into a mixture*
9. What city is built on seven hills? *Rome*
10. Grant Park Municipal Stadium, with a seating capacity of 100,000, is the largest stadium in the United States. Where is it located?
11. Who was Horace Mann? *PHILANTHROPIST*
12. What is the meaning of the Spanish word *mañana*? *TOMORROW*
13. Name three of the "Seven Wonders" of the ancient world.
Pyramids Colossus at Rhodes Statue of Zeus
14. Who painted *The Laughing Cavalier*? *FRANS HALS*

15. How was Saint Sebastian killed? ARROWS
16. What is the "Blue Grass State"? Kentucky
17. Give the next line after: "Half a league, half a league, half a league onward,"
18. At the outbreak of the World War, who was the U. S. Ambassador to France?
19. What is the capital of India? CH
20. Who wrote *The Adventures of Sherlock Holmes*?
21. Who was the father of Alexander the Great?
22. What forms the basis of law in Louisiana?
23. Why is the Garden of Gethsemane remembered? JESUS SPENT HIS LAST NIGHT THERE
24. How did Commander Zachary Lansdowne lose his life?
25. What are the pygmies and where does a race of pygmies live?
26. Who was Emperor of France during the Franco-Prussian War in 1870?
27. Who wrote *The Bright Shawl*?
28. What Hebrew prophet was cast into a den of lions and escaped unscathed? DANIEL
29. What famous actor was brother to an assassin? J.W. BOSTON
30. Of what country were the following once rulers: Darius, Xerxes, Cyrus, Cambyses?
31. What expert magician and defier of locks was also an exposé of fake spiritualistic mediums? HODDINI, STUPID!
32. Who wrote *Ode to a Skylark*? Shelley
33. What is a pariah? an outcast
34. In what general section of the United States was land acquired through the "Gadsden Purchase"?
35. What product is advertised by the slogan: "Eventually, why not now?"

36. What was the distinguishing physical characteristic of Medusa?.....
She had snakes on her head instead of hair.
37. Give the next line after: "I shot an arrow into the air." *There it came*
38. Is Iceland a sovereign state?.....
39. Give within two years the number of years in which a sum of money
 will double at 4% interest, compounded annually. *10 years*
40. What is a sinecure?.....
41. With what field of literature were Sophocles, Euripides and Æschylus
 all identified? *Gr. tragedy*
42. Who is known as "The Liberator of South America"?... *Bolívar*
43. In Greek mythology, what giant bore the universe upon his shoul-
 ders? *Atlas*
44. What modern sculptor has modeled busts of Woodrow Wilson and
 other leaders of the Allies?.....
45. Give within fifty thousand the authorized strength, in enlisted men,
 of the regular army of the United States.
46. What is the significance of Appomattox Court House in American
 history?
47. Name the federal act which makes monopolies in restraint of trade
 illegal. *SHERMAN ANTI-TRUST*
48. What are carnivora? *meat-eaters*
49. Who was the author of *Poor Richard's Almanac*? *Benjamin Franklin*
50. What is a French "seventy-five"?..... *75 mm. rifle*

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER EIGHT

FRANKLIN PIERCE ADAMS ("F. P. A."), humorist, author and editor, is probably best known as conductor of the column, *The Conning Tower*.

Franklin P. Adams..... 90

Donald Born..... 86

DONALD BORN is a member of the English Department of the faculty of Northwestern University.

1. What two of the most famous film stars are married to each other?....
Liz Taylor + Richard Burton
2. Who gave away more money than any other Scotchman who ever lived? *Andrew Carnegie*
3. For what purpose does "Pussyfoot" Johnson pussyfoot?
4. Who said: "Give me Liberty or give me death!"? *Patrick Henry*
5. The pre-Raphaelite school of art flourished in what century? *14th*
6. What biblical king of Babylon went mad and ate grass?
7. What is a boomerang? *A CURVED STICK WHICH IS USED IN AUS*
8. What is the largest lake in North America? *SUPERIOR* ILIN
9. Between what countries were the Punic Wars fought?....
Carthage - Rome
10. Who was the author of both *Peter Ibbetson* and *Trilby*?
11. What is the Mohammedan name for the Supreme Being? *MUHAMMAD*
12. Of what British possession is Wellington the capital?
13. Who said: "We must all hang together, or assuredly we will all hang separately"? *BENJAMIN FRANKLIN*
14. For whom was the month of July named? *Julius Caesar*
15. What picturesque figure in the early history of the Western frontier later appeared in a traveling show which bore his name? *Buffalo Bill*

16. Give the next line after: "It is an ancient mariner,"
17. Who was Florence Nightingale? *The woman who nursed*
18. What is the English equivalent of the Latin expression *sine qua non*?
19. Who is the present ruler of Belgium?
20. Name the longest river in Alaska. *Yukon*
21. What have the following in common: [a] Franklin Pierce Adams, [b] Heywood Broun, [c] Jay E. House, [d] Ted Robinson, [e] Jake Falstaff, [f] Keith Preston, [g] Edward Hope, [h] H. I. Phillips? *They were all writers*
22. Who sculptured *Civic Virtue*, the statue in City Hall Park, New York City?
23. What famous author was once a pilot on a river steamer? *Mark Twain*
24. For what is the Church of the Rosary at Lourdes famous?
25. Name the king of Sparta who defended the pass at Thermopylae against the Persian army in 480 B. C.
26. What is a "statute of limitation"?
27. What type of books did G. A. Henty write?
28. Who invented the incandescent electric lamp? *T. A. Edison*
29. Give within 10% the par value in American currency of [a] the English pound, [b] the French franc, [c] the Italian lira.
30. What is a hangar? *A place where a plane is kept*
31. Give the next line after: "And what is so rare as a day in June?"
32. Who is the Chief Justice of the United States? *Dean Ross*
33. What is peat? *A type of cheap coal*
34. What magazine conducts a department in each issue known as "Americana"?

35. What is man's principal source of ivory? *Elephant*
36. What is meant by the Latin expression *de mortuis nil nisi bonum*?
.....
37. What positions in baseball did the following play: [a] Frank Chance, [b] Chief Bender? *1st base*
38. Who wrote *Auld Lang Syne*? *Robert Burns*
39. What actress is frequently associated with the leading roles in *Peter Pan*, *Chantecler*, *What Every Woman Knows*? *Mary Martin*
40. In what famous work does this line occur: "Something is rotten in the state of Denmark"? *Hamlet*
41. Who was Martin Luther King? *Negro*
42. What product is advertised by the slogan: "Hasn't scratched yet"?
.....
43. Who composed *Madama Butterfly*?
.....
44. What form of existing national government stands for governmental organization along economic lines?
.....
45. What was Cerberus? *3-headed dog guarding entrance to Hell*
46. Whose offices are at No. 10 Downing Street? *Sherlock Holmes*
47. Give within 20 years the date when Standard Time was adopted in the United States.
.....
48. *The Rime of the Ancient Mariner* revolves about the killing of what bird? *ALBATROSS*
49. Who said: "Our country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong"?
Robert H.
50. Who "crossed the Rubicon"? *Caesar*

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER NINE

JOHN FARRAR is the editor of *The Bookman* and the author of several books of poetry and criticism.

John Farrar 82

Neysa McMein 72

NEYSA McMEIN, artist, specializes in magazine-cover designs. During the War, she made numerous posters for both the United States and France.

1. Why is the village of Oberammergau, Bavaria, internationally known?
2. Who composed *Lobengrin*?
3. What is a calory? *Something Scattering*
4. Who was the chairman of the committee appointed to draft the Declaration of Independence?
5. Who was considered Woodrow Wilson's greatest friend and advisor?
6. What product is advertised by the slogan: "Have you a little . . . in your home?"?
7. What symbols are used in the Roman system of arithmetical notation for [a] 1, [b] 5, [c] 10, [d] 50, [e] 100, [f] 500, [g] 1000?
I, V, X, L, C, D, M
8. Who wrote *The Vision of Sir Launfal*?
9. Who is the "gloomy dean" of St. Paul's? *Hunchback, THE BIRD WOMAN*
10. With what field of commercial activity are the following mainly identified: [a] S. S. Kresge, [b] Otto Kahn, [c] the Guggenheims?
5-10¢ stores
11. Give within five miles the length of the longest recorded cannon shot.

12. What have the following in common: margrave, wazir, bey, cham, hetman?
13. Name the play in which Jeanne Eagels played the part of Sadie Thompson.
14. What is the chief advantage of using helium gas rather than hydrogen gas in airships? *H₂ mixed with air blows up*
15. Did the Delphic oracle give precise instructions to those who consulted it? *No*
16. Who said: "Perdicaris alive, or Raisuli dead!"?
17. Who was Edith Cavell? *a nurse*
18. What is Nippon? *same poor guy got hit in war*
19. What epic poem deals with the subject of the Trojan War? *Iliad*
20. What have the following in common: John Singleton Copley, Benjamin West, Gilbert Charles Stuart, Winslow Homer, Charles Wilson Peale? *Painters*
21. Name two calendars used by western European nations since the time of Julius Cæsar.
22. Who composed *Rigoletto*?
23. What is the outstanding difference between a schooner and a sloop?
24. What German philosopher is responsible for the phrase: "The categorical imperative"?
25. Are there more red stripes or white stripes on the American flag? *REP*
26. What cape on the Atlantic coast of the United States is most famous for its storms? *CAPE HOPE*
27. How many is a baker's dozen? *13*
28. Who was the German ambassador to the United States prior to our declaration of war with Germany?
29. What is an iconoclast? *one who does not worship*
30. Who wrote *Black Oxen*? *Lincoln* *L. M. Black*

31. The names of what two men are intimately connected with exploration in the interior of Africa? Livingstone - Stanley
32. Give the next line after: "It was many and many a year ago,"
33. What was Armageddon?
34. What is a flying buttress? Arch used in Gothic architecture
35. From what two plants does most of our sugar come? BETTER SUGAR
36. What two men, each representing a major political party, ran three times unsuccessfully for the presidency of the United States?
37. In music, what is an octave?
38. Who were Hero and Leander?
39. In political parlance, what is "log-rolling"? stalling
40. What city is sometimes known as "Auld Reekie"?
41. Who composed *Faust*?
42. What nation should come to mind when each of the following is mentioned; [a] Chow mein, [b] haggis, [c] vodka, [d] saké?
CHINA TURKEY RUSSIA JAPAN
43. What is a *de facto* government?
44. Give the next line after: "Should auld acquaintance be forgot,"
AND NEVER BROUGHT TO MIND
45. What is a muezzin?
46. What French author of the nineteenth century is generally considered to be the master of short-story writing? de MAUPASSANT
47. What German general wrote *Germany and the Next War*?
48. In what part of Ireland is Ulster?
49. What book describes the appearance and habits of the Lilliputians and the Brobdingnagians? GULLIVER'S TRAVELS
50. How many high tides are there in a week?

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TEN

HENRY SEIDEL CANBY, editor of the *Saturday Review of Literature*, is professor of English Literature at Yale University.

WALDO E. PALMER was formerly connected with the History Department of Wellesley College.

Henry Seidel Canby..... 90

Waldo E. Palmer..... 82

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.....

1. Who is generally regarded as the arch-traitor of American history?
BENEDICT ARNOLD.....
2. What valuable picture, stolen from the Louvre in 1911, was returned two years later?.....
- ✓ 3. Name the writer who won the Pulitzer prize for the best American novel published during 1925, and later refused the prize.....
4. To what country do Alsace and Lorraine now belong?.....
5. What do the initials "K.C.B." after an Englishman's name stand for?
.....
6. In police circles, what is meant by the "third degree"?.....
7. Who was Ann Hathaway?.....
8. Who wrote *Seventeen*?.....
9. Who were the Guelphs and Ghibellines?.....
10. What is Cathay?.....
11. What two great prelates of the fourth century held violently contradictory views on the subject of the creed of the Christian church?
.....
12. From what country did Columbus sail to America?.....
13. What Greek physicist, while in his bath, cried "Eureka!" upon discovering a means of testing the amount of alloy in King Hiero's crown?
ARCHIMEDES

14. What product is advertised by the slogan: "A skin you love to touch"?
15. In what part of what continent is open country referred to as the *veldt*?
16. What is the highest mountain in Western Europe?
17. What was Achilles' vulnerable spot and why was it vulnerable?
18. What kind of rock is woven into cloth, and why?
19. *The Chocolate Soldier* is a musical version of what play by George Bernard Shaw? *Equus*
20. Who wrote *The Wealth of Nations*?
21. What is the chief distinguishing feature of the planet Saturn?
large rings
22. What is the unit of weight used in weighing precious stones?
23. What is "the Escorial"?
24. What is the Democratic political organization in New York City called?
25. What famous conductor, once at the Metropolitan, later at Buenos Aires, has recently been at La Scala, Milan?
26. Give the next line after: "All the world's a stage,"
27. What are sponges? *small animals at the bottom of the sea*
28. What woman caused Joseph to be cast into prison?
29. With what field of commercial activity are the following mainly identified: [a] Selfridge, [b] Rhodes, [c] Lipton? *(c) soap*
30. Across what river is the Assouan Dam? *NILE*
31. What eloquent Brooklyn divine was a brother of the author of *Uncle Tom's Cabin*?
32. During whose reign did Shakespeare write *Venus and Adonis*?

33. What is guerrilla warfare?.....
34. Parse this sentence: John hit George. THE BEATLES ARE SEPARATING! John / hit / George.....
35. Who wrote *Damaged Goods*? ~~LENN~~ LEEK E. HOW.....
36. What have the following in common: David Starr Jordan, Arthur Twining Hadley, Alexander Meiklejohn?.....
37. What is the meaning of "K.C." in British courts of law?.....
38. Why are the edges of gold and silver coins milled?.....
39. Who has been called "The Wizard of Menlo Park"?.....
40. What is meant by "Romance languages"?.....
41. Who wrote *The Jungle Book*? Kipling.....
42. Is dynamite detonated by ignition or percussion?.....
43. Who composed *Carmen*? BIZET.....
44. What literary member of the French Academy died in 1924?.....
45. Who has been called "The Salesman of the British Empire"?.....
46. What is the origin of the expression "to be a Jonah"?.....
47. In what years was the war between the United States and Mexico?.....
48. Who wrote *Romola*?.....
49. What is inter-stellar space supposed to be filled with?.....
50. The Speaker of the House of Representatives, Nicholas Longworth, married the daughter of a president. Who was she?.....

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER ELEVEN

EDWARD HOPE succeeded Don Marquis as columnist on the New York *Herald Tribune* and conducts *The Lantern*.

Edward Hope 78

Milt Gross 70

MILT GROSS, the author of *Nize Baby* and *Hiawatta*, is a cartoonist and humorist on the New York *World*.

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1. What is the traditional cause of the Chicago fire? *Convicted men*
2. Who wrote *The Barrier*? *Ret Beach*
3. What gas which animals exhale do plants utilize? *Carbon dioxide*
4. Explain the difference between an agnostic and an atheist. *an atheist denies religion - an agnostic does not accept any set religion*
5. Who was John Huss?
6. What man, proprietor of "the greatest show on earth," is credited with having said: "There's one born every minute"? *Parnell*
7. What phrase, used as an eleventh-hour campaign cry, is held largely responsible for the defeat of James G. Blaine in the presidential election of 1884?
8. To what does the adjective "Attic" refer?
9. How did Bassanio win Portia?
10. Who invented the phonograph? *Edison*
11. Give the next line after: "'Shoot, if you must, this old gray head,' "
12. Of the rivers which bound the United States, which bounds it for the greatest number of miles? *Rio Grande*
13. Who wrote *This Side of Paradise*? *Edith Wharton*
14. What American artist who died in 1925 did many pictures on the subject of prize-fighting? *Willie Post*

15. Who was the "Wild Bull of the Pampas"? *Tipu*
16. What banking house handled the financial organization of the U. S. Steel Corporation? *Morgan*
17. What famous Carthaginian and his son were great generals? *Hannibal*
18. Who was Eugene Sandow? *Professor sand*
19. What American theatrical production holds the record for consecutive performances? *My Darling Clementine*
20. What is the significance of the Latin expression *caveat emptor*? *Let the buyer go*
21. What was the date of Paul Revere's ride? *April 18, 1775*
22. Who were the Romanoffs? *Russian royal family*
23. The name of what Italian writer and statesman personifies unscrupulous intriguing? *Machiavelli*
24. What is the economic importance of the Saar Basin?
25. Who sponsored the federal law which interprets the 18th amendment? *Volstead*
26. What is the literal meaning of the word "dirigible"? *BLIMP*
27. How many books are there in the King James version of [a] the Old Testament, [b] the New Testament? *39 (23)*
28. Who was the last Emperor of Russia? *Czar Nicholas*
29. What are the largest trees in the world? *Redwoods*
30. In what city was Madame Tussaud's Exhibition (of wax-work figures) located? *London*
31. Who is Feodor Chaliapin? *Opera star*
32. What adjectives of color have been applied to the following: [a] the Tiber, [b] the Danube? *Yellow Blue*
33. Whose three terms as Lord Mayor of London were prophesied by the Bow bells? *Rick Whittington*
34. What is a ship's log?

35. What heroine of Boccaccio and Chaucer is noted for her patient obedience to her husband?.....
36. What product is advertised by the slogan: "I'se in town, honey"?
..... Aunt Jemima pancake flour
37. What Dutch cartoonist probably had the greatest influence among the Allied nations during the World War?.....
38. Who wrote *Pilgrim's Progress*?..... Bunyan
39. Who said: "Some are born great, some achieve greatness, and some have greatness thrust upon 'em"?..... Shakespeare
40. From what book is the following a quotation: "All with one voice for about two hours cried out, 'Great is Diana of the Ephesians' "?
.....
41. What is the origin of the word "sybarite"?.....
42. In what state is the greater part of Yellowstone National Park?
..... Wyoming
43. What is the meaning of the Latin expression *Ave atque vale*?.....
..... Goodbye
44. How many teeth constitute a complete normal adult set?..... 32
45. What is the Lucy Stone League?..... Waidau Stone League
46. What is the title of a long poem by Tennyson written in memory of a friend?..... ~~Hamlet~~
47. In what opera is the *Toreador Song* sung?..... Carmen
48. Complete the following quotation: "Render therefore unto Cæsar the things which are Cæsar's," unto God
49. Who wrote *Certain People of Importance*?..... Walter Hume
50. Who was chiefly responsible for the development of wireless telegraphy?..... Marconi

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWELVE

H. I. PHILLIPS, humorist and contributor to current magazines, conducts the column, *The Dial*, on the New York Sun.

H. I. Phillips.....	80
Vivian Tobin.....	70
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VIVIAN TOBIN, actress, has appeared in a number of Broadway productions, latest of which are *Apple Sauce* and *Just Life*.

1. What type of boat has been used in Venice for centuries? *gondola*
2. What university president edited a set of books containing a comprehensive group of the world's masterpieces in the fields of art, science, literature, etc.?
3. For what is the city of Dresden famous? *CHINA*
4. From what island in the West Indies does asphalt come?
5. What is usually meant by mufti?
6. What was the name of Robert Fulton's first steamship? *Clippers*
7. What is "The Eternal City"?
8. Who created the character of Penrod Schofield? *BOOTH TARKINGTON*
9. Who were the Argonauts?
10. At what battle did who say: "You may fire when ready, Gridley"?
11. What is sabotage?
12. Who composed *Humoresque*?
13. What product is advertised by the slogan: "Just a real good car"?
14. Who, when told that the poor in France had no bread, said: "Let them eat cake"? *Marie Antoinette*
15. What is the term of office of [a] a U. S. senator, [b] a representative?

16. What character in Shakespeare is best known popularly for his bibulous proclivities?.....
17. Who was the founder and organizer of the National Red Cross in the United States?..... *Clara Barton*
18. What is a tourniquet?.....
19. Give the next line after: "For men may come and men may go,"
.....
20. What bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church was deposed in 1925 after being found guilty of heretical teachings?.....
21. Who sculptured the *Lion of Lucerne*?.....
22. Give the next line after: "The curfew tolls the knell of parting day,"
.....
23. What is a hedonist?.....
24. What woman who was born in 1835 and died in 1916 was famous for making millions of dollars in Wall Street?.....
25. For what were battledores and shuttlecocks used?.....
26. Name the two varieties of snakes which grow to the largest size.
.....
27. What magazine editor, a naturalized American, wrote his own biography in the third person?.....
28. The tomb of what Egyptian ruler disclosed many archæological treasures when opened in 1922?..... *KING TUT*
29. Is Reinald Werrenrath a tenor, baritone or basso?..... *ALTO*
30. In the days of the Venetian Republic, what was "the Lion's Mouth"?
.....
31. Who publishes *The World Almanac*?.....
32. What is a synod?.....
33. What was the Edict of Nantes?.....
34. From what bug is a red dye obtained?.....
35. What is the full name of the railroad sometimes referred to as the "Katy"?

36. Who led the Jews out of Egyptian bondage? *MOSES*
37. What French engineer started the work on both the Suez and Panama canals?
38. What living Italian poet served with distinction as a military aviator during the World War?
39. With what field of commercial activity are the following mainly identified: [a] Andrew Carnegie, [b] Henry Clay Frick, [c] James J. Hill?
40. What is wampum? *It is Indian money.*
41. Who has won the U. S. National Women's Tennis championship seven times?
42. Of what is brass composed?
43. Who composed *William Tell*?
44. What brewer founded a woman's college?
45. Who wrote the *Essays of Elia*?
46. In papal history, what was "The Second Babylonish Captivity"?
47. What is the name given to the two periods each year when the length of the day and night is exactly equal, or almost exactly equal, all over the earth?
48. What famous pioneer woodsman is said to have been largely responsible for the opening up of Kentucky? *Daniel Boone*
49. What great poet included in one of his works a "catalogue of ships"?
50. What was Flanders? *A city in Holland*

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER THIRTEEN

BRUCE BARTON, president of the advertising firm of Barton, Durstine and Osborn, is the author of *The Man Nobody Knows* and *The Book Nobody Knows*.

ARTHUR TWINING HADLEY is President Emeritus of Yale University and an authority in the field of political science and economics.

Bruce Barton 94

Arthur Twining Hadley 90

1. By what body of men is the Pope elected?
2. Who was Marco Polo?
3. According to Shakespeare, what were Julius Cæsar's dying words?
"Not you too, Brutus!"
4. Where is the Liberty Bell now located? *Philadelphia*
5. Name the composers of the two wedding marches most frequently used.
6. What is a vitamine? *ONE A DAY*
7. Where is the Sahara Desert?
8. What products are advertised by the slogan: "57 varieties"?
9. Who wrote *Antony and Cleopatra*?
10. Who wrote *Cæsar and Cleopatra*?
11. Who created the character of J. Rufus Wallingford?
12. Give the last names of these American illustrators: James Montgomery [a] *Walt*, Howard Chandler [b] *Christy*, Charles Dana [c], Harrison [d] *Cady*
13. Who were the Druids?
14. In which sex does color-blindness greatly predominate? *Women*
15. What did Italian painters call pictures in which the Virgin Mary was the central figure?

16. Who were the Cyclopes?.....
17. At what battle did who say: "Damn the torpedoes, go ahead!"?
.....
18. Give the next line after: "'Twas the night before Christmas, when
all through the house" *Not a creature was stirring*
19. Distinguish between a stalactite and a stalagmite.....
20. What is the modern name of the Hellespont?.....
21. What Italian wrote *The Life of Christ*?.....
22. What is the purpose of "Blue Sky" laws?.....
23. In what country is the Don River?.....
24. What is the family name of the reigning house of England?.....
25. With what field of commercial activity are the following mainly
identified: [a] Krupp, [b] Rothschild, [c] Citroën?.....
26. What Scandinavian is famous for his books of fairy tales?.....
27. What is the nautical term for the right side of a vessel, facing
forward?
28. What have the following in common: Aaron Burr, Horace Greeley,
General John C. Frémont and James G. Blaine? *They were all*.....
29. What is the derivation of the verb, "to vulcanize"?.....
.....
30. What was the Peloponnesus?.....
31. In 1906, what great catastrophe in the United States caused the loss
of a thousand lives and \$400,000,000 in property?.....
32. What is the origin of the term "scape-goat"?.....
33. Who wrote *The Winning of Barbara Worth*?.....
34. What is the distinguishing feature of a dum-dum bullet?.....
.....
35. What is verdigris?.....
36. What is usually meant by "the Quai d'Orsay"?.....
37. Who composed *The Unfinished Symphony*?.....
38. What is the basis of jurisprudence in Massachusetts?.....

39. What is a heliograph?.....
40. For what is the city of Heidelberg best known?.....
41. Around whom did a controversy rage as to whether a known "typhoid-carrier" should be segregated from general contact with other people?
42. What is the common name for sodium chloride?.....
43. What member of the cat family is used in India for hunting?
44. Who was Saint Francis of Assisi?.....
45. What is the name of the garment which cowboys wear over their trousers? *chaps*
46. In sailing, what is a sheet?.....
47. Give within two hundred years the date of the First Crusade.
48. Who wrote *The Scarlet Letter*? *Nathaniel Hawthorne*
49. What is "The Hub of the Universe"? *BOSTON*
50. What is the capital of Pennsylvania? *Harrisburg*

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER FOURTEEN

WILLIAM ROSE BENÉT is associate editor of the *Saturday Review of Literature* and the author of many books of poetry.

TOM POWERS has taken leading parts in many plays, including *Arms and the Man*, *The Man of Destiny*, *Love in a Mist*, and *White Wings*.

<i>William Rose Benét</i>	82
<i>Tom Powers</i>	80

1. In what city is each of the following: [a] the Vatican, [b] the Louvre? *Rome* *Paris*.....
2. What is the usual color of [a] sapphires, [b] rubies, [c] emeralds? *Blue* *Red* *Green*.....
3. What did God do to interrupt the building of the Tower of Babel?
4. In what play does Ophelia appear? *Hamlet*.....
5. What product is advertised by the slogan: "Ask Dad, he Knows"? *Washers*.....
6. Complete the line which begins: "This is the forest primeval." *Where the wild thyme blows*.....
7. Who were the "forty-niners"? *Gold miners*.....
8. On what river is Newcastle, England? *Tyne*.....
9. How did the gypsy moth get to America? *On a ship*.....
10. Who was known as England's Virgin Queen? *Elizabeth I*.....
11. Compliance with what traditional Irish custom is reputed to confer a pleasantly flattering tongue? *Drinking*.....
12. "As (what state?) goes, so goes the nation" in presidential elections. *California*.....
13. What is the American equivalent of an English billion? *A trillion*.....

14. What sensational football player, who later became a professional, wore the number "77" on his back throughout the 1925 season? For what college did he play?.....
15. Who is David Kinley?.....
16. What famous actress is a niece of John Drew? Nancy Drew
17. What is the story of *Enoch Arden*?.....
18. What is the oldest town in the United States? St. Augustine FL
19. Who had one hundred eyes, and what was done with these eyes after his death? Hercules guard, they were put on the peacock
20. What famous American author of the nineteenth century wrote chiefly of western mining life in the days following the Gold Rush? Pyton Thea
21. What is a metronome?.....
22. In ancient history, who were the Hellenes?.....
23. Toward what city do orthodox Mohammedans face when praying?.....
24. Who was Pierre Gustave Toutant Beauregard?.....
25. Who wrote both *The Crisis* and *Richard Carvel*?.....
26. What tree is frequently used as a symbol of rugged strength?.....
27. What is the origin of the word "guillotine"? A Dr. Guillotine invented the guillotine for a fast and painless way to get rid of French Revolutionists
28. Who were the Minnesingers?.....
29. What officer of the U. S. Navy opened Japan to foreign trade in 1854?.....
30. What is "the dismal science"?.....
31. Give the next line after: "Mine eyes have seen the glory of the coming of the Lord;".....
32. What ancient superstition is connected with St. Swithun's Day? if it rains on St. Swithun's Day, it will rain for 40 days later
33. What is the largest church in the world?.....

34. Explain the difference between an oculist and an optician.....
35. What ocean liner has the greatest over-all length?.....
36. From what novel by what author was the motion picture, *The Birth of a Nation*, made?.....
37. The philosophy of what German philosopher was talked of widely at the beginning of the World War?.....
38. What nation in Europe has the greatest population per square mile?.....
39. In what public assembly place in Rome were lawsuits tried and orations made to the people?.....
40. Who invented the revolver?.....
41. Where are the Ural Mountains?.....
42. Who wrote *The Moon and Sixpence*?.....
43. What story is told of Elisha and two bears?.....
44. What country calls its national flag "The Tri-color"?.....
45. Name all the years that have been leap-years since 1892.....
46. What do the English mean by "inverted commas"?.....
47. What is Sèvres?.....
48. What is usually referred to by the noun "derelict"?.....
49. What cynic philosopher of Athens, who lived in a tub, is said to have gone about with a lantern in search of an honest man?.....
50. Who is credited with having said: "Lafayette, we are here"?.....

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER FIFTEEN

HOLLAND THOMPSON, author and professor of history at the College of the City of New York, is editor-in-chief of *The Book of Knowledge*.

JOHN EMERSON, actor and playwright, has written and produced many photoplays and was formerly president of the Actors' Equity Association.

Holland Thompson 96

John Emerson 86

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1. What is a depth bomb?.....
2. Give the next line after: "The shades of night were falling fast,"
.....
3. Who was Charlemagne?.....
4. What unusual rite is said to be performed in the worship of the god Juggernaut?
5. What millionaire, who made his fortune in steel, contributed toward world peace? *Andrew Carnegie*.....
6. Who was the husband of Andromache?.....
7. Distinguish between contagion and infection.....
Contagion is spread by direct contact; infection is spread by indirect contact.
8. Who wrote *Leaves of Grass*?.....
9. Who was James Gibbons Huneker?.....
10. Who invented the telephone?.....
11. What American naval vessel of the Revolutionary period is still afloat?
12. What is bismuth?.....
13. Who was the author of the Koran?.....
14. What is the longest river in South America? *Amazon*.....
15. What breed of goats is famous for its long hair?

16. What country in Europe was known to the ancient Romans as Helvetia? Switzerland
17. In architecture, what are the three orders of Greek columns? Doric, Ionic, Corinthian
18. What are Cossacks?
19. Who wrote *Pigs is Pigs*?
20. What product is advertised by the slogan: "Such popularity must be deserved"?
21. What Hebrew was sold into exile by his brothers and later held a position of great authority in Egypt? Moses
22. What letter occurs most frequently in the English language? E
23. Name two of the three famous Italian volcanoes. Vesuvius, Mount Etna, Mount Stromboli
24. What two signers of the Declaration of Independence later became presidents of the United States? Thomas Jefferson, James Madison
25. What is a trapezium?
26. What two American brothers are famous in the annals of flying? Wright
27. What senator from Idaho has been mentioned many times as a candidate for the presidency of the United States?
28. If two magnets are brought together, which ends will attract each other? SW, NS
29. What famous musician recently figured as a statesman?
30. What is the meaning of the Latin expression, *de gustibus non est disputandum*?
31. Who is the best-loved Scotch poet?
32. In regard to what important "rule of the road" for motorists is English practice at variance with American?
33. What famous American race horse is the sire of several horses which won important races in 1925 and 1926? Rose Patch
34. Name a famous Greek writer of fables. Aesop

35. To what animals do the following names refer: [a] Reynard, [b] Bruin, [c] Leo, [d] Dobbin? *(a) lion (b) bear (c) horse*
36. What is Nirvana?
37. What cardinal, famous during the World War, died in 1926?
38. What is the present form of government in Portugal?
39. What is the oldest university in England?
40. Who wrote *The Lady of the Lake*? *Walter Scott*
41. What is the attitude of Senator William E. Borah in regard to diplomatic relations between the United States and the Russian Soviet government?
42. With what fictitious opponent does John Doe wage many hypothetical legal battles?
43. What American colony was founded by James Edward Oglethorpe?
44. In English political history, what was a "rotten borough"?
45. What gem is found in mollusks? *Pearls*
46. In what Gilbert and Sullivan opera did the air now used for *Hail, Hail, the Gang's All Here* first appear?
47. Where is the tibia bone located?
48. What is a Mussulman?
49. Who organized the "Rough Riders" in the Spanish-American war? *Theodore Roosevelt*
50. Give the next line after: "Abou Ben Adhem (may his tribe increase!)"

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER SIXTEEN

JOHN BAKELESS, associate editor of *The Forum*, is the author of *The Origin of the Next War* and *The Economic Causes of Modern War*.

C. S. BRIGHAM is the librarian of the American Antiquarian Society and the author of numerous works on historical subjects.

John Bakeless 86

C. S. Brigham..... 76

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1. Who is the best known user of the phrase, "Hell and Maria"?.....
2. Who wrote *Fables in Slang*?
3. Who is reputed to have fiddled while Rome burned?
4. What former baseball player became an evangelist?
5. As applied to music, what is the significance of [a] pianissimo, [b] fortissimo, [c] allegro?
6. What name has been given to the Indian dungeon, 20 feet square, in which 146 Englishmen were confined overnight, of whom only 23 survived the ordeal?
7. Who was John Knox?
8. Who invented the cotton gin?
9. What is meant by F. O. B.?
10. Who wrote *Dr. Faustus*?
11. What style of writing was used by the early Egyptians?
12. In what game is the term "melding" used?
13. What is a plebiscite?
14. What Frenchman wrote a famous *Life of Jesus*?
15. Who is said to have written Washington's Farewell Address?

16. What French mathematician of the seventeenth century developed a new system of philosophy which bears his name?.....
17. Who wrote *Winesburg, Ohio*?.....
18. Who composed *Alexander's Ragtime Band*?.....
19. What does the Latin expression *per se* mean?.....
20. What is the name given to the meridian of 0° of longitude? *equator*
21. What are obelisks?.....
22. To what novel is *Rupert of Hentzau* a sequel?.....
23. What character in Homer is best remembered for his powerful voice?.....
24. What was a galleon?.....
25. What product is advertised by the slogan, "It's toasted"?.....
26. What is a great vein of the neck called?.....
27. Who is the U. S. ambassador to Great Britain?.....
28. Tell what the following have in common and in what countries they are situated: [a] Brighton, [b] Deauville, [c] Ostend, [d] the Lido.
29. What are the call letters of the radio broadcasting station operated by the Westinghouse Electric Co., in Pittsburgh, Pa.?.....
30. What term was applied to the people in the United States who opposed slavery before the Civil War?.....
31. Who wrote *A Tale of Two Cities*?.....
32. Who was the first great English printer?.....
33. Who founded the original Boy Scout movement?.....
34. Who painted *The Age of Innocence*?.....
35. Who opposed Marc Antony and Octavius Cæsar at the Battle of Philippi?
36. Of what country is the maple leaf the emblem?.....
37. What is meant by The Decalogue?.....
38. What is the longest river in Africa?.....
39. What is a maverick?.....

40. The piping of what musician was equally appealing to rats and mice and children?..... *Piccolini*
41. Where did Washington and his army spend the winter of 1777-1778 amidst great hardship and suffering?..... *Valley Forge*
42. What does the phrase "boxing the compass" mean?..... *Navigation*
43. Give the value of pi [π] to four decimal places. *3.1416*
44. Who is known as "The Sultan of Swat"?..... *Samuel Johnson*
45. In what way was Samson deprived of his great strength?..... *Wool*
46. Give within 500 miles the length of the U. S.-Canadian boundary line. *4300 miles*
47. What was the last name of "Oom Paul" of Boer War fame?..... *Kroger*
48. What is the general requirement regarding the period of residence in the United States necessary before an alien can file a petition for citizenship? *Five years*
49. Who wrote *Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea*?..... *Jules Verne*
50. Who is the English prototype of Uncle Sam?..... *John Bull*

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER SEVENTEEN

MARC CONNELLY is the co-author of *Dulcy*, *To the Ladies*, *Merton of the Movies*, *Beggar on Horseback*, etc., and the author of *The Wisdom Tooth*.

H. T. WEBSTER draws a number of series of cartoons, including *Life's Darkest Moment* and *The Man with the Brown Derby*.

Marc Connelly 86

H. T. Webster..... 76

1. The advertising of what product has made "halitosis" a household word?
2. Who played the title role in the motion picture, *The Sheik*?.....
3. Of what party in Italy is Mussolini the head?.....
4. Who designed the Statue of Liberty? *Franklin*.....
5. Give the next line after: "Under a spreading chestnut tree".....
6. In what city was President McKinley shot?.....
7. What two brothers were chiefly instrumental in founding the Methodist Church?
8. What two famous American evangelists of the nineteenth century worked together for many years?.....
9. Name the five oceans. *Pacific, Atlantic, Indian, Arctic*.....
10. For what is Henley-on-Thames, England, famous?.....
11. What is the purpose of a pulmotor?.....
12. Where was Napoleon Bonaparte born?.....
13. What have the following in common: Helen Menken, Helen Hayes, Helen Gahagan, Helen Westley, Madge Kennedy? *American Actresses*.....

14. The name of what peer of England and prolific letter-writer of the eighteenth century, today personifies good manners?.....
15. The name of what English dandy is associated with correctness and elegance of dress?.....
16. Into what two main divisions can all living things be grouped?
Plants and animals
17. Who wrote *Lady Windermere's Fan*?.....
18. What American statesman invented the lightning rod?.....
19. What famous runner was despatched from Athens to Sparta in 490 B. C. to request Spartan aid against a Persian invasion?.....
20. What two large countries are crossed by the border line between Europe and Asia? *Poland*
21. Government securities of what country are known as Consols?.....
22. Who was John Calvin?.....
23. Give the next line after: "On that shore dimly seen through the mists of the deep," *STOOD THE FOE'S NAUGHTY HOST IN DREAD SILENCE REPOSED*
24. What is the source of the preceding quotation?.....
25. What is a legal injunction?.....
26. Who, for more than a quarter of a century, has been editor of the *Saturday Evening Post*?.....
27. What is the distinguishing feature of Gothic architecture?.....
28. What Jew loaned \$600,000 of his own money to the Colonists' cause in the War of the Revolution?.....
29. What is the tallest monument in the world? *Colloosus of Rh*
30. In the religion of what people did Isis and Osiris figure prominently?.....
31. What justice of the U. S. Supreme Court resigned to be a candidate for the presidency and later became a secretary of state?.....

32. Who wrote *Paradise Regained*?
33. What is the present name of the district known as Acadie, the scene of Longfellow's *Evangeline*?
34. What early English king, incognito, was severely reprimanded by an old crone for allowing a batch of her cakes to burn?
35. In what dilemma was Buridan's donkey?
36. Who was Miles Standish's rival in love?
37. What product is advertised by the slogan: "His Master's Voice"?
38. In the reflection of light, what does the angle of incidence equal?
39. What is the Apocalypse?
40. Who is generally credited with being the most pessimistic philosopher?
41. What have the following in common: William Baffin, Sir Martin Frobisher, Vasco da Gama, Vitus Behring?
42. What epic poem deals with the subject of Ulysses's wanderings?
43. What was the Brook Farm Experiment?
44. Whales and bats belong to the same general order of vertebrate animals. What is it?
45. Who planned the lay-out of the city of Washington?
46. What is the order and rank of commissioned officers in the U. S. Army?
47. What is the capital of Japan?
48. Who wrote *Gulliver's Travels*? *Jonathan Swift*
49. What is the difference between a long and a short ton?
50. What is "the Jolly Roger"? *Pirate Flag*

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER EIGHTEEN

RICHARD B. SCANDRETT, JR., is a lawyer and a vice-president of the American Gas and Electric Company.

<i>Richard B. Scandrett, Jr.</i>	82
<i>Gilbert W. Gabriel</i>	80

GILBERT W. GABRIEL is the dramatic critic of the New York *Sun*, an author, and a lecturer at New York University.

1. What is the tallest man-made structure in the world? *Pyramids*
2. Who is the best known of the founders of the American Federation of Labor?
3. What Mexican town is noted for its condonation of rampant vice?
4. What famous writer of hymns is the author of *How Doth the Little Busy Bee*?
5. What have the following in common: Siegfried Sassoon, Padraic Colum, Alan Seeger, Rupert Brooke, Robert Frost? *Poets*
6. By what sobriquet was King Richard I, of England, popularly known? *Lionheart*
7. What substance usually expands when its temperature falls to 32° Fahrenheit? *Water*
8. Who was the foster-mother of Romulus and Remus?
9. Give the next line after: "The breaking waves dashed high,"
10. What is meant by a "Pyrrhic victory"?
11. What is Yom Kippur?
12. To whom does the phrase, "The Vanishing American," refer?

13. Who founded the Church of England, and why?.....
14. Into what body of water does the Congo River empty? ~~Mediterranean Sea~~ *Atlantic Ocean*
15. What is the nickname of the national ensign of Great Britain?.....
Red Ensign
16. What is necromancy? *Black magic*
17. What was the date of the year following 1 B. C.? *2 B.C.*
18. Who is the author of innumerable popular novels dealing with international diplomacy and intrigue?.....
19. What reptile was once supposed to live in fire?.....
20. Who was Praxiteles? *Greek sculptor*
21. What does a barometer register? *weather*
22. What is the cause of scurvy? *Not enough fruit*
23. Who said: "I only regret that I have but one life to lose for my country"? *Nathan Hale*
24. What Roman amphitheatre was for 400 years the seat of gladiatorial shows? *Colosseum*
25. In what book by what author does Little Eva appear?.....
26. Give within 300 years the time when the Arabic system of arithmetical notation was first introduced into Europe.....
27. In American politics, what is a "lame duck"?.....
28. What is the Index Expurgatorius?.....
29. What daughter of an Indian chief aided the Virginian colonists? *Sachahontas*
30. Who wrote *A Doll's House*?.....
31. On what sea is Venice located? ~~Mediterranean Sea~~ *Mediterranean Sea*
32. What have the following in common: Percy Grainger, Harold Bauer, Rudolph Ganz, Ossip Gabrilovitch, Elly Ney?.....
33. Who is known as "The Flying Finn"?.....

34. What was a "clipper ship"? *fast sailing ship*
35. Who were the Troubadours? *singing poets medieval times*
36. The author of what famous religious allegory wrote the work while in prison? *Prisoner's Confession*
37. Where is the ocean tide's rise and fall the greatest? *offshore from shore*
38. What are "stormy petrels"? *birds*
39. Who was "The Great Compromiser"? *Simon Thru*
40. People suffering from what disease were required to announce their approach by calling out "unclean"? *leprosy*
41. What product is advertised by the following slogan: "The instrument of the immortals"? *television*
42. What is Henryk Sienkiewicz's best-known work? *Quintus*
43. Give the next line after: "The best laid schemes o' mice and men"
often go wrong
44. In what countries are the following monetary units used: [a] drachma, [b] mark, [c] yen, [d] lira?
c. China
45. What ruler of England reigned the greatest number of years?
46. With what army grade does the rank of captain in the U. S. Navy correspond?
47. What is Greenwich time?
48. Was the leaning tower of Pisa ever vertical?
49. What is the best writing paper made from? *wood pulp*
50. What was the name of the Philistine woman who betrayed Samson?
Delilah

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER NINETEEN

THOMAS D. O'BRIEN is a member of the History Department of the faculty of the University of Delaware.

Thomas D. O'Brien..... 90

Leonard Cline 70

LEONARD CLINE, formerly a journalist and literary critic, is the author of two novels, *God Head* and *Listen, Moon!* and co-author of the play, "*Daisies Won't Tell.*"

1. What Viennese psychologist is popularly known for his work on the subject of dreams and the sub-conscious mind?.....
2. What was the Delian League?.....
3. Name the two outstanding English novelists at the middle of the nineteenth century.....
4. Name the five Great Lakes. *Michigan Superior Huron Erie Ontario*
5. Who wrote *Ode on a Grecian Urn*?.....
6. What were the catacombs of Rome and for what were they used?.....
7. What is a portcullis?.....
8. The initials of what American president were "M. F."?
Millard Fillmore
9. What is the Smithsonian Institution?.....
10. Who is the dramatic editor of *Judge*?.....
11. What is the significance of the phrase: "54-40 or fight"?.....
12. What have the following in common: Cartier, La Salle, Champlain, Marquette, Joliet? *Explorers*
13. What is meant by "The Ottoman Empire"?.....
14. In what state is the Yosemite National Park? *Wyoming*

15. Give the next line after: "The boy stood on the burning deck,"
Oh, the brave and the noble
16. What and where is the Kremlin? *A government palace in U.S.S.R.*
17. Between what countries was the Battle of Trafalgar fought?
France & England
18. What have the following in common: the Elysian Fields, the Happy Hunting Grounds? *Indians' heaven*
19. Who was John Dryden? *An English poet*
20. How many intake and exhaust valves has a Ford car?
21. What was the Hegira?
22. Where are many of England's most illustrious dead buried?
Westminster Abbey
23. For what two purposes is the oxy-acetylene torch most commonly used? *Welding*
24. Who was "The Mad King of Bavaria"?
25. What product is advertised by the slogan: "They Satisfy"?
26. What is meant by cloture, as applied to legislative bodies?
27. What conveyance was noted a few years ago for its capacity of "40 men—8 horses"?
28. What are neap tides?
29. Who wrote *A Lost Lady*? *Sheridan*
30. What negro was the first president of Tuskegee Institute?
Booker T. Washington
31. What is ambergris? *A mass of a whale*
32. Name either the Greek or Roman god of fire. *Prometheus/Vulcan*
33. What is the origin of the word bayonet?
34. Where did Moses receive the Ten Commandments from Jehovah?
On Mt. Sinai
35. What is the most famous golf club in the world? *In Scotland*

36. What celebrated poet of the seventeenth century became blind?
.....
37. What two brothers in Rochester, Minnesota, are renowned for their surgical skill?
38. Who was Kate Douglas Wiggin? *a famous author*
39. Which one of the Great Lakes lies entirely within the United States?
Michigan
40. What is the most powerful state in Germany? *Prussia*
41. What insect causes cotton growers millions of dollars of loss each year? *cotton boll + boll weevil*
42. What is the order and rank of commissioned officers in the U. S. Navy?
43. What university in the United States has the largest number of students?
44. What well-known American illustrator is also famous as the proprietor of a marionette show?
45. Who wrote *The Jungle*? *Lansdale*
46. What city in early Greece was famous for the simple, hardy lives led by its citizens?
47. What one-sided bargain did Jacob make with his brother Esau?
.....
48. What have the following in common: Sir Herbert Beerbohm Tree, Sir Henry Irving, Richard Burbage, Edwin Booth?
49. Who wrote both *The Flaming Forest* and *The Courage of Marge O'Doone*? *Cummings*
50. How is most salt obtained? *from rock*

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY

GEORGE F. WHICHER is professor of English literature at Amherst College.

FRANK SULLIVAN is a journalist and humorist and the author of *The Life and Times of Martha Hepplethwaite*.

George F. Whicher..... 96

Frank Sullivan..... 94

1. In a parable of Jesus, for whom was the fatted calf killed? *prodigal son*
2. Who discovered the North Pole? *R. E. Peary*
3. Where are the Everglades? *Florida*
4. What is [a] the second largest state in the United States, [b] the second smallest? *California, Delaware*
5. What town in France, noted for its cathedral, was bombarded during the World War? *Reims*
6. What is lava? *Molten material from a volcano*
7. What American gained wealth and fame through his invention of an improved reaping-machine in 1831? *Cyrus McCormick*
8. What Italian religious revivalist of the fifteenth century was burned to death in Florence after persuading the populace to burn all their pagan books, pictures and ornaments?
9. What city was the home of the Medici? *Florence*
10. How many years did Rip Van Winkle sleep? *Twenty*
11. What have the following in common: James Prescott Joule, Heinrich Rudolf Hertz, Pierre Curie, Herman von Helmholtz, Michael Faraday? *all physicists*
12. Who occupied a throne over which a sword was suspended by a single horse-hair? *Samuel de Champlain*
13. Next to Asia, what is the largest continent?
14. Who wrote *You Know Me, Al*? *Henry Lurder*

15. Literary works on the life of what famous woman have been written by [a] an American humorist, [b] an English dramatist, and [c] a member of the French Academy?.....
16. What is caviar?..... a cheese.....
17. What alcoholic beverage had for its symbol the head of a goat?.....
18. What former editor of *The Ladies' Home Journal* established a prize of \$100,000 for the formulation and adoption of a plan for world peace? Baker in the year 1860.....
19. For whom was America named? Americo.....
20. According to legend, what roused Robert Bruce to try once again to drive the English from Scotland? a spider trying to th
her web tried six times and failed but the spider
21. What furnishes the motive power to ships going through the locks of the Panama Canal? She made
22. Who laid the foundation for Chinese literature and ethics?.....
23. With what field of activity was Leon Nikolajewitsch Bakst identified?
24. What is the name of the peculiar gait for which German soldiers are noted?
25. What does "kosher" mean? clean.....
26. In what stories by what author does the character, Dr. Watson, appear?
27. What famous man of the Middle Ages most nearly resembled Christ in his daily life?.....
28. Where did Napoleon Bonaparte die?.....
29. Where does ex-Kaiser Wilhelm II now live?.....
30. What English millionaire developed the Kimberly diamond mines?
31. Who wrote *Les Miserables*?.....
32. What marching song was most popular with English troops in the early months of the World War? Happy.....
33. Who painted the *Sistine Madonna*?.....

34. What is the native habitat of [a] the bison, [b] the armadillo?.....
35. The eggs of what prehistoric animal were found in Mongolia by an expedition headed by Roy Chapman Andrews?.....
36. From whose reign does the current English version of the Bible take its name?
37. What is the chief export commodity of [a] China, [b] Brazil, [c] Cuba? (a) silk / b coffee (c) cigars
38. What Persian mathematician, astronomer, tent-maker and poet wrote *The Rubaiyat*?
39. What is Grantland Rice's occupation?.....
40. What are all of the following: Gemini, Leo, Scorpio, Capricornus? Signs
41. What was the name of the ship which Hendryk Hudson commanded in 1609? Half Moon
42. In Revolutionary times, who was Frederick, Lord North?.....
43. With what neighboring people (on the west) did the ancient Jews have many wars? Arabs / Canaanites
44. What have the following in common: William A. Brady, Winthrop Ames, Arthur Hopkins, David Belasco, A. H. Woods?.....
45. What name is always associated with guidebooks for travelers?.....
46. Who wrote *The Amateur Gentleman*?.....
47. By whom was *The Saturday Evening Post* founded?.....
48. Who financed the "Peace Ship," the purpose of which was to "get the boys out of the trenches by Christmas"?.....
49. What great historical event was made possible by the aid of Ferdinand and Isabella? Columbus expedition
50. What product is advertised by the slogan: "A shilling in London, a quarter here"?.....

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-ONE

CARL VAN DOREN, former editor of *The Century Magazine*, and Editor-in-Chief of the Literary Guild, is the author of books of criticism, including *The American Novel* and *The Roving Critic*, and of a novel, *The Ninth Wave*.

JAMES WELDON JOHNSON is the editor of *The Book of American Negro Spirituals* and author of other books of prose and poetry. Among other activities, he is secretary of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People.

Carl Van Doren.....	89
James Weldon Johnson.....	80
H.W. & F.H.H.....	69

1. According to the 1920 census, are there more men or women in the United States?.....
- ✓ 2. What is the origin of the expression, "A Roland for your Oliver"?.....
- ✓ 3. Who were the Maccabees?.....
4. What is the significance of the phrase, "The Blue and the Gray"?.....
5. Who is the best known writer of rag-time songs?.....
6. What is a Samurai?.....
7. Who wrote *The Compleat Angler, or the Contemplative Man's Recreation*?.....
8. What is the capital of [a] Tennessee, [b] Vermont?.....
9. For what is the town of Carrara in Italy famous?.....
10. During whose administration was the Federal Reserve system inaugurated and how many Federal Reserve Banks are there?.....

11. What means did militant suffragettes use in the attempt to force the authorities to release them from jail? *Starvation*
12. Who was "The Iron Chancellor" of Germany? *Bismarck*
13. In what novel does the character, Becky Sharp, appear? *Emma*
14. Give the last names of the following well-known pairs of sisters:
[a] Lillian and Dorothy, [b] Norma and Constance, [c] Roszica and Yancsi. *Quill*
15. In metallurgy, what is welding? *Thickening*
16. Name three war songs popular during the Civil War. *Johnny Brown, The Battle Hymn of America, The March to the Sea*
17. Who was the founder of Christian Science? *Marianne*
18. What country began work on the Panama Canal? *Panama*
19. What is the distinguishing feature of Manx cats and where do they come from? *They have no tails. From the Isle of Man.*
20. Who was "the mother of the Gracchi"? *Porcia*
21. In the Arthurian legends, who was Merlin? *A wizard*
22. Who was "The Divine Sarah"? *Harriet Martineau*
23. Why are the aboriginal inhabitants of America called Indians? *Because the Spaniards called the natives Indians.*
24. Who wrote *The Ordeal of Richard Feverel*? *John Galsworthy*
25. Name the capital of either Tunis or Tripoli. *Tripoli*
26. What is England's best-known humorous weekly? *Punch*
27. Distinguish between [a] "Mosaic" and [b] "mosaic" *Mosaic is a picture made of small pieces of stone or glass. Mosaic is a picture made of small pieces of stone or glass.*
28. What product is advertised by the slogan, "When better cars are built, . . . will build them"? *Overton*
29. What great Jewish philosopher of the seventeenth century was born at Amsterdam and died at The Hague? *Baruch Spinoza*
30. Name two of the three best-known "Lake Poets". *Wordsworth, Coleridge, Keats*

31. In golf, what is a birdie? *One under par*
- ✓ 32. Give within a year, the number of years in which a sum of money will double itself at 6% interest, compounded annually. *15*
33. Where was the Colossus of Rhodes located? *Rhodes*
34. Give the next line after: "God's in His heaven—" *all's right with the world*
35. What was the earlier name of New York? *New Amsterdam*
36. Who painted *The Infant Samuel*?
37. What postmaster-general of the United States resigned to take an important position in the moving picture industry?
- ✓ 38. Who is the U. S. ambassador to Germany?
39. What have the following in common: Lamartine, Verlaine, Baudelaire, Musset, Mallarmé? *French poets*
40. What is an antitoxin? *Antidote to a poison*
- ✓ 41. What famous Roman general left his plow to fight?
- ✓ 42. For what "house of prayer for all people" in New York City, was a campaign for funds launched during 1925?
- ✓ 43. What magazine runs a page in each issue headed by the caption, "We nominate for the Hall of Fame"?
44. Who was Circe? *Mythological being*
45. What is the "Green Mountain State"?
46. What African negro republic owed its founding to the efforts of Americans?
47. What is the Kabbala?
- ✓ 48. Who wrote a series of short stories about Cappy Ricks?
49. For what is Lucy Stone famous?
50. What is a *poilu*? *French soldier*

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-TWO

WILLIAM LYON PHELPS, professor of English literature at Yale University, is a contributing editor of *Scribner's Magazine* and a popular lecturer on books and writers.

ROBERT BENCHLEY is the dramatic editor of *Life*. He has appeared in the *Music Box Review* and is the author of *Of All Things, Love Conquers All, Pluck and Luck*, etc.

William Lyon Phelps..... 92

Robert Benchley 84

1. Who, for a time, was "twenty miles away" from Winchester, Virginia? *Sherman*
2. What well-known American automobile is air-cooled?
3. Name the first five books of the Old Testament.
4. From what is macaroni made? *flour*
5. What is the B. P. O. E.?
6. Who wrote *Robinson Crusoe*? *Daniel Defoe*
7. What big city is nearest the confluence of the Missouri and Mississippi Rivers?
8. What is the Taj Mahal?
9. What is a caryatid?
10. Who is sometimes credited with being the real author of Shakespeare's plays?
11. What have the following in common: Artur Bodansky, Walter Damrosch, Karl Muck, Willem Mengelberg, Serge Koussevitzky?
12. Who was the most famous orator of the ancient Greeks?
13. Who wrote *Vanity Fair*?

14. What Union colonel in the Civil War is chiefly known as an orator and atheist?
15. Why does a freight locomotive back up before starting ahead?.....
16. What Scandinavian founded the "New Church"?.....
17. What President of the United States was grandfather of what President of the United States? *Adams of ~~Adams~~ Quincy* *Adams*
18. What name, originally given to the personification of malt liquor, is currently used to personify all alcoholic beverages?.....
19. Give within twelve inches the width of a standard gauge railway track.
20. What useful purpose do logarithmic tables serve?.....
21. Who was England's youngest prime minister?.....
22. Who is the author of *The Iron Woman*?.....
23. With what does the science of numismatics deal?.....
24. On what day did Columbus discover America?.....
25. What German officer is noted for having reorganized the Continental Army during the War of the Revolution?.....
26. Where is Cape Town? *In south Africa*
27. What was the Saturnalia?.....
28. The name of the boy hero of what book, published in 1886, became synonymous with sartorial elegance and perfection of deportment in boys? *Tobith Tyler*
29. What does the German word *meerschaum* literally mean?.....
30. What product is advertised by the slogan: "The candy mint with the hole"? *Life Savers*
31. Why is the court of Great Britain called the court of St. James's?.....
32. Who is the author of *The Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire*?.....

33. Who was Ra?.....
34. Who was Aristotle's most distinguished pupil? *Alexander the Great*
35. What is the meaning and origin of the expression, "A Fabian policy"?.....
36. What was the empire of Muscovy?.....
37. Who lied to Peter in regard to the price which he had received for a piece of land, thereby making his name synonymous with liar?.....
38. Give the next line after: "It was the schooner Hesperus".....
39. What is the name of the economic doctrine which deals with the problem of over-population?.....
40. Who composed *The Tales of Hoffman*?.....
41. What have the following in common: Cheddar, Stilton, Edam, Brie?
Cheese
42. Who was Roger Williams? *A Puritan minister*
43. What famous European general revised his country's constitution and legal system?.....
44. How many pecks are there in a bushel?.....
45. Distinguish between [a] etymology and [b] entomology.
46. Who wrote *If Winter Comes*?.....
47. In a law-suit, what type of question is ordinarily decided [a] by the judge; [b] by the jury?.....
48. What is [a] the "Keystone State," [b] the "Lone Star State"?.....
PENNSYLVANIA TEXAS
49. What was the family name of Louis XIV?.....
50. What scenic wonder lies between Lake Ontario and Lake Erie?.....

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-THREE

GRANT A. GOEBEL was formerly connected with the Department of Economics at Cornell University.

Grant A. Goebel..... 84

Arthur Train..... 80

ARTHUR TRAIN is the creator of the characters "Tutt" and "Mr. Tutt" and the author of *His Children's Children* and many other books.

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.....
.....

1. What is a jinricksha? *man-carriage, horse-carriage*
2. What queen of Egypt committed suicide in 30 B. C.? *Cleopatra*
3. In what field of activity are all of the following terms used: lob, foot-fault, let, half-volley? *tennis*
4. What vessel sailed from Southampton, England, to Massachusetts, in 1620? *Mayflower*
5. In what widely-read book do a mad hatter, a March hare, and a dormouse appear? *Alice in Wonderland*
6. What was the Spanish Armada? *50,000 men sent out to battle Br. 1588*
7. What kind of fish is noted for its ability to jump waterfalls while swimming upstream? *Salmon*
8. Name the first five books of the New Testament.
9. Give the Greek or Roman names for the king and queen of the Olympian deities. *Zeus & Hera*
10. Where, when and how did Thanksgiving Day originate?
11. What is an arpeggio? *musical, flowing chord*
12. Who wrote *The Count of Monte Cristo*? *Alexander Dumas*
13. What city was [a] the first capital of the United States, [b] the second? *[a] Philadelphia [b] N.Y.*

14. What was the theme of Abraham Lincoln's famous letter to Mrs. Bixby, of Boston?.....
15. Who is considered the founder of English economic theory?.....
16. Give the next line after: "'Mid pleasures and palaces though we may roam,"
17. What have the following in common: Georges Clemenceau, Aristide Briand, Edouard Herriot, Paul Painlevé, Raymond Poincaré?.....
18. What product is advertised by the slogan: "The one cigarette sold the world over"?.....
19. With which of the arts is Edward Alexander MacDowell identified?.....
Music
20. Where and what is "The Bridge of Sighs"? *Pittsburgh, between Prison & Court house*
21. John Roach Straton is an ordained minister of what religious denomination?
22. What is the title of the wife of an earl? *Duchess COUNTESS*
23. What is meant by the expression, "The Sick Man of Europe"?
24. With what product are all these names chiefly associated: Valenciennes, Cluny, Chantilly, Mechlin? *Champagne*
25. What causes an eclipse of the sun? *When the moon passes between the earth & sun*
26. Who led the Greek fleet against the Persians at the Battle of Salamis in 480 B.C.?.....
27. In French history, what was a Dauphin?.....
28. The name of what modern scientist has been given to a new theory dealing with light and gravitation?.....
29. Who created the character, Mr. Dooley?.....
30. Who wrote *The Decameron*? *Dante? Boccaccio*
31. What is the origin of the Feast of the Purim?.....
32. In the affairs of what European nation is Josef Pilsudski prominent?.....

33. What is the youngest age at which a person may be married in the United States? 16
34. What is the difference between [a] robbery and [b] larceny?
.....
35. What currently read author is the grandson of a famous English writer on evolution?.....
36. Tell within 500 the number of enlisted men in a fully recruited U. S. infantry regiment.....
37. For what is Longchamps in the Bois de Boulogne, Paris, noted?
.....
38. What is John D. Rockefeller's middle name?.....
39. What name is given to the right of a government to take private property for public use, with compensation to the owner?.....
40. Who is the author of *The Forsyte Saga*? Balsworthy
41. What college changed its name in order to become eligible as a legatee of the estate of a wealthy tobacco manufacturer?.....
42. What is "The City of Magnificent Distances"?.....
43. What was the name of Dante's inamorata? Inferno
44. To the people of what country has the use of the mariner's compass been known for over three thousand years?.....
45. What have the following in common: Tudor, Ming, Ptolemy, Bourbon, Hapsburg? all Royal Families
46. Give the next line after: "O, young Lochinvar is come out of the west,"
47. What is the Apocrypha?.....
48. In what state is the Muscle Shoals power development located?
.....
49. What is [a] the "Buckeye State," [b] the "Badger State"? a) Ohio b) Wisconsin
50. At what temperature Fahrenheit does water normally [a] freeze, [b] boil? 32 212

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER 'TWENTY-FOUR

W. O. MCGEEHAN, sports writer, conducts the column, *Down the Line*, in the New York *Herald Tribune*.

W. O. McGeehan.....	82
Genevieve Tobin	72

GENEVIEVE TOBIN, actress, has appeared in *Little Old New York* and other stage successes.

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.....	

1. What islands off the north coast of Scotland are famous for their ponies? ponies are Scotland
2. Who was forced to shoot an apple from the head of his son? William Tell
3. What is the most famous art museum in Paris? Louvre
4. Who wrote *Tom Sawyer*? Mark Twain (SAMUEL CLEMENS)
5. For whom does Arthur Brisbane write editorials?
6. Who said: "In the spring a young man's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of love"?
7. What have the following in common: Glenn Hunter, Glenn Anders, Alfred Lunt, James Rennie, Roland Young? Actors
8. What was the date of the Battle of Waterloo?
9. What two numbers have long been considered to have both lucky and mystic properties? 7, 3
10. Around what financial program did the presidential election of 1896 revolve?
11. In early Roman times who headed a band of three men who successfully held in check the Etruscan army at a bridge?
12. What are the "trade winds"?
13. What is "The City of Monuments"?
14. What English cardinal wrote both *Lead, Kindly Light* and *Apologia pro Vita Sua*?

15. What is the capital of [a] Wyoming, [b] Texas?.....a.....*Cheyenne*
16. What product is advertised by the slogan: "They work while you sleep"?
17. Whose signature on the Declaration of Independence was so large that his name has been synonymous with signature ever since?*John Hancock*
18. What British statesman and American novelist both have exactly the same name?.....
19. Who is the author of *Riders of the Purple Sage*?.....
20. What are the three main divisions of Dante's *Divine Comedy*?
21. When it is 12 o'clock noon in New York City, what time is it in San Francisco?*8 o'clock*
22. What Jewish woman slew what Assyrian general as he lay in a drunken stupor after a banquet in his camp?.....
23. What well-known American woman married the Marquis de la Falaise de la Coudraye?.....
24. For what is the Rue de la Paix famous?.....
25. What is the distinguishing feature of jazz?.....
26. What was the name of the fabulous "City of Gold" which early Spanish explorers sought in South America?.....
27. Who was Molly Pitcher?.....
28. Under what circumstances did who say: "*Delenda est Carthago*"?
29. Whose election to the presidency of the United States in 1876 was disallowed on account of alleged irregularities in the Louisiana ballot?
30. What is "gerrymandering"?.....
31. Name the two iron-clads which participated in the first naval engagement in American history between ships of that type.

(b) Aust

32. What famous general in a war against England later became a great colonial statesman *for* England?
33. From what country did our present system of arithmetical notation come? *India*
34. What author of a famous tale of life on a desert island wrote 250 books? *Daniel Defoe*
35. What is a Sedan chair?
36. Who owned a great New York newspaper, and left an endowed annual prize for excellence in American drama, poetry, prose, etc?
37. What is Esperanto?
38. What is the origin of our word, Thursday? *Thurs. day*
39. During the administration of what President was the War of 1812 fought?
40. For what is James Boswell famous?
41. Give the middle names of the following people: William [a]
Bryant, Alexander [b] *Graham* Bell, Henry [c] *Cabot* Lodge.
42. Who financed the laying of the first Atlantic cable?
43. What have the following in common: Perique, Latakia, Turkish, Virginia, Burley?
44. What is the Phi Beta Kappa Society?
45. In law, what is the name given to a writ calling for the production of a person in court for the purpose of inquiring into the lawfulness of his imprisonment?
46. In telling the time of day, for what do the initials "p.m." stand? *Post Meridian*
47. Who were the Knights Templar of the Middle Ages?
48. Who wrote *The Prisoner of Zenda*? *Anthony Hope*
49. What animal is the best-known example of protective coloring? *Leopard*
50. What is the Matterhorn? *mountain in Switzerland*

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-FIVE

LAWRENCE F. ABBOTT is a contributing editor of *The Outlook* and was president of the company for many years.

CHARLES HANSON TOWNE, author and poet, was formerly editor of *The Designer*, *Smart Set*, and *McClure's Magazine*, and is now the editor of *Harper's Bazar*.

Lawrence F. Abbott..... 92

Charles Hanson Towne..... 80

1. In what play does the character, Shylock, appear? *A Merchant of Venice*
2. Who is *ex officio* commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States? *President*
3. From what is most paper made? *lignin*
4. What is the capital of Brazil? *Brazilia*
5. Name any one of the three patriots who gave warning of the approach of the British troops of George III, in April, 1775, to the people of Middlesex County, Massachusetts. *Samuel Adams*
6. What is a revenue cutter? *boat*
7. Name the indefinite articles used in the English language. *a, an*
8. Who wrote *When We Were Very Young*? *A. A. Milne*
9. Who was Abelard's famous inamorata?
10. What was the "Mississippi Bubble"?
11. What liquid is used on the back of plate glass to make mirrors?
12. Under the present laws, could a woman become president of the United States? *no*
13. By what titular name is Siddhattha Gautama best known?
14. Give within 200 years the date when the idea of dating time from the birth of Christ was first conceived. *700 B.C.*

15. From what country did the United States buy the Virgin Islands in 1917? Great Britain
16. Why is Georg Simon Ohm remembered?
17. Who wrote *Don Quixote*? CERVANTES
18. What nineteenth century etcher and painter did a famous portrait of his mother? Whistler
19. In North America during the nineteenth century, what was the significance of the expression, "The Underground Railroad"? They were helping slaves from South to North
20. Of what village and country were Joseph and Mary residents?
21. What building is known as "The Tombs"?
22. In the armies of what great powers are regiments of the following found: [a] Sikhs, [b] Janissaries, [c] Spahis? Ottoman
23. What is the complete name of the railroad commonly referred to as the "Burlington"? St. Louis, Burlington & Quincy
24. What have the following in common: Hawke, Boscawen, Rodney, Drake, Benbow?
25. What Roman emperor first persecuted the Christians? Nero
26. What Scandinavian explorer is said to have landed in North America before 1492? Leif Ericson & Bjarni
27. What city is the center of the world's diamond trade? Antwerp
28. How many living ex-presidents of the United States are there? Eight
29. Who is the author of *A Message to Garcia*? Allen
30. Give the next line after: "I could not love thee, Dear, so much,"
31. What is the nationality of [a] Eleonora Duse, [b] Sarah Bernhardt, [c] Ellen Terry, [d] Jenny Lind? Swedish
32. Does the earth rotate on its axis from east to west or from west to east? W to E

33. In what year was Rome founded?..... 753 B.C.
34. From what colleges were the following graduated: [a] Theodore Roosevelt, [b] William Howard Taft, [c] Woodrow Wilson, [d] Calvin Coolidge?..... *Harvard*
35. What popular name was applied to the fiat money issued by the U. S. Government at the close of the Civil War?..... *Greenbacks*
36. What president gave his name to the policy of the United States in regard to foreign interference in American affairs?..... *Monroe Doctrine*
37. For what was the Acropolis at Athens originally used?..... *Religion*
38. Over what country did emperors named "Montezuma" rule?..... *Mexico*
39. Who was the affinity of [a] Aucassin, [b] Pelléas, [c] Tristan?..... *Melisande*
40. Where are the Ozark Mountains located?..... *Arkansas*
41. According to the U. S. census classification, are there more urban (towns of 2,500 or more) or rural dwellers in the United States?..... *Urban*
42. Who was Susan Brownell Anthony?..... *Abolitionist*
43. What magazine conducts a department in each issue called "Short Turns and Encores"?..... *Saturday Evening Post*
44. In what city are the Pitti Palace and the Uffizi?..... *Florence*
45. How long did the rainfall of the Flood continue?..... *40 days, 40 nights*
46. The production of what staple has been limited in British possessions in order to keep up the price?..... *Wool*
47. What was the "Holy Grail" of Arthurian legend?..... *Chalice*
48. What product is advertised by the slogan: "I'd walk a mile for a *Wool*?"
49. What widely-read American poet is a member of the Detroit Rotary Club?..... *Walt Whitman*
50. Who is General Counsel for the Anti-Saloon League of America?..... *Walter Dill*

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-SIX

F. J. E. WOODBRIDGE is the Dean of the Faculties of Political Science, Philosophy, Pure Science, and Fine Arts at Columbia University.

EDWARD PLAUT is the President of Lehn and Fink Company, Inc.

F. J. E. Woodbridge..... 90

Edward Plaut..... 84

1. In the Revolutionary War, name a famous Frenchman who officered American troops. *La Fayette*
2. Who led a band of outlaws in Sherwood Forest during the reign of Richard Cœur de Lion? *Robin Hood*
3. Who wrote *Little Women*? *Alcott, Louisa May*
4. What is the Kohincor? *corn*
5. The federal sentence of what criminal was commuted, by President Coolidge, in order that he might be hanged?
6. Give the next line after: "Breathes there the man with soul so dead,"
7. What is the official language of Brazil? *Portuguese*
8. What section of New York City roughly corresponds to the Latin Quarter in Paris? *Greenwich*
9. What is the Pentateuch?
10. What was referred to by the German chancellor, von Bethmann-Hollweg, as a "scrap of paper"?
11. Who was John Stuart Mill? *Econ*
12. With what field of activity is Paul Poirer identified?
13. What have the following in common: Aix-les-Bains, French Lick, Baden-Baden, Carlsbad, Bath? *mineral water*

14. What is the literal translation of the French expression, *table d'hôte*?
.....
15. What Scotch comedian was knighted by King George V? *W.C. Fields*
16. What Roman emperor is the author of a long series of maxims entitled *Meditations of*?
17. What is the name of a large group of islands in the St. Lawrence River? *Anticosti*
18. Give within five years the date when the Parcel Post was established in the United States. *1875*
19. The dying words of what American naval officer were, "Don't give up the ship"? *John Paul Jones*
20. What products are advertised by the slogan: "Made in the bakery of a thousand windows"?
21. What Canadian humorist is head of the department of political economy at McGill University?
22. What federal body has the sole power to try impeachments?
23. The wife of an English prime minister made a lecture tour in the United States several years ago. What was her name? *Clementine Churchill*
24. Name a famous law-giver of Sparta.
25. What are asteroids?
26. How much postage is required to carry an ounce or less of first class mail matter from the United States to [a] England, [b] France?
27. Give the next line after: "Drink to me only with thine eyes,"
.....
28. In what pre-Revolutionary escapade did certain colonists disguise themselves as Indians? *Boston Tea Party*
29. What is the distinguishing feature of a mansard roof?
30. Who was "The Great Emancipator"? *Abraham Lincoln*
31. What ocean liner has the greatest registered tonnage?

32. Who wrote *Tess of the D'Urbervilles*?
33. In what guise did God first speak to Moses?
34. What is the outstanding difference between the 8-cylinder motors of the [a] Cadillac and [b] Packard automobiles?
35. How are all of the following poets classified in English literature: Sir John Suckling, Thomas Carew, George Wither, Captain Richard Lovelace?
36. What are Bedouins?
37. How many "Immortals" are there in the French Academy?
38. Who was Zoroaster?
39. What man wrote all of these books: *Jacob Faithful*, *Masterman Ready*, *Midshipman Easy*, *Peter Simple*?
40. Who said: "*L'Etat, c'est moi*"? *Launcelot*
41. Where was the Columbian Exposition or World's Fair, of 1893, held? *New York*
42. Give the next line after: "In Xanadu did Kubla Khan"
43. How is a steel tool tempered?
44. What is an eisteddfod?
45. With which of the arts is Ambrose Bierce identified?
46. What is a facet?
47. What is meant by ostracism?
48. Who was William Dean Howells?
49. What was the largest single military fortification of ancient times?
50. Through what national capitals do these rivers flow: [a] the Thames, [b] the Potomac, [c] the Tiber, [d] the Seine? *Rome Paris*

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-SEVEN

THOMAS C. ESTY is the Dean of Amherst College and professor of mathematics at that institution.

Thomas C. Esty..... 84

Clare Briggs..... 82

CLARE BRIGGS draws a number of series of cartoons, including *Mr. and Mrs.*, *When a Feller Needs a Friend*, and *Oh Man*.

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1. What are the "three R's"? *Reading, Writing, Arithmetic*
2. What gift did Jacob make to Joseph, his son, which aroused the envy of Joseph's brothers? *coat of many colors*
3. What is the reputed value of the trinkets, etc., which the Dutch settlers gave the Indians in exchange for Manhattan Island? *\$24*
4. Name the most famous transcontinental motor road in the United States. *Lincoln - Nebraska*
5. What country was once inhabited by the Aztecs? *Mexico*
6. Who commanded the military forces of Great Britain at the Battle of Waterloo? *Duke of Wellington*
7. Who was Howard Pyle? *Historian*
8. What is the next numerical division after "trillion"? *Quadrillion*
9. Whose thesaurus is well known to most writers and cross-word puzzle addicts? *Synonym*
10. Who wrote *The Three Musketeers*? *Dumas*
11. Who was Thomas Hood? *Poet and School Teacher*
12. Why does the inauguration of an American president take place almost four months after his election? *Not a religious season. Time to get ready.*
13. What is the capital of [a] Greece, [b] Belgium? *Athens, Brussels*
14. In what year was the last financial panic in Wall Street? *1929*
15. What was the physical cause of Socrates' death? *Drunk*

16. Who received the Socialist nomination for the presidency of the United States five times? *Edwards*
- ✓ 17. Give the next line after: "Come one, come all! this rock shall fly"
18. What island in the North Sea was bought from England by Germany prior to the World War and turned into an immense fortification and naval base? *Helmoland*
- ✓ 19. In what novel by Sir Walter Scott does Robin Hood appear? *Heavenly Creatures*
20. Give to the nearest inch the length in inches of a meter. *39*
21. Who was Alfred Charles Harmsworth, Baron Northcliffe? *Newspaper owner*
22. Where did the Statue of Liberty come from? *France*
23. Who assumed the leadership of the Mormon Church after the death of Joseph Smith in 1844? *Brigham Young*
24. What bird in mediæval times was trained by man to hunt other birds and the smaller animals? *Hawk*
25. Who was C. A. Arthur? *Author of U.S.A.*
- ✓ 26. What is the highest mountain in the world and in what range is it? *Mr. Everest*
- ✓ 27. What portion of an iceberg floats above water? *1/5*
28. Who sculptured *Le Penseur*? *Rodin*
29. What class of law-suits are tried in an appellate court? *Appeals*
30. Who wrote *A Girl of the Limberlost*? *Porter*
- ✓ 31. What is a prestidigitator?
32. What is the Mersey? *River*
33. What verb means "to spend the winter in a torpid state"? *Hibernation*
34. What body of men has the final decision in interpreting the U. S. Constitution? *U. S. S. C.*
35. What commercial organization aided greatly in the early development of Canada? *Hudson Bay Co.*

36. What name is given to the container in which an archer carries arrows? *Quiver*
37. What is a regicide? *William the King*
- ✓ 38. Who was Artemus Ward? *Stephen Mitchell*
39. What German phrase means literally, "Till we meet again"? *Auf Wiedersehen*
- ✓ 40. According to the 1920 census, in what state is the center of population of the United States? *New York*
- ✓ 41. Why does iron float in mercury? *Brooklyn*
42. What world-famous bridge was designed by John A. and Washington Augustus Roebling? *Brooklyn*
43. Who wrote *Thanatopsis*? *Bryant*
44. What have the following in common: Matisse, Picasso, Pogány, Picabia? *Painters* *Modernists*
45. What is the economic importance of the Ruhr? *Brown coal*
46. Of what South American country is Montevideo the capital? *Uruguay*
- ✓ 47. Who said: "If Winter comes, can Spring be far behind?"? *Victor Hugo*
48. On what spot did Noah's Ark land after the Flood subsided? *Ararat*
49. Who headed American war relief work in Belgium during the World War and later become a member of the U. S. cabinet? *Hoover*
50. To what King of Phrygia did Bacchus give the power to turn all he touched into gold? *Midas*

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-EIGHT

ALICE DUER MILLER is the author of many books, among which are *The Charm School*, *Manslaughter*, and *Are Parents People?*

Alice Duer Miller.....	97
Robert K. Shaw.....	84

ROBERT K. SHAW has been the librarian of the Worcester Free Public Library since 1909.

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1. What was the financial consideration for which Judas betrayed Jesus? *Judas would kiss the true Christ*
2. What were the German mercenary troops called who were employed by Great Britain in the War of the Revolution?.....
3. What woman relieved onerous taxes on her husband's subjects by riding naked through the streets of Coventry?.....
4. Who created the character, George F. Babbitt? *Sinclair Lewis*
5. What feature of Barnum and Bailey's side-show was imported from Siam?
6. The name of what well-known figure in politics is associated with the song, *The Sidewalks of New York*?.....
7. What have the following in common: Hume, Smollett, Gibbon, Prescott, Motley, Mommsen?.....
8. Who wrote *Das Kapital*?.....
9. What did the Governor of North Carolina say to the Governor of South Carolina? *Shut Up B. B. I.*
10. Give within an octave the tone-range of a standard piano.....
11. Name two of the three American naval officers who have been given the rank of admiral.....
12. What is the Vatican?.....

13. Who was Xantippe?
14. Who said: "East is East and West is West, and never the twain shall meet"?
15. What three countries own land on the southern half of the Iberian peninsula? *Spain, a small part of Portugal, and Gibraltar*
16. Who composed *By the Beautiful Blue Danube*? *Strauss*
17. What was the battle cry of the French troops at Verdun in the World War?
18. What is an archipelago?
19. In what basic industry did Sir Henry Bessemer revolutionize manufacturing processes?
20. What product is advertised by the slogan: "Covers the world"? *Paint*
21. What famous British war-correspondent is the author of *Now It Can Be Told*?
22. What means did the Prince use to identify Cinderella? *His shoe*
23. Who directed the motion picture, *The Birth of a Nation*?
24. What have the following in common: Sir William Herschel, Edmund Halley, Simon Newcomb, Urbain le Verrier, Pierre Simon Laplace, Johann Kepler?
25. What is meant by "Davy Jones's Locker"? *The bottom of the sea*
26. Who is Houbigant?
27. Who founded the Order of Jesuits?
28. In what book by whom does the character, Bill Sykes, appear?
29. Who were Paolo and Francesca da Rimini?
30. What famous baritone has sung at the Metropolitan Opera House for more than 25 years?
31. What is a papal bull?
32. Who wrote *Alice in Wonderland*? *Lewis Carroll*
33. What is "The City of Churches"?

34. What British jurist is celebrated as the author of *Commentaries* on law?.....
35. Who wrote *Nights with Uncle Remus*?..... *Charles Johnson*
36. What is a labyrinth?.....
37. Name one of the two colors of Chartreuse. *brown green*
38. With which of the arts is Paul Cézanne identified?.....
39. What is the native habitat of [a] the kangaroo, [b] the cobra de capello? *[a] Australia*
40. What is the Japanese name for committing suicide by disembowelment?.....
41. Who wrote *The Lays of Ancient Rome*?.....
42. What have the following in common: Ribera, Velazquez, El Greco, del Mazo, Murillo?.....
43. Who was the U. S. Secretary of the Navy during the World War?.....
44. Who discovered the South Pole? *A. M. Anderson*
45. What mineral is ordinarily used in lead pencils? *graphite*
46. In what city was Christopher Columbus born? *Genoa, Italy*
47. What is Yiddish? *language*
48. To what general order of mammalia do rats, beavers, rabbits, squirrels, mice, etc., belong?.....
49. What was Libby Prison?.....
50. Why do so many travelers abroad include Calais and Dover in their itinerary?.....

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-NINE

RAY STANNARD BAKER has written several books about Woodrow Wilson and his work and under the pseudonym of "David Grayson" wrote *Adventures in Contentment*, *Adventures in Understanding*, etc.

ROSAMOND GILDER, an editor of *Theatre Arts Monthly*, is the author of many articles and books, among them a *Life* of her father, Richard Watson Gilder.

Ray Stannard Baker..... 94

Rosamond Gilder..... 91

1. According to tradition, who made the first U. S. flag?.....
2. Who wrote *Treasure Island*?..... *J. M. Smith*
3. What American multi-millionaire makes a hobby of distributing new dimes?..... *Kenneth S. Cole*
4. Prior to the outbreak of the World War, what nations constituted the Triple Entente?..... *Eng - Fr - Italy*
5. Where are the Carpathian Mountains?.....
6. Against whom were a number of Cicero's best-known orations delivered?..... *VERGIL, CATILINE*
7. What product is advertised by the slogan, "The flavor lasts"?.....
8. Who might be called the "patron saint" of socialism?.....
9. Who is usually credited with having invented the steam engine?..... *Watt*
10. What famous violinist was christened "Fritz"?.....
11. Who is the present Pope?..... *Pope John*
12. Distinguish between [a] opaque, [b] translucent, and [c] transparent.

13. Name one of two famous Poles who officered American troops during the War of the Revolution.....
14. Give the next line after: "For of all sad words of tongue or pen,".....
15. Under what female military leader did the French gain notable victories in the fifteenth century?..... Joan of Arc
16. What was the name of King Arthur's sword?..... EXCALIBUR
17. What was the descriptive phrase applied to the conqueror of the iron-clad *Merrimac*?.....
18. What state in the United States has the densest population per square mile?..... Rhode Is.
19. What position has been held by all three of these men: Richard Croker, Charles F. Murphy, George W. Olvany?.....
20. What was the ancient Greek name for Greece?..... HELLAS
21. Name any colony which took part in King Philip's War in 1675-1676.
22. What ocean liner holds the speed record for a trip across the Atlantic?..... R.M.S. 4 days 23 hours 41 min
23. What is a Rhodes scholar?.....
24. What animal pest is the most troublesome to Australian farmers?.....
25. In Roman times, what famous highway connected Rome and Brundisium, on the east coast of Italy?..... THE APPIAN WAY
26. Which is lighter in weight, a good or a bad egg?..... a
27. Who was Casabianca?.....
28. In what city is [a] the Corcoran Gallery, [b] the Field Museum?.....
29. Who coined the word "chortle"?.....
30. By whom and in what building was Abraham Lincoln shot?..... J. A. B. Ford's

31. On what day of the week did Robinson Crusoe find the man who later became his faithful servant?.....
32. How many amendments to the U. S. Constitution are there?.....
33. Where were Paisley shawls first made?.....
34. What American automobile racer later distinguished himself as an aviator in the World War?.....
35. In what country is Mandalay? *Burma*
36. What does the Latin expression *ipso facto* mean?.....
37. Give the last names of the following pairs of brothers: [a] John and Lionel, [b] Orville and Wilbur, [c] Theodore and Kermit.
..... *Wright* *Roosevelt*
38. What celebrated American painter, best known for his many portraits, died in London in 1925?.....
39. Who was Aristophanes? *GREEK COMEDIAN*
40. Who was most active in spreading the doctrines of Jesus, and with bringing about a break with Jewish orthodoxy?.....
41. Could the average man pick up and carry a cubic foot of gold?
..... *no*
42. Who wrote *The Beloved Vagabond*?.....
43. What is meant by Mercator's projection?.....
44. What newspaper claims to publish "All the news that's fit to print"?
..... *N. Y. TIMES*
45. What is an embargo?.....
46. What famous tavern, said to have been frequented by Samuel Johnson, is still in operation?.....
47. Did Moses ever reach the Promised Land? *No. (not sure)*
48. For what is Oporto, Portugal, famous?.....
49. Does anything travel as fast as light?.....
50. Who killed Macbeth? *Macduff*

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER THIRTY

DR. FRANK CRANE is the author of many books and his editorials and articles are widely syndicated in leading newspapers.

BAIRD LEONARD, of the editorial staff of *Life*, conducts the *Life and Letters* book review department and writes *Mrs. Pep's Diary*.

Dr. Frank Crane..... 90

Baird Leonard..... 84

1. Who reported: "I came, I saw, I conquered"?.....
2. What was the name of Othello's wife?.....
3. What country owns the Kiel Canal?.....
4. What was the date of Armistice Day, in the World War?.....
5. Who wrote *The Insidious Dr. Fu Manchu*?.....
6. Name three insular possessions of the United States in the Pacific.
.....
7. What have the following in common: James Rowland Angell, Nicholas Murray Butler, Glenn Frank?.....
.....
8. Where did the Charge of the Light Brigade take place?.....
.....
9. What man, frequently referred to as America's foremost playwright, is the author of *The Emperor Jones*, *The Hairy Ape*, and *All God's Chillun Got Wings*?.....
10. What does the Feast of the Passover commemorate?.....
.....
11. Disregarding outlying possessions, what country has the largest population?.....
12. What are barnacles?.....

- X 13. Give within ten years the date when Senator William L. Marcy said: "To the victors belong the spoils." 1870
14. What was the cause of the Trojan War? Helen
15. What English poet married a noted poetess? Keats
16. Who is the author of *Gentlemen Prefer Blondes*? Norel
17. Of what word is the monosyllable "bus" (meaning conveyance) a contraction? omnibus
- X 18. What names are given to the household gods of the Romans? Lares
- X 19. What are "letters of marque"? Trade marks
20. What great ocean liner sank on its maiden voyage? Titanic
21. What have the following in common: Gibbons, Mercier, Richelieu, Wolsey, Newman? big Catholics
22. Is there any state in the United States in which divorce is not possible on any grounds? no
- X 23. What book contains the body of Jewish laws and traditions together with the commentaries of the Rabbis? Talmud
24. What two of the so-called primary colors when mixed together make green? blue and yellow
25. What was the name of the princes of Peru before Pizarro's invasion? Incas
26. Give the first and last three words of the "pledge to the flag." Before the dawn
- X 27. Name the first president of the United States Steel Corporation who later became president of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation. Elbert H. Gary
- X 28. Who was Darby's wife? Ruth
- X 29. What is the salary of [a] the President of the United States, [b] a senator, [c] a representative? \$50,000 \$15,000 \$7,500
30. By what is Alessandro Volta remembered today? electricity
- X 31. Who is the present ruler of Rumania? King Carol
32. Who first flew the English Channel? La Perouse

33. What product is advertised by the slogan: "Good to the last drop"?
34. Who wrote *Westward Ho!*?
35. Who is the author of the phrase, "*O Tempora, O Mores!*"?
36. What were the names of Columbus's three ships?
37. What is alabaster?
38. What password enabled Ali Baba to enter the cave of the Forty Thieves?
39. Nautically speaking, what is a knot?
40. What is meant by the French expression *jeunesse dorée*?
41. With which of the arts is Willy Pogány identified?
42. What are those Irish counties called which opposed Home Rule projects?
43. Complete this line: "Once, upon a midnight dreary,"
44. From what plant is opium derived?
45. What people once spoke Sanscrit?
46. Which is the more general term, bacteria or bacilli?
47. What weekly magazine makes no effort to appeal to "The Old Lady from Dubuque"?
48. What have the following in common: Mantegna, Correggio, Bellini, Giorgione, Tintoretto?
49. Who wrote *Under Two Flags*?
50. What French criminologist devised a system of identification based upon body measurements?

SPECIAL QUIZZES

SPECIAL QUIZ—THE ARTS

STARK YOUNG, of the editorial staff of *The New Republic*, is an author and dramatic critic and a lecturer at the New School for Social Research.

FRANK CROWNINSHIELD, formerly with *Munsey's Magazine* and the *Century Magazine*, has been editor of *Vanity Fair* since 1914.

Stark Young 98

Frank Crowninshield 92

1. Who is the most famous violin maker of all time? *Antonio Stradivari*
2. What famous painter and sculptor is also known for his sonnets?
MICHELANGELO
3. What French woman painter is best remembered for her paintings of animals? *ROSA BONHEUR*
4. Who designed the Campanile at Florence? *GIOTTO*
5. Where is the Venus de Milo located?
6. Who painted *The Blue Boy* and under what circumstances was it done? *GAINSBOROUGH*
7. Who composed the *Second Hungarian Rhapsody*?
8. What sculptor was commissioned to do a gigantic memorial to the Confederacy on Stone Mountain, Georgia?
9. With what art was Duncan Phyfe identified?
10. Who was "The Swedish Nightingale"?
11. Who painted *The Night Watch*, sometimes called *The Sortie*?
12. With what art are Edward H. Sothorn and Julia Marlowe identified?
13. Who composed *The Messiah*? *Handel*

14. What great Greek sculptor superintended the sculptures of the Parthenon? PHIDIAS
15. What is the Pitti Palace? FLORENTINE 15TH C. ARCH.
16. What was the Barbizon School? 19TH C. FRENCH PAINTERS
17. What are *The Elgin Marbles*? CLASSICAL MARBLES FROM GREECE
18. Who composed *Iolanthe*? W. S. GILBERT
19. Who composed *Onward Christian Soldiers*? W. S. GILBERT
20. What French illustrator is famous for his illustrations of the *Bible*, Dante's *Inferno*, Milton's *Paradise Lost*, Tennyson's *Idylls of the King*, and Cervantes' *Don Quixote*? WILLIAM BLAKE
21. What family in Italy is famous for its work in terra cotta bas relief? LUZZATTO
22. Who painted *La Source*? WILLIAM BLAKE
23. Why is a certain type of china known as Wedgwood? WEDGWOOD
24. Who was Paganini? WEDGWOOD
25. Who has been called "The Faultless Painter"? WEDGWOOD
26. What group of people used color in their drawings with remarkable skill about 30,000 years ago? WEDGWOOD
27. Who designed the bronze doors of the Baptistery at Florence, which Michelangelo said were worthy to be "the gates of Paradise"? WEDGWOOD
28. Who composed *Lucia di Lammermoor*? WEDGWOOD
29. What name is given to a musical composition on one or more short themes which are reintroduced from time to time? WEDGWOOD
30. With what is the name Gobelins usually associated? WEDGWOOD
31. What celebrated English architect designed St. Paul's Cathedral and planned the reconstruction of London after the great fire? CHRISTOPHER WREN
32. Who painted the ceiling of the Sistine Chapel? MICHELANGELO
33. Blackfriars Theatre in London was one of two for which Shakespeare wrote exclusively. What was the other? SWAN

34. Who sculptured the colossal marble *David* at Florence? *Michelangelo*
35. What English critic, educator, and reformer of the nineteenth century wrote many books on the subject of art, and was also interested in social questions?.....
36. Who composed the famous *Mass in B Minor*? *Bach*
37. What American painter is best known for his pictures of western American life?.....
38. What German composer, a contemporary of Napoleon, is famous for his symphonies?.....
39. Who was Augustus St. Gaudens?.....
40. What are Leonardo da Vinci's two most famous paintings and where are they?.....
41. Who composed *The Magic Flute*?.....
42. What struggle is portrayed in the sculpture known as the Laocoön group? *Struggle against snakes - vice*
43. Who painted a number of famous banquet scenes, among them a large *Marriage in Cana*?.....
44. Who composed *Pagliacci*?.....
45. What is a carillon? *a group of bells*
46. What French painter is famous for his many pictures of the military, done with almost microscopic detail and finish?.....
47. Who built the celebrated dome of the Cathedral of Santa Maria delle Fiore at Florence? *Leonardo*
48. Who composed the *Kreutzer Sonata*?.....
49. In what city is the *Sistine Madonna* of Raphael located?.....
50. What Italian composed twenty-seven operas?.....

SPECIAL QUIZ—LITERATURE

JOSEPH A. MARGOLIES, the bookseller, has held an important post at Brentano's, New York City, for a number of years.

Joseph A. Margolies..... 88

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1. Who wrote *Thus Spake Zarathustra*? *NIETZSCHE*.....
2. Who was Scheherazade?.....
3. Of what two brothers, one a philosopher, the other a novelist, is it said that the philosopher wrote like a novelist and the novelist wrote like a philosopher? *The James' Henry + ?*.....
4. Give the next line after: "The Assyrian came down like the wolf on the fold,"
.....
5. Who wrote *The Autocrat of the Breakfast Table*?.....
6. Name two of the three daughters of King Lear. *CORDELIA, GONERIL*.....
7. When Rudyard Kipling wrote of "the bear that walks like a man," to what was he referring?.....
.....
8. What famous diarist wrote in code?.....
9. Name one of the two authors who wrote of Sir Roger de Coverley.
.....
10. Who wrote both *Believe Me, If All Those Endearing Young Charms* and *'Tis the Last Rose of Summer*?.....
11. Who was "The Good Gray Poet"? *H*.....
12. Give the next line after: "To be, or not to be: that is the question:"
WHETHER 'TIS NOBLER.....
13. What two Elizabethan dramatists are famous for the work which they did in collaboration? *Marlowe + Shakespeare*.....

14. Who was the author of *Wilhelm Meister*?
15. Who was the patron of Horace and Virgil?
16. What Bengalese poet won the Nobel prize for literature in 1913?
17. With what branch of literature were Corneille and Racine identified?
Plays CLASSICAL
18. Who wrote *Sartor Resartus*?
19. How many lines are there in a sonnet? *14*
20. The plot of what famous short story by Edgar Allan Poe hinges upon the deciphering of a code? *"THE GOLD BUG"*
21. Who was the most distinguished biographer of antiquity?
22. Who wrote the *Anabasis*? *THE XENOPHON*
23. The writings of Voltaire, Denis Diderot, and Jean-Jacques Rousseau contributed toward what historical event? *fr. Revolution*
24. Name the novel which led to Knut Hamsun's receipt of the Nobel prize for literature in 1920.
25. Give the next line after: "The quality of mercy is not strained,"
26. Who wrote *Tom Jones*? *Albert Finney FIELDING*
27. In what book by what famous author do these lines occur: "Abandon hope, all ye who enter here"? *The Divine Comedy*
28. Who was Frankenstein? *a monster*
29. What author has written many works dealing with a mythical country called "Poictesme"?
30. Who wrote *Tartuffe*? *MOLIERE*
31. What English poet is responsible for *The Rubaiyat* of Omar Khayyam as we know it today? *Kipling Pound*
32. Who has been described as "Student, Poet and Housebreaker"?
33. Give the next line after: "The night has a thousand eyes,"

34. Who wrote *The Confessions of an English Opium Eater*?
35. Who is the author of *A Few Figs from Thistles*?
36. Who was the most famous French author at the court of Frederick the Great, of Prussia? *Voltaire*
37. Seven cities have claimed to be the birth-place of a great poet. Who was he?
38. For what is François de la Rochefoucauld best known?
39. Who wrote *The Beggar's Opera*? *BREXIT*
40. What play by George Bernard Shaw deals with America during the War of the Revolution? *My Darling Clementine*
41. Who was the heroine of *Don Quixote*? *Rosamunde*
42. What is the name of the story by Washington Irving in which Ichabod Crane is pursued by a headless horseman? *The Legend of Sleepy Hollow*
43. Who wrote *Carmen*? *Bizet*
44. Give the next line after: "Hail to thee, blithe Spirit"
45. Who was known as "Boz"? *Samuel Boswell Johnson* *Charles Dickens*
46. In what book by what author is the character Hester Prynne? *THE SCARLET LEAVES - Hawthorne*
47. Who was Mr. Hyde's alter ego? *Dr. Jekyll*
48. What epic poem, by whom, deals with the wanderings of a Trojan prince after the fall of Troy? *The Aeneid*
49. What famous goldsmith and sculptor wrote his own biography? *CELLINI*
50. What was the family name of [a] Romeo, [b] Juliet? *Montague Capulet*

SPECIAL QUIZ—GEOGRAPHY

WALLACE W. ATWOOD is the President of Clark University and is well known as a geographer and geologist.

Wallace W. Atwood..... 94

1. What country is at the foot of the Balkan peninsula?..... *Greece*
2. What is the largest continent?..... *Asia*
3. Where are the Victoria Falls?..... *on the Zambesi*
4. Which is the larger in area: Australia or the United States, not including Alaska?..... *Australia, U. S.*
5. What is meant by "The Levant"?..... *Oscar*
6. Give within five hundred million the estimated population of the earth.
7. What is the highest mountain in North America?..... *Mount McKinstry*
8. What and where is the Maelstrom?.....
9. Name two of the three islands off the coast of France famous for their cows.
10. What is the capital of Norway?..... *Oslo*
11. Name in order the four largest American states ranked according to population in the 19²² census..... *Calif., New York, Pennsylvania, Texas*
12. Name the range of mountains that separates Siberia from European Russia. *Ural*
13. What non-American country is closest geographically to North America?..... *Greenland*
14. What is the name of "The Forbidden City" of Tibet?..... *Lhasa*

15. Repeated landslides at a certain "cut" in the Panama Canal greatly retarded the completion of the work. What was the name of the cut?
16. What is the longest canal in the world used by sea-going ships?
..... Panama or Suez
17. In what country is the mouth of the Rhine River? Netherlands
18. Where do Basques live?
19. What is the longest tunnel in the world?
20. In what state is the Mammoth Cave? Kentucky
21. Give within 104 miles the circumference of the earth at the equator.
.....
22. What is the seaport in Japan nearest to Tokio?
23. Name the sea which lies between Greece and Asia Minor. Aegean
24. Name three of the countries that comprise Scandinavia.
..... FINLAND, NORWAY, DENMARK
25. Name six of the eight countries that touch the boundary of France.
..... Italy, Spain, Belgium, Switzerland, Germany, Luxembourg
26. Why are dykes used in the Netherlands? To hold back water from the ocean
27. What do Fujiyama, Kilauea and Cotopaxi have in common?
..... They are all mountains like Mount Hood
28. Where are the Aleutian Islands? off Alaska
29. What is the Rand?
30. Excluding out-lying possessions, what are the two largest countries on the American continents with respect to area?
31. What large island lies south of the Straits of Magellan? Philippines
32. In what country is Monte Carlo? Morocco
33. What is Luxembourg? A country near France
34. Is Afghanistan an independent country? no
35. Name a territorial subdivision of France which corresponds roughly to the term "state" in the United States.

36. Where is Mt. Ararat?.....
37. Of what country is Helsingfors the capital?.....
38. Where is the Gobi Desert?.....
39. To what country do the Azores belong?..... *Portugal*
40. Which is greater: the diameter of the earth from pole to pole or the diameter between two points on the equator?..... *POLE - POLE*
41. Where is Kashmir?..... *above India*
42. What European nation owns the largest number of square miles in Africa?..... *Tanzania*
43. Which is nearer the North Pole, New York or Rome?..... *NEW YORK*
44. Where is the Spanish Main?.....
45. What group of islands in the Atlantic Ocean does one pass on the way from New York City to Italy?.....
46. Name in order the three largest nations on the two American continents with respect to population. *U. S. Canada*
47. Where in the United States is surface land farthest below sea-level?..... *DEATH VALLEY, CALIFORNIA*
48. In what country are the "twenty-four treaty ports" located?.....
49. Where is the Khyber Pass?.....
50. What European River flows through three national capitals?..... *Rhine*

SPECIAL QUIZ—SCIENCE

SAMUEL W. STRATTON is the President of Massachusetts Institute of Technology and was formerly director of the National Bureau of Standards.

<i>Samuel W. Stratton</i>	96
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1. With what theory are J. B. P. Lamarck, Charles Darwin, Herbert Spencer and Thomas Huxley identified? *THAT MAN DERIVATED FROM THE APES*
2. Whose kite-flying experiment established the identity of lightning and electricity? *BEN FRANKLIN*
3. What causes thunder?.....
4. Give within 20,000 miles the accepted speed of light per second.
5. Who compiled the first systematic treatise on geometry which is still extant?.....
6. Who invented the electric telegraph?.....
7. What is the chief obstacle with which would-be inventors of perpetual motion machines are confronted?.....
8. What mathematical ratio is expressed by the Greek letter pi [π]?
9. Why does the earth have summer and winter seasons?.....
10. The name of what inventor is usually associated with railway air-brakes?
11. Name five of the eight planets in our solar system. *PLUTO, URANUS, SATURN, JUPITER, VENUS*

12. Give within ten million miles the distance from the earth to the sun.
.....
13. What type of internal combustion motor is made to burn heavy oils?
.....
14. Name the American army engineer who completed the Panama Canal.
15. Who discovered the fact that blood circulates?.....
16. Tell, within ten of the correct figure, the number of chemical elements now known.....
17. What branch of mathematics has subdivisions entitled *Integral* and *Differential*.....?
18. What heavier-than-air flying machine is intended to rise and descend vertically?
19. Give within 25° Centigrade the estimated temperature of the absolute zero.
20. What makes the wind blow?.....
21. Who invented the locomotive?.....
22. Under what basic patent were gasoline automobiles manufactured for many years?.....
23. What is the purpose of the operations which have made Dr. Steinach, of Vienna, famous?.....
24. Who first isolated the tuberculosis germ?.....
25. Disregarding air resistance, how far will a body fall in the first second after it is dropped?.....
26. In what field of science was Sir Joseph Lister distinguished?.....
ANTISEPTIC METHODS
27. What is a horse-power?.....
28. In the treatment of what disease is insulin used?.....
29. Who invented the linotype machine?.....
30. Give within 40,000 miles the distance from the earth to the moon.
.....

31. What man gave his name to an early photographic process?.....
32. Who constructed the first telescope?.....
33. What French naturalist wrote many interesting books on the lives of insects?
34. Is there any limit to the height to which a balloon can ascend, and if so, why?.....
35. What metal is the best conductor of electricity?.....
36. What causes lightning?.....
37. What was the name of the comet which came uncomfortably close to the earth in 1910?.....
38. What industry was greatly influenced by an invention of Joseph Marie Jacquard?.....
39. Who discovered the theory of the pendulum?.....
40. How is it that cable companies can handle a large number of messages with a few cables?.....
41. Give within 100 feet per second the speed of sound in air.....
42. What is meant by a "light year"?.....
43. What causes the formation of a rainbow?.....
44. Why is it that we see only one side of the moon?.....
45. What device used to stabilize ships, etc., functions by means of a rotating wheel?.....
46. What is hæmoglobin?.....
47. Who invented dynamite?.....
48. What country first developed gunpowder?.....
49. Who invented the sewing machine?.....
50. What woman scientist has contributed most to our knowledge of radium?

SPECIAL QUIZ—MYTHOLOGY

ALICE DUER MILLER is the author of many books, among which are *The Charm School*, *Manslaughter*, and *Are Parents People?*

Alice Duer Miller.....	96
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1. What device did the Greeks use to gain entry into the city of Troy?
Trojan Horse
2. What is meant by Valhalla? THE NORSE GODS HOME
3. What is a harpy? a bunny
4. What was Mt. Parnassus? a mt. of Greece
5. What was the Bed of Procrustes?
6. What is a satyr? ZUCCAT Z MAN
7. On what island was the famous Labyrinth situated? Crete
8. Under what form did Jupiter woo Danaë? a shower of gold
9. Who competed with Venus in a beauty contest in which Paris, the judge, awarded her the prize? HERA
10. Into what animal did Jupiter turn Io when Juno suspected their relations? COW
11. To what goddess was the Isle of Cyprus sacred?
12. What crop did Cadmus raise after sowing the dragon's teeth?
a crop of soldiers
13. What maiden lost a foot race because she stopped to pick up three golden apples which her opponent dropped? ATALANTA
14. What was the name of the son of Ulysses? Telemachus
15. In what constellation of the zodiac are Castor and Pollux to be seen? TWINS GEMINI

16. Who was the opponent whom Hercules was able to overcome only by holding him so that no part of him touched the ground? *the cat around the earth*
17. What was the idea back of the saying, "to pile Ossa upon Pelion"?
18. Who were the Myrmidons?
19. Who was turned into a stag by Diana?
20. Who was Nemesis?
21. Name four of the nine muses.
22. For whom is Wednesday named? *WODEN*
23. Who was Narcissus? *A CHARACTER WHO LOVED HIMSELF*
24. Who was the leader of the Greek expedition against Troy?
25. Who slew the Minotaur? *THESEUS*
26. What were the nine books of prophecy called, which were offered to Tarquin at a price which he refused to pay, but which he eventually did pay for only three of them after the other six books had been destroyed?
27. What was "The Lost Atlantis"? *The Lost Island*
28. What was the town of Camelot? *King Arthur resided*
29. A father and son made wings and flew with them. Name either. *Icarus, Daedalus*
30. In Greek mythology, who had dominion over the winds?
31. Who drove the chariot of Phœbus Apollo and was struck by Jove's thunder-bolt? *PIRÆTON*
32. On what occasion did Jupiter assume the shape of a swan?
33. What Roman god had two faces and what memento of him do we have in modern civilization? *JANUS → JANUARY*
34. According to Arthurian legend, what son of Lancelot found the Holy Grail?
35. What legend is told of Orpheus and Eurydice? *HE TRIED TO PULL HER OUT OF THE UNDERWORLD*

36. What circumstances attended the birth of Pallas Athene? *she came out of Zeus' head fully clothed - fully grown.*
37. Distinguish between [a] dryad [b] naiad [c] oread. *B. WATER NYMPHS*
38. What sculptor fell in love with a statue which he had made and which came to life through the favor of Venus? *Pygmalion*
39. What were the apples called which Juno received at her wedding from the goddess of the Earth and which Hercules secured as one of his twelve labors? *Golden Apples X Apples of Hesperide*
40. What Titan was chained to a rock where an eagle perpetually devoured his liver? What was his offence? *Prometheus, GAVE FIRE TO MORTAL MAN*
41. For what unusual ability was Proteus noted?
42. What man was punished in Hades by having repeatedly to push a huge rock up a hill, the rock always rolling back when the top was almost reached?
43. Give either the Greek or Roman name of the goddess of Agriculture. *DEMETER*
44. What man was punished in Hades by being always within sight and reach of water but never able to attain to it?
45. Name any one of the three Fates.
46. Name the counterpart in Greek mythology of the Roman god, Neptune. *POSEIDON*
47. In order to carry off what person, did Jupiter assume the form of a white bull? *EUROPA*
48. What Queen of Carthage received Æneas hospitably and killed herself after his departure? *DIDO*
49. The Gods of Olympus had two famous cup-bearers. Name either.
50. Who ferried the dead across the River Styx? *CHARON*

SPECIAL QUIZ—AMERICAN HISTORY

HOLLAND THOMPSON, author and professor of history at the College of the City of New York, is editor-in-chief of *The Book of Knowledge*.

Holland Thompson..... 96

1. Between whom was a famous duel fought in the early days of the United States?..... *Harrison - Burr*
2. What Spanish explorer conquered Mexico?..... *Cortez*
3. Name the American man-of-war whose record run from northern Pacific waters to Cuba was one of the most thrilling incidents of the Spanish-American War..... *Albatross*
4. From what is the following a quotation: "—insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare—"?..... *Federal Census*
5. How many amendments to the U. S. Constitution have been ratified since 1915?..... *3*
6. What Philadelphia banker was important for the financial aid he gave the Revolutionary cause?..... *Morris*
7. What two American ex-Presidents died on the same day?.....

8. In what month of what year did the United States declare war against Germany?..... *April 1917*
9. What father and son have both been Presidents of the United States?..... *U. S. Grant John F. Kennedy*
10. Where and when was the first permanent English colony in America founded?..... *Jamestown*

11. Who succeeded Abraham Lincoln as President of the United States?
Johnson
12. Who preceded General Charles Gates Dawes as Vice-President of the United States?
Marshall
13. Who sought the Fountain of Youth?
Ponce de Leon
14. Who led the Mexican forces against the United States in the war of 1846-1848?
Santa Anna
15. What was Charter Oak?
Refuge for the Connecticut Charter
16. Name six of the ten Presidents who have been twice elected to that office.
W-G-M-M-J-R-W
17. Name one of the two candidates who ran second to Lincoln in the presidential campaign of 1860.
Seunglas
18. The decisions of what Chief Justice of the Supreme Court did most to clarify the intent of the U. S. Constitution?
Marshall
19. Who was the youngest President of the United States?
Jackson
20. What Spanish explorer discovered the Mississippi River?
De Soto
21. At what battle did both Generals Wolfe and Montcalm die?
Quebec
22. Who was the first great naval hero of America?
John Paul Jones
23. What is the chief point of the Monroe Doctrine?
Oppose Europe
24. Virginia is "the Mother of Presidents." Who was the last president from Virginia?
Jefferson
25. Who is reputed to have said: "Millions for defense but not one cent for tribute"?
John Q. Adams
26. Who was the first U. S. Secretary of the Treasury?
Hamilton
27. What President served two non-consecutive terms?
Taft
28. Who was the first Chief Justice of the United States?
Marshall
29. Who was the first man to cross the Atlantic under the English flag?
Cook
30. What American general met defeat, losing every man, before Sitting Bull at Little Big Horn?
Custer

31. Who commanded the American forces at the Battle of New Orleans in the War of 1812? *Jackson*
32. What Spanish explorer first saw the Pacific Ocean? *Columbo*
33. What was the first military engagement of the Civil War? *Battle of Fort Sumter*
34. Who was the first Vice-President of the United States? *Adams*
35. Give to the nearest million the amount paid by the United States for Alaska. *7*
36. Who was Nathanael Greene? *Revolutionary general Am.*
37. Against what President of the United States were impeachment charges brought? *Johnson*
38. What difference would there be between a U. S. flag of 1788 and one of today? *35 stars*
39. Who was the first President to leave the United States during his term of office? *Nelson*
40. Who were the opposing generals at the Battle of Gettysburg? *Mead & Lee*
41. Give within ten the number of men who signed the Declaration of Independence. *65*
42. What was the origin of the phrase "Mason and Dixon's line"? *Survey*
43. What Spanish explorer conquered Peru? *Pizarro*
44. Name two members of Lincoln's war cabinet. *Edwards & Stanton*
45. Who was president of the Confederate States of America? *Jeff Davis*
46. Who was John Brown? *Abolitionist*
47. What was "Old Ironsides"? *U. S. Frigate*
48. What name is sometimes given to the first ten amendments to the U. S. Constitution? *Bill of Rights*
49. What two members of Washington's cabinet are noted for their political opposition to each other? *Hamilton & Jefferson*
50. What Presidents of the United States have been assassinated while in office? *Lincoln - M. E. McKinley*

SPECIAL QUIZ—EUROPEAN HISTORY

EDWIN A. GROSVENOR has been professor of history and international law at Amherst College and national president of Phi Beta Kappa.

Edwin A. Grosvenor..... 98

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1. What was the title of the rulers of the Venetian Republic?..... Doge
2. Who was Maximilien François Marie Isidore de Robespierre?..... The Terror
3. What important historical event took place in 1066 A. D.?..... Battle of Hastings
4. What is the name given to the great plague which swept Europe, Asia, and Africa in the fourteenth century, and through which, it has been estimated, nearly forty million people died?..... Bubonic
5. What was the inciting incident which precipitated the World War?..... Assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand
6. What noble houses figured in the "Wars of the Roses"?..... Lancaster and York
7. Who was "Le Grand Monarque"?..... Louis XIV
8. What Russian Empress was originally a peasant girl?..... Catherine the Great
9. What was Magna Charta?..... A charter of liberties
10. Who was King of France at the outbreak of the French Revolution?..... Louis XVI
11. What Italian patriot, by his military activities, helped to bring about the unification of Italy?..... Garibaldi
12. Between 1649 and 1658, England was ruled by a commoner. Who was he?..... Cromwell

13. How did Joan of Arc meet her death? *By burning*
14. In French history, what was "The Directory"? *A body in France near the end of the 18th century*
15. Who was the King of the Belgians at the time when the civilized world was aroused by stories of atrocities in the Belgian Congo? *Leopold*
16. What English Admiral, famous for his exploits on the Spanish Main, helped to destroy the Armada? *Crawford*
17. What English prime minister made what queen, empress of what country? *Herbert - Victoria - India*
18. In the crusades, what was the name of the leader of the Saracen troops opposing those of Richard Cœur de Lion? *Saladin*
19. What Italian noble family, members of which were great patrons of the arts, ruled Florence during Renaissance times? *De Medici*
20. What did Guy Fawkes attempt to do? *Burn the Palace*
21. For what is Charlotte Corday famous? *French guillotining*
22. Who was Camillo, Count di Cavour? *Italian statesman*
23. During what war of the nineteenth century did what Englishwoman become famous as a nurse? *T. Crimean War - Florence Nightingale*
24. What unsuccessful campaign of Napoleon was followed by one of the most disastrous retreats known to history? *Russian Campaign*
25. In medieval history, what was "The Great Schism"? *Between the Pope and the Emperor*
26. Who was Charles Stewart Parnell? *Irish statesman*
27. At the outbreak of the World War, what nations constituted the "Triple Alliance"? *Germany - Austria - Italy*
28. In French history, who were the Jacobins? *Political party*
29. What Portuguese explorer set out from Spain in command of the first expedition to circumnavigate the globe? *Magellan*
30. Who were the Roundheads? *Parliamentary army*
31. What statesman was chiefly responsible for unifying Germany? *Bismarck*

32. What is the name given to the period in the French Revolution from the fall of the Girondists, May 31, 1793, to July 27, 1794, when Robespierre was overthrown after having caused the execution of thousands of people? *Reign of Terror*
33. Who defeated the Moslems between Tours and Poitiers in 732 A.D.? *Charlemagne*
34. What was the Domesday Book? *Record of all the land in England*
35. What were "The Hundred Days"? *Period between Napoleon's return from exile and his final defeat*
36. Who was Count von Moltke? *German officer*
37. What king of England was succeeded by a son and two daughters? *Henry VIII*
38. What were the "Three Estates" in France, prior to the Revolution? *Clergy, Nobles, and Commoners*
39. What is the most famous exploit of Godfrey de Bouillon? *Conquest of Jerusalem*
40. Who made his infant son "King of Rome"? *Julius Caesar*
41. Egbert, the grandfather of Alfred the Great, ruled England from 827 to 837 A. D. What special place does he occupy in English history? *He was the first king to unite all the Anglo-Saxon kingdoms*
42. What was "The Field of the Cloth of Gold"? *Summit meeting between Henry VIII and Francis I*
43. Who commanded the military forces of Prussia at the Battle of Waterloo? *Blücher*
44. At the close of what century did the so-called "Industrial Revolution" begin in England? *18th*
45. Who crowned Napoleon at the Cathedral of Notre Dame de Paris on December 2, 1804? *Josephine Bonaparte*
46. Who was Boadicea? *Queen of the Iceni*
47. Who were the Huguenots? *French Protestants*
48. Who was Clemens Wenzel, Prince von Metternich? *Austrian statesman*
49. What was the Hanseatic League? *Confederation of German merchant towns*
50. What was the political connection between John Milton and Oliver Cromwell? *Milton was Cromwell's secretary for foreign affairs*

SPECIAL QUIZ—CURRENT POLITICS

HERBERT BAYARD SWOPE is the executive editor of the New York *World*.

Herbert Bayard Swope..... 96

1. Who is the present ruler of the Netherlands? *Juliana*.....
2. Who is the present presiding officer of the U. S. Senate?.....
3. What two countries are involved in the Tacna-Arica boundary-line dispute?
4. In 1914, who was the U. S. Ambassador to Great Britain?.....
5. What Frenchman, who was tried for treason during the World War, was appointed Minister of Finance in 1925?.....
6. What are the qualifications as to age and birth for candidates for the Presidency of the United States?.....
7. Who is the President of France? *De Gaulle*.....
8. What proportion of the U. S. Senate must concur in order that a treaty may be valid?.....
9. Who were the "Big Four" at Versailles in 1919? *Wilson, Churchill, France*.....
10. For whom did the Alabama delegates to the National Democratic Convention of 1924 consistently cast 24 votes?.....
11. What is the Dail Eireann?.....
12. Misleading reports from what state led Charles E. Hughes to believe that he had been elected President in 1916?.....
13. Who is the present King of Italy?.....
14. Who is the U. S. Ambassador to France?.....
15. Who was the U. S. Secretary of War during the World War?.....
16. Who is George Tchitcherin?.....

17. Name two Presidents of the United States who have been awarded the Nobel Peace Prize. *John F. Kennedy, Martin Luther King*
18. Who was England's first woman Member of Parliament?
19. Give the gist of Article X of the League of Nations covenant.
20. Who is Miguel Primo de Rivera?
21. What son of a famous American author is a member of the U. S. Supreme Court?
22. Who succeeded Stanley Baldwin as Prime Minister of England?
23. By whom are the laws for the District of Columbia made?
24. At the outbreak of the World War, who was England's Secretary for Foreign Affairs?
25. What are the "A. B. C." powers?
26. Give the titles of eight of the ten members of the U. S. Cabinet.
27. Who was Prime Minister of France during the last years of the World War?
28. Who were the two leading unsuccessful candidates for the Democratic presidential nomination in 1924?
29. What is "the Quirinal"?
30. Who succeeded Charles Evans Hughes as Secretary of State?
31. What U. S. Senator, who recently died, was succeeded by his son?
32. Who was the first President of Council of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics of Russia?
33. Tell, within ten years, the length of time agreed upon for the settlement of England's debt to the United States.
34. Why did Germany refuse to enter the League of Nations in March, 1926?

35. What department of the U. S. government is in charge of prohibition enforcement?
36. Name two members of the U. S. Supreme Court who have been appointed since 1915.....
37. What ratio of naval strength was assigned to the United States, Great Britain and Japan at the Washington Disarmament Conference?
38. Who was the first President of the Irish Republic?.....
39. The ruler of what great power died during the year 1926?.....
40. How long has France had its present form of government?.....
41. Name England's two prime ministers during the World War.....
~~David Lloyd George~~ ~~Winston Churchill~~
42. What amendment to the U. S. Constitution insures the right of free exercise of religion, free speech, and peaceful assembly?.....
43. What provision does the Eighteenth Amendment make with reference to the alcoholic content of beverages?.....
44. What prime minister of Greece urged his country to join the Allies in the World War in the face of opposition by King Constantine?
45. What are the twenty-five political and administrative districts of Switzerland called?.....
46. What three new European nations of more than ten million inhabitants were organized as a result of the World War?.....
47. What arrangement has England made to provide for the sustenance of its hundreds of thousands of unemployed?.....
48. Who is "*Il Duce*"?.....
49. What senator from Massachusetts led the faction opposed to the United States' participation in the League of Nations?.....
50. Who was the first President of the German Republic?.....

SPECIAL QUIZ—THE BIBLE

DR. HARRY EMERSON FOSDICK, of the Park Avenue Baptist Church, is professor of practical theology at Union Theological Seminary and the author of many books on religious subjects.

<i>Harry Emerson Fosdick</i>	100
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1. What did the word "gospel" formerly mean?
2. Who was the first child born on the earth? *Cain*
3. What great disaster overtook the Egyptian army as it pursued the Israelites?
4. Who were the "Four Evangelists"?
5. Give the words following this quotation: "Blessed are the poor in spirit:"
6. Name the son of Saul who was a close friend of David.
7. What was "Jacob's ladder"?
8. What two cities of the time of Abraham were so wicked that they were destroyed by God?
9. How did the term "jeremiad" originate?
10. What was "the mark of Cain"? *RAISIN*
11. Who was King of Jerusalem at the time of Jesus's birth? *HEROD*
12. Why did Joshua command the sun to stand still in the heavens?
13. Why did Herod have John the Baptist imprisoned?
14. How did Joseph explain Pharaoh's dream of the seven bad ears of corn which devoured the seven good ears, and the seven lean kine which devoured the seven fat kine?
15. In what connection is the word "shibboleth" used in the Bible?

16. In the *Genesis* account of creation, on what day was the land made?

17. To whom did Jesus first appear after the resurrection? *Peter*

18. What great test did God make of Abraham's obedience to His dictates?

19. Whom did Jesus raise from the dead in Bethany? *Lazarus*

20. Who were the Pharisees?

21. What is the origin of the phrase, "the hand-writing on the wall"?

22. What was Golgotha? *He was an ugly creature*

23. Into what two nations did the Jewish people divide after the death of Solomon?

24. What was the name of the adherent of the worship of Baal, who spurred on King Ahab, her husband, to disobey the prophet, Elijah?

25. Who was the most famous son of David?

26. What did David do in order that he might marry Bathsheba?

27. Who said: "Am I my brother's keeper?"? *Cain*

28. Which of Jesus's disciples was known as the "Beloved Disciple"?

29. How did Samson die? *he got a crew cut*

30. Who were the protagonists in an encounter in which a sling proved to be the more effective weapon?

31. What Biblical character was "a mighty hunter before the Lord"?

32. What method did Solomon use to ascertain the real mother of a baby whom two women claimed?

33. Who is regarded as the arch-traitor of Christendom?

34. What method did Jesus frequently employ to make clear to his listeners the meaning of his teachings?

35. Who served Laban for twice seven years, that he might marry Laban's daughter, Rachel?.....
36. What three Jews were thrown into a fiery furnace by Nebuchadnezzar? *Shadrach, Meshak & Abednego*.....
37. What did Jesus do immediately before starting his teaching?.....
38. What miracle did Jesus perform during the Marriage at Cana?.....
39. The name of what Biblical character has been given to cab drivers, and why?.....
40. Give the words following this quotation: "Ye are the salt of the earth:".....
41. In what parable does Jesus show that a man should use his abilities to the utmost?.....
42. What did Balaam's ass do that was unusual?.....
43. What popular saying first aroused Saul's anger against David?.....
44. What prophet was becoming famous during the youth of Jesus?.....
45. Under what circumstances did Jesus say, "Father, forgive them; for they know not what they do"?.....
46. What son of David led a revolution against him?.....
47. What great peril did Jesus escape, in the first years of his life?.....
48. For how many years did Moses and the Jews wander in the desert before they reached the Promised Land?.....
49. Of whom did Jesus say, "Of such is the Kingdom of Heaven"?.....
50. Disregarding the exact wording, what are the Ten Commandments?.....

SPECIAL QUIZ—SPORTS

GRANTLAND RICE, author and sports writer, conducts the *Sportlight* department of the New York *Herald Tribune* and is editor of *The American Golfer*.

Grantland Rice 100

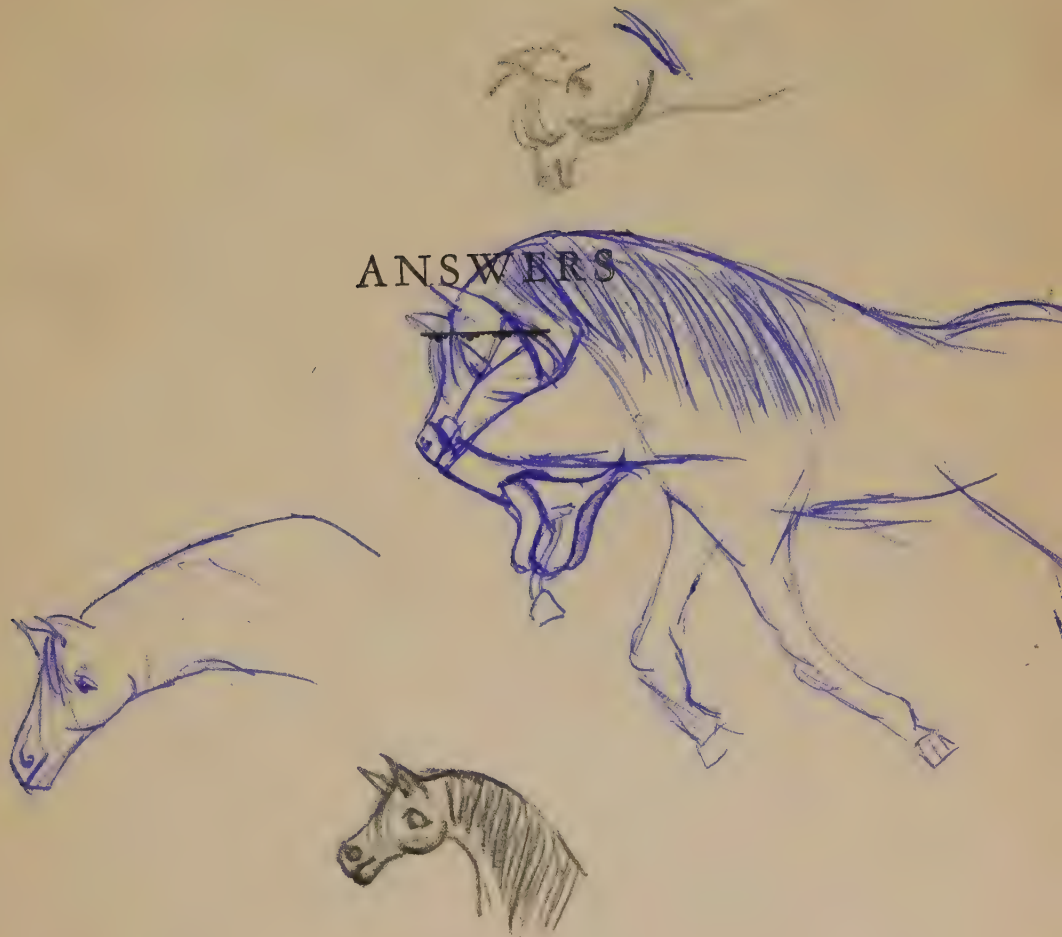
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1. Who was known as "The father of American football"?..... *Knute Rockne*
2. In 1925, what swimmer held world's records in every event from 100 yards to 500 meters?..... *Alvin Karpis* *targan*
3. What American has twice won the British Open Golf Championship? *J. H. Taylor*
4. Who won the Women's Singles Tennis Championship at the Olympic Games in 1924?..... *Louise Brough*
5. With what sport are Tommy Milton and Jimmy Murphy both identified? *Auto racing*
6. In what country was modern polo developed?..... *India*
7. Where was the Dempsey-Gibbons fight of 1923 held?..... *Philadelphia*
8. What was meant by the phrase, "Tinker to Evers to Chance"?..... *Baseball*
9. The crew of what western university has made a consistently good record in the Poughkeepsie regatta, during recent years?..... *Stanford*
10. On what surface is curling played?..... *Ice*
11. With what sport are all of the following identified: Kramer, McNamara, Goulet?..... *Hockey*
12. Who is José R. Capablanca?..... *Chess*
13. What father and son have both been billiard champions?..... *Joe and Willie Davis*
14. In auction bridge, what is the honor value of four honors in one hand, fifth in partner's?..... *90*

15. What is a chukker? *rests*
16. What is England's biggest horse-racing classic known as? *Good Friday*
17. What colleges are represented in sport by football teams characterized as follows: [a] Golden Tornado, [b] Nittany Lions, [c] Praying Colonels? *Yale, Penn State - Dartmouth*
18. What football team is coached by Glenn ("Pop") Warner? *Stanford*
19. What is Connie Mack's real name? *William Harrison*
20. Who managed Jack Dempsey when he won the World's Heavyweight Championship? *Jack Burke*
21. Name the stadium of the University of Pennsylvania in Philadelphia, the scene of many Army-Navy football games. *Franklin Field*
22. What member of the U. S. cabinet is connected with international competition in what sport? *Wm. C. Clegg - Fencing*
23. Give, within a mile, the length of an Olympic marathon. *18*
24. What is Babe Ruth's home run record for one season? *54*
25. What two players have held the National Amateur Golf Championship more than once since 1915? *James H. Barnes - Francis Ouimet*
26. How many men are there on a Rugby football team? *15*
27. In basketball, a field goal counts how many points? *2*
28. What battle for the heavyweight title took place at Reno, Nevada, in 1910? *Billy Smith - Johnson*
29. Who crossed the finish line ahead of Johnny Hayes, the winner, in the 1908 Olympic marathon race? *Alvah Harrison*
30. What Englishman revised the rules of boxing? *Jurgens Stevenson*
31. In what sports are the following terms used: [a] stymie, [b] foot-fault, [c] huddle system, [d] squeeze play, [e] puck? *1*
Billiard, football - basketball - hockey
32. What Harvard football coach established a coaching system which is known by his name and which has been widely copied? *Amos Alonzo*
33. When a bowler scores three hundred, how many balls does he bowl? *10*

34. What automobile race, held for a series of years on Long Island, N. Y., was named for a well known American family? *Vanderbilt*
35. In a baseball game, a player makes five trips to the plate. He singles, is given a base on balls, makes a sacrifice hit, is hit by the pitcher, and strikes out. What is his batting average for the game? *.500*
36. What English Derby winner was defeated by the American horse, Zev, in a dual race in 1923? *Papyrus*
- ✓ 37. When and where were the first modern Olympic Games held? *1896, Athens*
38. What football player kicked five field goals during a Harvard-Yale game in 1913? *Wendell*
39. Who promoted the Jeffries-Johnson and Dempsey-Carpentier fights? *Max Baer*
40. Name two of the New England colleges which constitute the "Little Three." *Amherst, Williams, & Tufts*
- ✓ 41. What American woman was given second ranking in both golf and tennis in 1925? *Frances Bessie Taylor*
42. To whom was the phrase, "Say it ain't so, Joe," addressed?
43. What eastern university has for many years conducted a relay carnival in April? *Dartmouth*
- ✓ 44. Who was the first American-born golfer to win the British Amateur Championship? *Sam Snead*
45. What name is given to the method by which ranking tennis players are prevented from meeting one another in the early rounds of a tournament?
- ✓ 46. Where are the Olympic Games of 1928 to be held? *Amsterdam*
47. Explain the expression "triple threat" in football. *Can kick, pass, run*
48. What is "Babe" Ruth's real name in full? *George Herman Ruth*
49. What group of young men were called by sports writers "the four horsemen," during 1924? *Walter, Glenn, Donnell, & Gilman*
- ✓ 50. Who were "the hitless wonders"? *Chicago*

ANSWERS



ANSWERS

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER ONE

1. Ellis Island.
2. Vicente Blasco Ibañez (1867—).
3. Japan.
4. Calvin Coolidge (1872—), Governor of Massachusetts, in Boston, in 1919.
5. Cuneiform writing.
6. Job.
7. They are composers.
8. The hard skeleton of certain marine polyps.
9. [a] Cotton, [b] wheat.
10. Forhan's tooth-paste.
11. A monster which is a man from the head to the waist, while the remainder of the body is that of a horse.
12. Bordeaux.
13. A device invented by Robert Wilhelm von Bunsen (1811-1899) for burning coal-gas with a hot smokeless flame.
14. Leonardo da Vinci (1452-1519). The painting is better known as the *Mona Lisa*.
15. Charles Spencer Chaplin (1889—).
16. Richard Doddridge Blackmore (1825-1900).
17. Labrador, Canada.
18. The inside political organization of Tammany Hall, headed by William Marcy Tweed (1823-1878), which took millions of dollars in graft from New York City during the eighties.
19. The New Tay Bridge across the Firth of Tay, near Dundee, Scotland. It is 10,780 feet long.
20. Donald Robert Perry Marquis (1878—).
21. Post-impressionism.
22. The instalment plan.
23. Carbonized vegetable matter.
24. Attila, the Hun (died 453).
25. Wilhelm Konrad Roentgen (1845-1923), in 1895.
26. Chinese officials or magistrates. (There are nine grades.)
27. The Dutch colonists under Peter Minuit (1580-1641).
28. Belladonna, or one of its derivatives.
29. "Barefoot boy, with cheek of tan!" (From *The Barefoot Boy*, by John Greenleaf Whittier.)
30. It signified the dismissal of Bismarck by Kaiser Wilhelm II. It was drawn by Sir John Tenniel and appeared in *Punch*.
31. Mary Roberts Rinehart.
32. "Every day in every way, I'm getting better and better."
33. He was Speaker of the U. S. House of Representatives.
34. [a] Madrid, [b] Lisbon.
35. The British soldier.
36. [a] Massachusetts, [b] New Hampshire, [c] Iowa, [d] California, [e] Kentucky.
37. "One out of many."
38. James Whitcomb Riley (1853-1916).
39. A pagan.
40. Sir Walter Raleigh (1552-1618).
41. They are contemporary playwrights.
42. Woodrow Wilson (1856-1924).

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER ONE—*continued*

43. John the Baptist.
44. Gilbert Keith Chesterton (1874—).
45. In a pouch on the under side of the belly.
46. The estimated proportion is 73.39 per cent.
47. A sea monster (Biblical).
48. Philadelphia, founded by William Penn (1644-1718).
49. Richard Harding Davis (1864-1916).
50. Washington Irving (1783-1859).

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWO

1. To determine the degree of intelligence of the person tested.
2. William Shakespeare (1564-1616). In *Hamlet*, Act II, Scene 2.
3. In the West Indies, on the island of San Salvador.
4. Lon Chaney (1883—).
5. "Jesus wept." (John xi. 35.)
6. The Volga (2,300 miles).
7. *The Atlantic Monthly*.
8. "mighty Casey has struck out." (From *Casey at the Bat*, by Ernest Lawrence Thayer, 1863—.)
9. A doctrine advocating governmental abstention from interference with individual action, especially in commerce.
10. Pegasus.
11. Thomas Riley Marshall (1854-1925), Vice-President of the United States from 1913 to 1921.
12. Herman Melville (1819-1891).
13. A famous Athenian law-giver (about 638 B. C.-about 557 B. C.). He gave "the laws of Solon" in 597 B.C.
14. Capt. Bruce Bairnsfather (1887—).
15. Augustus Cæsar (63 B. C. - 14 A.D.).
16. James Watson Gerard (1867—).
17. A marriage between a man of exalted rank and a woman of lower rank, the issue having no claim to succeed to the possessions or title of the father.
18. Richard Brinsley Sheridan (1751-1816).
19. Old Dutch Cleanser.
20. A council called in 1521 by the Emperor Charles V. to try Martin Luther for his heretical teachings.
21. "God willing."
22. Johann Sebastian Bach (1685-1750), Ludwig van Beethoven (1770-1827), Johannes Brahms (1833-1897).
23. Maine.
24. George Washington (1732-1799).
25. Fordson.
26. Theodore Dreiser (1871—).
27. [a] Third-base, [b] catcher.
28. [a] England, [b] Ireland, [c] Germany, [d] Scotland, [e] Italy.
29. They are physicists, distinguished for their electrical research.
30. Pietro Mascagni (1863—).
31. Clarence S. Darrow (1857—).
32. The Mohammedan religion, and the countries and peoples by which it is professed.
33. A borough of New York City lying north of Manhattan Island.
34. James Fenimore Cooper (1789-1851).

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWO—*continued*

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|--|---|
| 35. <i>Exempli gratia</i> ("for example"). | 42. Gibraltar. |
| 36. Viscount Horatio Nelson (1758-1805). | 43. Pontius Pilate. |
| 37. The Salvation Army. | 44. A wading bird of the heron family. |
| 38. From <i>fascēs</i> (in Roman history, a bundle of rods with an axe in the center, carried by a lictor as a sign of magisterial authority). | 45. The Japanese Empire. |
| 39. Alfred, Lord Tennyson (1809-1892). | 46. Ole Hanson (1874—). |
| 40. Otto Hermann Kahn (1867—). | 47. Sir Walter Scott (1771-1832). |
| 41. The Bank of England. | 48. Ulysses Simpson Grant (1822-1885), in a despatch to Washington, May 11, 1864. |
| | 49. <i>The Flying Dutchman</i> . |
| | 50. Toledo, Spain, and Damascus, Syria. |

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER THREE

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| 1. Harvard College, founded in 1636. | 16. Edgar Allan Poe (1809-1849). |
| 2. Mark Twain, the pseudonym of Samuel Langhorne Clemens (1835-1910). | 17. A statement of the particular points of doctrine, thirty-nine in number, maintained by the Church of England. |
| 3. English. | 18. He was President of Princeton University from 1902 to 1910. |
| 4. Little Red Riding-Hood. | 19. A person or an organization that for hire undertakes the conveyance of goods or persons, inviting the employment of the public generally. |
| 5. Flax. | 20. Edward S. Evans, of Detroit, and Linton O. Wells, of New York City, encircled the globe (20,100 miles) in 28 days, 14 hours, 36 minutes and 6 seconds, in 1926. |
| 6. Joseph Conrad. (He was of Polish parentage, his real surname being Korzeniowski, 1857-1924.) | 21. The Mediterranean and the Red Sea. |
| 7. A city in Norway famed as the northernmost city in the world. | 22. John Joseph Pershing (1860—). |
| 8. They are opera singers. | 23. It utilizes wind power for propulsion by means of rotors rather than sails. |
| 9. Joseph Smith (1805-1844). Its headquarters are in Salt Lake City, Utah. | 24. About 1711, a company was formed in England to pay the national debt in return for the privilege of trading in the South Seas. It collapsed about 1720, ruining thousands. |
| 10. Oliver Hazard Perry (1785-1819), in a letter to General Harrison, September 10, 1813, after the naval Battle of Lake Erie. | 25. Melbourne. |
| 11. The Golden Age of Pericles (fifth century B. C.). | 26. Sir James Matthew Barrie (1860—). |
| 12. Charles I (1600-1649). | |
| 13. A molecule. | |
| 14. Henry Louis Reginald De Koven (1861-1920). | |
| 15. Rustlers. | |

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER THREE—*continued*

27. The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé.
28. Delft, South Holland.
29. Sagas or Eddas.
30. Paper currency of government issue, made legal tender by law, but with no promise of redemption.
31. Moses.
32. [a] India, [b] the Netherlands, [c] England, [d] Spain.
33. A mineral sought by alchemists that would, by mere contact, transmute the baser metals into gold.
34. That of Queen Victoria (1819-1901) from 1837 to 1901.
35. Music.
36. Hendrik Willem Van Loon (1882—).
37. Anti-disestablishmentarianism.
38. Cordova.
39. Inhabitants of northern Luzon, in the Philippine Islands. Some of them are head-hunters.
40. [a] A famous author, lexicographer and philologist (1758-1843), [b] a famous jurist, orator and statesman (1782-1852).
41. Ivory Soap.
42. Words whose sound, as pronounced, resembles the sound of the thing signified.
43. She disobeyed God's command not to look back in her flight from the burning Sodom, and was turned into a pillar of salt.
44. A short piece of ordnance for throwing shells at high angles.
45. They are French philosophers.
46. Mary Johnston (1870—).
47. The disturbance of the water caused by a propeller causes the banks gradually to fill in the bottom of the channel.
48. A long narrow arm of the sea between high cliffs, as in Norway.
49. [a] *God Save the King*, [b] *The Star-Spangled Banner*, [c] *La Marseillaise*, [d] *Die Wacht am Rhein*.
50. Ferdinand, Count von Zeppelin (1838-1917).

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER FOUR

1. Every ten years.
2. The troops of the Australian and New Zealand Army Corps.
3. *The American Mercury*.
4. A stone found at Rosetta, Egypt, containing equivalent inscriptions in hieroglyphics and in Greek letters, thus giving scholars for the first time a key to hieroglyphic writing.
5. Chess.
6. Pledges of stock, notes or chattels as security for the payment of indebtedness.
7. Constantine I, the Great (272-337).
8. Constantinople.
9. The diamond.
10. Leopold Anton Stanislaw Stokowski (1882—).
11. Sir Walter Raleigh (1552-1618), for Queen Elizabeth (1533-1603).
12. France.
13. In the collision between the steamer *Florida* and the White Star Liner *Republic*, January 23, 1909.
14. Herbert George Wells (1866—).
15. [a] Switzerland, [b] Scotland.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER FOUR—continued

16. After the army had marched around the city for seven days, the high priests blew upon trumpets, the people shouted, and the walls crumbled.
17. William Harrison ("Jack") Dempsey.
18. [a] The Persians, [b] the Turks.
19. The names of the first two letters of the Greek alphabet (*alpha* and *beta*), corresponding to our *a* and *b*.
20. It was composed April 24, 1792, by Claude Joseph Rouget de Lisle.
21. It was composed September 13, 1814, by Francis Scott Key.
22. Palmolive Soap.
23. The Mississippi.
24. Alexander the Great (356-323 B. C.).
25. Lucrezia Borgia (1480-1519) and Catherine de Medici (1519-1589).
26. A pioneer producer of moving picture comedies.
27. Pelham Grenville Wodehouse (1881—).
28. William DeWolf Hopper (1858—).
29. In western Austria and northern Italy.
30. The Queen of Sheba.
31. A famous park just outside of Paris.
32. Homer (about 850 B. C.).
33. Both are derived from the Latin *Cæsar*.
34. They are French prose writers.
35. Sound waves.
36. Venus.
37. Luisa Tetrazzini (1874—) is a coloratura soprano.
38. Mrs. Edith Wharton (1862—).
39. 98.6° Fahrenheit.
40. The Russo-Japanese War (1904-1905).
41. Benjamin Franklin (1706-1790).
42. Ludwig van Beethoven (1770-1829).
43. A hot spring which projects water, either periodically or irregularly, to some height in the air.
44. From Lincoln's *Gettysburg Address*.
45. In southern Africa.
46. Maurice Maeterlinck (1862—).
47. Both mean left or left-handed. [a] French, [b] Latin.
48. Frank Gelett Burgess (1866—), in his book, *Are You a Bromide?*
49. Latitude, 90° north; all degrees of longitude pass through it.
50. John Loudon Macadam (1756-1836).

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER FIVE

1. The former headquarters of the London police. Now at New Scotland Yard.
2. The tsetse fly.
3. Congress allows annually \$25,000 for travel. This sum now covers also "official entertainment" expenses.
4. It is an evidence of indebtedness of a corporation, not secured by the mortgage right of foreclosure.
5. "Marse Henry" Watterson (1840-1921).
6. They are authors prominent in contemporary German literature, both fiction and drama.
7. Owen Wister (1860—).

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER FIVE—*continued*

8. William Makepeace Thackeray (1811-1863).
9. The *Koran*.
10. Henry Clay (1777-1852).
11. Of having divulged the state secrets of France to a foreign power.
12. A person with white skin and hair, and pinkish eyes; a man, animal or plant abnormally white in color.
13. The War of the Revolution, the War of 1812, the Mexican War, the Civil War, the Spanish-American War, the World War.
14. Rafael Sabatini (1875—).
15. A chauvinist.
16. Giovanni Jacopo Casanova de Seingalt (1725-1803).
17. The entrance to San Francisco harbor.
18. Mars.
19. A yellowish fossil resin found on the shores of the Baltic Sea.
20. Robert Charles Benchley (1889—).
21. The library of the Ptolemies at Alexandria, Egypt.
22. *The Mayflower*.
23. *Ali Baba*.
24. Rudyard Kipling (1865—).
25. The Ganges, the Jamna.
26. Scotland.
27. "And many goodly states and kingdoms seen;" (From *On First Looking into Chapman's Homer*, by John Keats.)
28. The food which God provided for the Jews in the desert.
29. Admiral Horatio Nelson (1758-1805), at the Battle of Trafalgar.
30. A motor in which a mixture of gases is introduced into a cylinder and exploded under pressure, imparting energy to the piston.
31. Ninety-six.
32. "Remember the Maine!"
33. Grover Cleveland Bergdoll.
34. Joan of Arc (1412-1431).
35. An ancient galley having two banks or tiers of oars.
36. Twelve.
37. The water siren who enticed sailors to their death in the rapids around the high rock, Lorelei, in the Rhine.
38. Friedrich Wilhelm Nietzsche (1844-1900).
39. They were French painters.
40. The Packard automobile.
41. Mexico, from 1864 to 1867.
42. Caius Julius Cæsar (100-44 B. C.).
43. Sea-gulls.
44. Wallace Irwin (1876—).
45. They are appointed by members of Congress, frequently after competitive examinations have been held.
46. It is the site of the Statue of Liberty.
47. The Rocky Mountains and the Appalachian Mountains.
48. The name given to the bell in the clock-tower of the Houses of Parliament, London.
49. Guinevere.
50. Utah.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER SIX

1. General Smedley Darling Butler (1881—).
2. Odysseus (Ulysses).
3. King Canute (994-1035).
4. Jean François Millet (1814-1875).
5. [a] H. C. ("Bud") Fisher (1884—), [b] George McManus (1884—).
6. Francis Scott Key (1780-1843) wrote it on the back of a letter during the bombardment of Fort McHenry, at Baltimore, Md., in 1814. He witnessed the bombardment from a ship in the harbor.
7. William Harrison ("Jack") Dempsey, who defeated Willard, July 4, 1919, at Toledo, Ohio.
8. The jaw-bone of an ass.
9. An onion-like plant with a very strong odor; a favorite condiment among the people of southern Europe and most Oriental countries.
10. The units are as follows: link, chain, furlong, mile.
11. Florida.
12. Edgar Lee Masters (1868—).
13. A tong.
14. Good Friday.
15. Colonel William Mitchell (1879—).
16. Nellie Melba, née Helen Porter Mitchell (1865—) at Melbourne, Australia.
17. They were emperors of Rome.
18. A New England poet (1875—).
19. The building erected by Cardinal Richelieu for the theological faculty of the University of Paris and now used by theological and learned societies for lectures, etc. Named for Robert de Sorbon (about 1250).
20. [a] Mount Vernon, Virginia, [b] Springfield, Illinois, [c] New York City.
21. Venice.
22. Fatima Cigarettes.
23. Virgil (Publius Virgilius Maro, 70-19 B. C.).
24. Mrs. Elinor Glyn Clayton.
25. An organized massacre of a body or class.
26. Sherlock Holmes.
27. Tokio and Yokohama.
28. In 1789.
29. Gregory Rasputin (1870-1916).
30. Dr. John Broadus Watson (1878—).
31. The Dawes Plan.
32. A person of great accomplishments. (From James Crichton, a Scotch prodigy of the sixteenth century.) Sir J. M. Barrie's play, *The Admirable Crichton*, deals with such a character.
33. James Branch Cabell (1879—).
34. By an earthquake coupled with an eruption of lava from Mount Vesuvius in A. D. 63.
35. They are diminutive fish abounding in the Mediterranean, and esteemed for their rich and peculiar flavor.
36. He was 969 years old.
37. Members of the U. S. Marine Corps.
38. Chronos.
39. A bankers' institution at which checks and bills against member banks are exchanged, the balances only being paid in cash.
40. They were corrupt and often ignorant politicians who flocked to the South during the era of Reconstruction after the Civil War.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER SIX—*continued*

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| 41. The Aurora Borealis. | 47. Thomas Paine (1737-1809). |
| 42. Harry Leon Wilson (1867—). | 48. The Hawaiian Islands. |
| 43. The six Vestal Virgins. | 49. "I am the captain of my soul."
(From <i>Invictus</i> , by William Ernest Henley.) |
| 44. "As a whole," "entirely." | 50. Dublin. |
| 45. Mardi Gras. | |
| 46. In a fiery chariot. | |

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER SEVEN

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|---|--|
| 1. A king of Lydia (sixth century B. C.), whose vast riches have caused his name to connote great wealth. | 17. "All in the valley of Death" ("Rode the six hundred"). (From <i>The Charge of the Light Brigade</i> , by Alfred, Lord Tennyson.) |
| 2. <i>The Literary Digest</i> . | 18. Myron T. Herrick (1854—). |
| 3. Arthur Cheney Train (1875—). | 19. Delhi. |
| 4. A black hand. | 20. Sir Arthur Conan Doyle (1859—). |
| 5. A rectangular column, especially one engaged in a wall. | 21. Philip, King of Macedon (382-336 B. C.). |
| 6. [a] Mohammedan, [b] Hebrew, [c] Buddhist or Hindu, [d] Christian. | 22. The French code as revised by Napoleon. |
| 7. Porfirio Diaz (1830-1915). | 23. It was there that Jesus meditated upon his approaching death and was found and taken by his enemies. |
| 8. A mixture of metals, or an inferior metal mixed usually with gold or silver. | 24. He was killed in the wreck of the U. S. Dirigible <i>Shenandoah</i> on September 3, 1925. |
| 9. Rome. | 25. A dwarf race, in equatorial Africa. |
| 10. Chicago. | 26. Napoleon III (1808-1873). |
| 11. An American educator, noted for his reforms in the Massachusetts school system. | 27. Joseph Hergesheimer (1880—). |
| 12. "Tomorrow." | 28. Daniel (died in the sixth century B. C.). |
| 13. The Sphinx and Pyramids of Egypt, the Hanging Gardens of Babylon, the Statue of Jupiter Olympus in the Valley of Olympia, the Temple of Diana at Ephesus, the Tomb of Mausolus at Halicarnassus, the Pharos (lighthouse) of Alexandria, the Colossus of Rhodes. | 29. Edwin Thomas Booth (1833-1893), brother to John Wilkes Booth (1838 or 1839-1865), who assassinated Abraham Lincoln. |
| 14. Frans Hals (about 1580-1666). | 30. Persia. |
| 15. He died bound to a stake and trans-fixed with many arrows. | 31. Harry Houdini (1874-1926). |
| 16. Kentucky. | 32. Percy Bysshe Shelley (1792-1822). |
| | 33. A person not a member of one of the four main castes of India; hence an outcast. |

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER SEVEN—*continued*

34. In the Southwest.
35. Gold Medal Flour.
36. Snakes grew upon her head in place of hair.
37. "It fell to earth, I knew not where."
(From *The Arrow and the Song*, by Henry Wadsworth Longfellow.)
38. Yes. In foreign affairs, however, it is represented by Denmark.
39. 17.673 years.
40. An office of profit or honor without duties attached.
41. Greek tragic drama.
42. Simon Bolivar (1783-1830).
43. Atlas.
44. Jo Davidson.
45. 280,000.
46. It is the place where Gen. Robert E. Lee surrendered to Gen. U. S. Grant, on April 9, 1865.
47. The Sherman Anti-Trust Act, of 1890.
48. They are carnivorous animals; animals that feed on flesh.
49. Benjamin Franklin (1706-1790).
50. A type of light artillery used by the French in the World War, having a calibre of 75 millimetres.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER EIGHT

1. Mary Pickford (1893—) and Douglas Fairbanks (1883—).
2. Andrew Carnegie (1835-1919). His benefactions totaled over three hundred million dollars.
3. In the interests of prohibition.
4. Patrick Henry (1736-1799).
5. The nineteenth century.
6. Nebuchadnezzar (died 562 B. C.).
7. A missile weapon used by Australian aborigines, so constructed that it finally returns to the thrower.
8. Lake Superior.
9. Rome and Carthage.
10. George Louis Palmella Busson Du Maurier (1834-1896).
11. Allah.
12. New Zealand.
13. Benjamin Franklin (1706-1790).
14. Caius Julius Cæsar (100-44 B. C.).
15. William Frederick ("Buffalo Bill") Cody (1845-1917).
16. "And he stoppeth one of three:"
(From *The Rime of the Ancient* *Mariner*, by Samuel Taylor Coleridge.)
17. An English philanthropist, especially celebrated as a hospital nurse during the Crimean War.
18. "Without which not"; an indispensable condition.
19. Albert I (1875—).
20. The Yukon (2,000 miles).
21. They are newspaper columnists. [a] New York *World*, [b] New York *World*, [c] Philadelphia *Public Ledger*, [d] Cleveland *Plain Dealer*, [e] Akron *Beacon Journal*, [f] Chicago *Daily News*, [g] New York *Herald Tribune*, [h] New York *Sun*.
22. Frederick William MacMonnies (1863—).
23. "Mark Twain," the pseudonym of Samuel Langhorne Clemens (1835-1910).
24. It is a shrine noted for the miraculous cures reported by pilgrims.
25. Leonidas (died 480 B. C.).

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER EIGHT—continued

26. One prescribing the period after which a legal action cannot be brought.
27. Adventure stories for boys.
28. Thomas Alva Edison (1847—), in 1878.
29. [a] \$4.8665, [b] \$0.193, [c] \$0.193.
30. A shed or shelter for housing balloons or airplanes.
31. "Then, if ever, come perfect days;" (From *The Vision of Sir Launfal*, by James Russell Lowell.)
32. William Howard Taft (1857—).
33. A sod which can be cut into cakes and burned as fuel.
34. *The American Mercury*.
35. Elephant tusks.
36. "Let nothing but good be said about the dead."
37. [a] First base, [b] pitcher.
38. Robert Burns (1759-1796).
39. Maude Adams (1872—).
40. *Hamlet* (Act I, Scene 4, line 90).
41. A German priest (1483-1546), whose writings and teachings were the effective initiation of the Protestant Reformation. He also founded the Lutheran Church.
42. Bon Ami cleaning powder.
43. Giacomo Puccini (1858-1925).
44. A soviet form of government, as in Russia.
45. The three-headed dog which guarded the entrance to Hades.
46. Those of the British Government, more especially those of the prime minister.
47. The exact time was 12 M., November 18, 1883.
48. An albatross.
49. Stephen Decatur (1779-1820).
50. Caius Julius Cæsar and his army, in 49 B. C.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER NINE

1. Because every tenth year the inhabitants perform the Passion Play, dealing with the last days in the life of Christ.
2. Wilhelm Richard Wagner (1813-1883).
3. A unit of heat, being the amount necessary to raise one gram of water one degree Centigrade.
4. Thomas Jefferson (1743-1826). The other members were Benjamin Franklin, John Adams, Robert Livingston and Roger Sherman.
5. Colonel Edward Mandell House (1858—).
6. Fairy Soap.
7. [a] I, [b] V, [c] X, [d] L, [e] C, [f] D, [g] M.
8. James Russell Lowell (1819-1891).
9. The Very Reverend William Ralph Inge (1860—).
10. [a] 5-and-10-cent stores, [b] banking, [c] mining.
11. Seventy-five miles. On March 23, 1918, Paris was bombarded at this range from behind the German lines.
12. They are titles of authority.
13. *Rain*, by W. Somerset Maugham.
14. Helium gas is non-inflammable, while hydrogen gas is not.
15. No. It gave obscure and equivocal instructions.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER NINE—*continued*

16. Theodore Roosevelt (1858-1919), 26th president. Perdicaris, an American citizen, was held for ransom by Raisuli, a bandit of Northern Africa. Perdicaris was freed.
17. An English nurse who was executed in Brussels by the Germans on October 13, 1915, charged with aiding Allied prisoners to escape.
18. The Japanese name for Japan.
19. The *Iliad* (attributed to Homer).
20. They are American painters.
21. The Julian and the Gregorian.
22. Guiseppe Verdi (1813-1901).
23. A schooner has two or more masts, a sloop but one.
24. Immanuel Kant (1724-1804).
25. There are seven red stripes and six white stripes.
26. Cape Hatteras, on the North Carolina coast.
27. Thirteen.
28. Johann Heinrich A., Count von Bernstorff (1862—).
29. A breaker of images; one who assails cherished beliefs.
30. Gertrude Atherton (1857—).
31. David Livingstone (1813-1873) and Henry Morton Stanley (1841-1904).
32. "In a kingdom by the sea," (From *Annabel Lee*, by Edgar Allan Poe.)
33. A famous battlefield mentioned in the Biblical book of Revelations.
34. An arched brace for strengthening and supporting a part of a building which rises above the rest.
35. Sugar cane and sugar beets.
36. Henry Clay (1777-1852), in 1824, 1832 and 1844; William Jennings Bryan (1860-1925), in 1896, 1900 and 1908.
37. A note produced by twice or half the vibration-rate of a given note and eight diatonic degrees above or below it. A series of notes filling the interval between a note and its octave.
38. A pair of lovers who lived on opposite sides of the Hellespont. Leander used to swim the straits each night, until he was drowned in a tempest.
39. An agreement of two or more politicians to further each other's plans, as by each voting for the other's bill.
40. Edinburgh, Scotland.
41. Charles François Gounod (1818-1893).
42. [a] China, [b] Scotland, [c] Russia, [d] Japan.
43. A government which is actually ruling a country, although not necessarily with legal or constitutional sanction.
44. "And never brought to mind?" (From *Auld Lang Syne*, by Robert Burns.)
45. A Mohammedan priest who, from the minaret of a mosque, calls the faithful to prayer, especially at sunrise or sunset.
46. Henri Guy de Maupassant (1850-1893).
47. Friedrich A. J. von Bernhardt (1849—).
48. The north-eastern part.
49. *Gulliver's Travels*, by Jonathan Swift (1667-1745).
50. Thirteen or fourteen.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TEN

1. Benedict Arnold (1741-1801).
2. The *Mona Lisa*, by Leonardo da Vinci (1452-1519).
3. Sinclair Lewis (1885—). The novel was *Arrowsmith*.
4. France.
5. Knight Commander of the Bath.
6. The extraction of information from prisoners through physical or mental coercion.
7. The wife of William Shakespeare.
8. Newton Booth Tarkington (1869—).
9. Members of rival political factions in the Holy Roman Empire during the Middle Ages.
10. The ancient name for China, now used poetically.
11. Athanasius (296-373) and Arius (about 256-336).
12. Spain.
13. Archimedes (about 287-212 B. C.), who discovered the principle that a body immersed in water loses in weight as much as the weight of the volume of water displaced.
14. Woodbury's Facial Soap.
15. South Africa.
16. Mont Blanc, in France (15,781 feet above sea-level).
17. As an infant, he had been dipped in the River Styx by his mother, Thetis. This made him invulnerable, save for the heel by which she held him.
18. Asbestos, because it is incombustible.
19. *Arms and the Man*.
20. Adam Smith (1723-1790).
21. It is surrounded by broad flat luminous bands, which are known as its "rings."
22. The carat (3.17 grains).
23. A royal palace of Spain about 24 miles from Madrid, used as a seminary.
24. Tammany Hall.
25. Arturo Toscanini (1867—).
26. "And all the men and women merely players:" (From *As You Like It*, by William Shakespeare.)
27. Aquatic animals of a low order, with pores in the body walls.
28. Potiphar's wife. When Joseph did not respond to her advances, she falsely accused him to her husband.
29. [a] Department stores, [b] gold and diamond mining, [c] tea.
30. The Nile, Egypt.
31. Henry Ward Beecher (1813-1887).
32. Queen Elizabeth's, from 1558 to 1603. *Venus and Adonis* was published in 1593.
33. Irregular war waged by small bodies acting independently.
34. Subject, John; predicate, hit; object, George.
35. Eugène Brieux (1858—).
36. They were formerly college presidents.
37. King's Counsel.
38. So that it will be readily apparent if the metal be filed or cut away.
39. Thomas Alva Edison (1847—).
40. Languages which are derived from the Latin, such as French, Spanish, Italian, Portuguese, etc.
41. Rudyard Kipling (1865—).
42. Percussion.
43. Alexandre César Léopold (called Georges) Bizet (1838-1875).
44. Anatole France, the pseudonym of Jacques Anatole Thibault (1844-1924).

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TEN—*continued*

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| <p>45. The Prince of Wales.</p> <p>46. The sailors believed that the presence of Jonah on a ship was the cause of the bad luck which beset them.</p> <p>47. 1846-1848.</p> | <p>48. "George Eliot," the pseudonym of Mrs. Mary Ann Evans Cross (1819-1880).</p> <p>49. Ether.</p> <p>50. Alice Lee Roosevelt.</p> |
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GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER ELEVEN

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| <p>1. A cow, owned by a Mrs. O'Leary, kicked over a lighted lantern.</p> <p>2. Rex Ellingwood Beach (1877—).</p> <p>3. Carbon dioxide.</p> <p>4. An atheist denies the existence of a God; an agnostic neither affirms nor denies the existence of a God.</p> <p>5. A Bohemian reformer (1373-1415), who was burned at the stake for his religious convictions.</p> <p>6. Phineas Taylor Barnum (1810-1891).</p> <p>7. "Rum, Romanism, and Rebellion." A Dr. Samuel Burchard thus characterized the Democratic party, which soon after elected Grover Cleveland, by a small margin.</p> <p>8. Athens, Greece.</p> <p>9. By choosing the leaden casket in which her portrait was hidden. (<i>Merchant of Venice</i>, Act III, Scene 2.)</p> <p>10. Thomas Alva Edison (1847—).</p> <p>11. "But spare your country's flag," she said." (From <i>Barbara Frietchie</i>, by John Greenleaf Whittier.)</p> <p>12. The Rio Grande.</p> <p>13. Francis Scott Key Fitzgerald (1896—).</p> <p>14. George Wesley Bellows (1882-1925).</p> <p>15. Luis Angel Firpo, the prize-fighter.</p> <p>16. J. P. Morgan and Company.</p> | <p>17. Hamilcar Barca (died 228 B. C.) and his son, Hannibal (247-183 B. C.).</p> <p>18. He was a professional "strong man." (1867-1925).</p> <p>19. <i>Abie's Irish Rose</i>. Opened in May, 1922.</p> <p>20. "Let the buyer beware"; i. e., buy at his own risk.</p> <p>21. April 18-19, 1775.</p> <p>22. Members of the ruling house of Russia from 1613 to 1917.</p> <p>23. Niccolo Machiavelli (1468-1527).</p> <p>24. Its rich coal deposits.</p> <p>25. Representative Andrew J. Volstead (1860—), of Minnesota.</p> <p>26. Capable of being steered or guided.</p> <p>27. [a] 39, [b] 27.</p> <p>28. Nicholas II (1868-1918), who ruled from 1894 to 1917.</p> <p>29. The sequoias, of California, including the redwoods and the "big trees." (Some Australian eucalyptuses grow taller, but they are of much less circumference.)</p> <p>30. London.</p> <p>31. A distinguished Russian basso.</p> <p>32. [a] Yellow, [b] blue.</p> <p>33. Dick Whittington.</p> <p>34. A book with a permanent record, made daily, of all events occurring in a ship's voyage, including the rate of progress made.</p> |
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GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER ELEVEN—continued

35. Griselda.
36. Aunt Jemima's Pancake Flour.
37. Louis Raemakers (1869—).
38. John Bunyan (1628-1688).
39. William Shakespeare (1564-1616). In *Twelfth Night*, Act II, Scene 5.
40. The Bible (Acts xix. 28.).
41. The inhabitants of the ancient Greek colony of Sybaris, in Italy, were noted for their luxurious mode of living.
42. Wyoming.
43. "Hail and farewell."
44. Thirty-two.
45. A women's organization named for Lucy Stone (1818-1893). She retained her maiden name after her marriage, and members of the league follow her example in this particular.
46. *In Memoriam*.
47. *Carmen*.
48. "and unto God the things that are God's." (Matthew xxii. 21.)
49. Kathleen Norris (1880—).
50. Guglielmo Marconi (1874—).

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWELVE

1. The gondola.
2. Charles William Eliot (1834-1926), editor of *The Harvard Classics*.
3. Its fine porcelain. (It is also the site of a famous art gallery.)
4. Trinidad, where there is a lake of asphalt.
5. Plain clothes worn by one who has the right to wear a uniform.
6. The *Clermont* (called "Fulton's Folly" by some, until its success was demonstrated).
7. Rome.
8. Newton Booth Tarkington (1869—).
9. The body of men whom Jason led in search of the Golden Fleece, in the vessel *Argo*.
10. Admiral George Dewey (1837-1917), at the Battle of Manila Bay, May 1, 1898.
11. Injury to the work or establishment of an employer by workmen in order to reduce output and enforce demands.
12. Antonin Dvořák (1841-1904).
13. The Durant automobile.
14. Marie Antoinette (1755-1793).
15. [a] Six years, [b] two years.
16. John Falstaff.
17. Clara Barton (1821-1912).
18. An instrument for stopping the flow of blood through an artery by compression effected with a screw.
19. "But I go on forever." (From *The Brook*, by Alfred, Lord Tennyson.)
20. William Montgomery Brown (1855—).
21. Albert Bertel Thorvaldsen (1770-1844).
22. "The lowing herd winds slowly o'er the lea," (From the *Elegy Written in a Country Church-yard*, by Thomas Gray).
23. One who subscribes to the doctrine that pleasure is the chief good.
24. Hetty Rowland Robinson Green.
25. In the playing of a game of that name invented in the fourteenth century.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWELVE—continued

26. The boa constrictor and the regal python.
27. Edward William Bok (1863—).
28. King Tutankhamen.
29. Baritone.
30. A famous hole or opening in the wall of the antechamber of the Great Council in the Doges' Palace, Venice, through which anonymous accusations were passed in.
31. The New York *World*.
32. A council or meeting of ecclesiastics to consult on religious matters.
33. A decree issued in 1598 by Henry IV., of France, granting toleration to the Protestant religion; it was revoked by Louis XIV in 1685.
34. The cochineal.
35. The Missouri, Kansas and Texas.
36. Moses.
37. Ferdinand, Vicomte de Lesseps (1805-1894).
38. Gabriele d'Annunzio, the pseudonym of Gaetano Rapagnetta (1864—).
39. [a] Steel, [b] coal and steel, [c] railroads.
40. Beads made of shells, used by the North American Indians as money and for ornamental belts.
41. Molla Bjurstedt Mallory.
42. Copper (two-thirds) and zinc (one-third).
43. Gioachino Antonio Rossini (1792-1868).
44. Matthew Vassar (1791-1868) founded Vassar College in 1861.
45. Charles Lamb (1775-1834).
46. The residence of the popes at Avignon, France, from 1378 to 1417.
47. The equinoxes. One takes place about March 21 and the other about September 22.
48. Daniel Boone (1735-1820).
49. Homer (ninth century B. C.), in the *Iliad*.
50. A former country comprised of parts of modern France, Belgium and the Netherlands.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER THIRTEEN

1. The College of Cardinals.
2. A celebrated Venetian traveler (1254-1324). One of the first European travelers in China.
3. "Et tu, Brute? Then fall, Cæsar!" In *Julius Cæsar*, Act III, Scene 1.
4. In Independence Hall, Philadelphia.
5. Wilhelm Richard Wagner (1813-1883), Felix Mendelssohn (1809-1847).
6. A nitrogenous substance, minute quantities of which are essential to the diet of man and other animals.
7. In northern Africa.
8. Heinz's food products.
9. William Shakespeare (1564-1616).
10. George Bernard Shaw (1856—).
11. George Randolph Chester (1869-1924).
12. [a] Flagg, [b] Christy, [c] Gibson, [d] Fisher or Cady.
13. The priests of the religion of the ancient inhabitants of Britain, Gaul and Germany.
14. The male sex.
15. Madonnas.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER THIRTEEN—*continued*

16. A fabled race of giants who had but one eye, placed in the center of the forehead.
17. Admiral David Glasgow Farragut (1801-1870), at the Battle of Mobile Bay, August 5, 1864.
18. "Not a creature was stirring, not even a mouse;" (From *A Visit from St. Nicholas*, by Clement C. Moore.)
19. A stalactite is a mineral deposit, usually in the form of an icicle, hanging from the roof of a cave, etc. A stalagmite is the same save that it projects from the floor.
20. The Dardanelles.
21. Giovanni Papini (1881—).
22. They are designed chiefly to regulate the sale of stocks, bonds and other securities, in order to protect investors.
23. Russia.
24. Windsor.
25. [a] Steel, especially munitions, [b] banking, [c] automobiles.
26. Hans Christian Andersen (1805-1875).
27. Starboard.
28. They were all defeated candidates for the Presidency of the United States.
29. From Vulcan, god of fire and metal-working.
30. The peninsula which forms the southern part of Greece.
31. The San Francisco earthquake.
32. One of the two goats determined by lot, over whose head the ancient Jewish high priest confessed the sins of the people, after which it was sent away into the wilderness.
33. Harold Bell Wright (1872—).
34. It is a kind of soft-nosed bullet which expands upon striking and inflicts lacerations.
35. Green rust on copper.
36. It is the name of a portion of the left bank of the Seine, at Paris, on which many government buildings face, and is frequently used to denote the French government.
37. Franz Peter Schubert (1797-1828).
38. English statute law.
39. A signalling apparatus reflecting flashes of sunlight.
40. The university located there. It was founded in 1386 and is said to be the oldest in Germany.
41. "Typhoid Mary."
42. Table salt.
43. The cheetah.
44. An Italian noted for his life of great piety and extreme poverty, who founded the Franciscan order of monks.
45. Chaparejos, usually referred to as "chaps."
46. A rope attached to a sail to regulate its tension, etc.; also open space in the bow or stern of a boat.
47. The First Crusade lasted from 1096 to 1099.
48. Nathaniel Hawthorne (1804-1864).
49. Boston.
50. Harrisburg.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER FOURTEEN

1. [a] Rome, [b] Paris.
2. [a] Blue, [b] red, [c] green.
3. God caused the workmen to begin to speak in different languages, so that they could not communicate with each other.
4. *Hamlet*.
5. Sweet Caporal Cigarettes.
6. "The murmuring pines and the hemlocks," (From *Evangeline, A Tale of Acadie*, by Henry Wadsworth Longfellow.)
7. Those who went to California in 1849, following the discovery there of gold.
8. The Tyne.
9. It was introduced in 1869 by a naturalist who was carrying on experimental work with insects. Some of the caterpillars escaped later in the season and the species established itself.
10. Queen Elizabeth (1533-1603), who reigned from 1558 to 1603.
11. Kissing the Blarney Stone.
12. Maine.
13. A trillion.
14. Harold ("Red") Grange, of the University of Illinois.
15. The President of the University of Illinois.
16. Ethel Barrymore (1879—).
17. That of a shipwrecked sailor who returns to find his wife (believing him dead) remarried. He does not undeceive her and soon dies of a broken heart.
18. Saint Augustine, Florida, settled by the Spanish in 1565.
19. Argus. Juno put the eyes in the tail of her peacock.
20. Francis Bret Harte (1839-1902).
21. An instrument marking time by means of a pendulum. Used in music.
22. The inhabitants of Greece.
23. Mecca.
24. A distinguished Confederate general (1818-1893). He was in command at Bull Run.
25. Winston Churchill (1871—).
26. The oak.
27. It was named for Dr. Joseph Ignace Guillotine (1738-1814), who did *not* invent it.
28. German lyric poets and singers in the twelfth, thirteenth and fourteenth centuries.
29. Commodore Matthew Calbraith Perry (1794-1858).
30. Political Economy, so called by Thomas Carlyle (1795-1881).
31. "He is trampling out the vintage where the grapes of wrath are stored;" (From the *Battle Hymn of the Republic*, by Julia Ward Howe.)
32. If rain falls on this day, it will continue for forty days.
33. The Cathedral of St. Peter, at Rome. It is 636 feet long.
34. An oculist is an eye doctor; an optician is one who makes or sells optical instruments.
35. The White Star liner *Majestic*. It is 915 feet, 5 inches long.
36. *The Clansman*, by Thomas Dixon (1864—).

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER FOURTEEN—*continued*

37. Friedrich Wilhelm Nietzsche (1844-1900).
38. England, with 701.3 inhabitants per square mile.
39. The Forum.
40. Samuel Colt (1814-1862), in 1835.
41. Between Europe and Asiatic Russia.
42. William Somerset Maugham (1874—).
43. Some children, mocking Elisha's bald pate, were devoured by two bears.
44. France.
45. 1896, 1904, 1908, 1912, 1916, 1920, 1924. (1900 was not a leap-year.)
46. Quotation marks.
47. A town in France, near Paris, celebrated for its porcelain manufactures.
48. A vessel abandoned at sea.
49. Diogenes (412-323 B. C.).
50. General John Joseph Pershing (1860—), upon arriving in France in 1917.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER FIFTEEN

1. A bomb used for the destruction of submarines by explosion at a determined depth below the surface.
2. "As through an Alpine village passed" (From *Excelsior*, by Henry Wadsworth Longfellow.)
3. The first Carolingian king of the Franks (742-814); the grandson of Charles Martel.
4. His believers are said to throw themselves under the huge car of juggernaut, as it is dragged through the streets, seeking to be crushed by its wheels.
5. Andrew Carnegie (1835-1919) gave \$10,000,000 for that purpose.
6. Hector.
7. Contagion is the communication of disease from body to body (directly or indirectly). Infection is the communication of disease, especially by agency of atmosphere or water.
8. Walt Whitman (1819-1892).
9. An American music writer and critic; a frequent contributor to the leading periodicals, (1860-1921).
10. Alexander Graham Bell (1847-1922), in 1876.
11. The frigate *Constitution* ("Old Ironsides").
12. One of the chemical elements; a light-reddish colored metal of brittle texture, much used in stereotyping.
13. Mohammed (about 571-632).
14. The Amazon (3,900 miles).
15. Angora.
16. Switzerland.
17. Ionic, Doric, Corinthian.
18. A military people, inhabiting the steppes of Russia, famous as horsemen.
19. Ellis Parker Butler (1869—).
20. Chesterfield Cigarettes.
21. Joseph.
22. The letter "e."
23. Etna, Vesuvius, Stromboli.
24. John Adams (1735-1826) and Thomas Jefferson (1743-1826).
25. A geometrical figure (with four sides, no two of which are parallel).
26. Wilbur Wright (1867-1912) and Orville Wright (1871—).

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER FIFTEEN—continued

27. William Edgar Borah (1865—).
28. The positive ends will attract the negative ends, and vice-versa.
29. Ignace Jan Paderewski (1860—), premier of Poland in 1919.
30. "Concerning tastes, there can be no dispute."
31. Robert Burns (1759-1796).
32. In England, drivers keep to the left.
33. *Man-of-War*.
34. Æsop (about 620-564 B.C.)
35. [a] Fox, [b] bear, [c] lion, [d] horse.
36. In Buddhism, the highest religious state, when all desire of existence and wordly goods is extinguished, and the soul is absorbed into the Deity.
37. Desiré Joseph, Cardinal Mercier, primate of Belgium (1851-1926).
38. A republic.
39. Oxford, begun early in the twelfth century.
40. Sir Walter Scott (1771-1832).
41. He advocates recognition of the Soviet government.
42. Richard Roe.
43. Georgia, in 1733.
44. A geographical division entitled to representation in Parliament but with so scant a population as to have no longer any real constituency.
45. The pearl.
46. *The Pirates of Penzance*.
47. In the lower leg.
48. A believer in Mohammedanism (from Moslem).
49. Theodore Roosevelt (1858-1919).
50. "Awoke one night from a deep dream of peace," (From *Abou Ben Adhem*, by Leigh Hunt.)

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER SIXTEEN

1. Charles Gates Dawes (1865—), Vice-President of the United States.
2. George Ade (1866—).
3. Nero. (Lucius Domitius Ahenobarbus, later Nero Claudius Cæsar Drusus Germanicus, 37-68 A.D.)
4. William Ashley ("Billy") Sunday (1863—).
5. [a] Very softly, [b] very loud, [c] lively, gay, in brisk time.
6. The Black Hole of Calcutta.
7. A Scottish leader of the Reformation.
8. Eli Whitney (1765-1825) in 1793.
9. Free on board; delivered free to a carrier but not including subsequent transportation and shipping charges.
10. Christopher Marlowe (1564-1593).
11. Hieroglyphics.
12. Pinochle.
13. Public expression of a community's opinion, with or without binding force.
14. Joseph Ernest Renan (1823-1892).
15. Alexander Hamilton (1757-1804).
16. René Descartes (1596-1650), founder of a school of philosophy known as Cartesianism.
17. Sherwood Anderson (1876—).
18. Irving Berlin (1888—).
19. "By itself."
20. The meridian of Greenwich.
21. Tapering pillars of stone.
22. *The Prisoner of Zenda*.
23. Stentor.
24. A large unwieldy ship of a kind formerly used by the Spaniards.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER SIXTEEN—*continued*

25. Lucky Strike Cigarettes.
26. The jugular vein.
27. Alanson Bigelow Houghton (1863—).
28. They are European watering places. [a] England, [b] France, [c] Belgium, [d] Italy.
29. K D K A.
30. Abolitionists.
31. Charles John Huffham Dickens (1812-1870).
32. William Caxton (1422-1491).
33. Lt.-Gen. Sir Robert Stephenson Smythe Baden-Powell, K.C.B., K.C.V.O. (1857—).
34. Sir Joshua Reynolds (1723-1792).
35. Marcus Junius Brutus (85 B.C.-42 B.C.) and Caius Cassius Longinus (died 42 B.C.).
36. The Dominion of Canada.
37. The Ten Commandments.
38. The Nile (4,000 miles).
39. An unbranded animal, so called from Samuel Maverick, a Texan cattle-raiser, who refrained from branding his cattle.
40. The Pied Piper of Hamelin, celebrated in Robert Browning's poem of that name.
41. At Valley Forge, Pa.
42. Naming in sequence the thirty-two points of the compass.
43. 3.1416.
44. George Herman ("Babe") Ruth.
45. By having his hair cut off.
46. The length is 3,898 miles.
47. (S. J. Paul) Kruger (1825-1904).
48. Five years.
49. Jules Verne (1828-1905).
50. John Bull.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER SEVENTEEN

1. Listerine.
2. Rudolph Valentino (1895-1926), the pseudonym of Rodolpho Raffaele Pierre Filibert Guglielmi di Valinetta d'Antongoulla.
3. The Fascist party.
4. Frederic Auguste Bartholdi (1834-1904).
5. "The village smithy stands;" (From *The Village Blacksmith*, by Henry Wadsworth Longfellow.)
6. Buffalo, New York, in 1901.
7. John Wesley (1703-1791) and Charles Wesley (1708-1788).
8. Dwight Lyman Moody (1837-1899) and Ira David Sankey (1840-1908).
9. Atlantic, Pacific, Indian, Arctic, Antarctic.
10. Its annual regatta in July. The university boat races are held on the river and American crews frequently take part.
11. To restore respiration artificially.
12. At Ajaccio, Corsica, in 1769.
13. They are contemporary actresses.
14. Philip Dormer Stanhope, 4th Earl of Chesterfield (1694-1773).
15. George Bryan ("Beau") Brummel (1778-1840) or Richard ("Beau") Nash (1674-1762).
16. Flora and fauna (vegetable and animal).
17. Oscar Fingall O'Flahertie Wills Wilde (1856-1900).
18. Benjamin Franklin (1706-1790), in 1752.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER SEVENTEEN—*continued*

19. Pheidippides.
20. Turkey and Russia.
21. England.
22. A French leader of the Reformation (1509-1564), who ruled the church-government set up at Geneva, Switzerland, a Protestant city.
23. "Where the foe's haughty host in dread silence reposes."
24. *The Star-Spangled Banner*, by Francis Scott Key (1780-1843).
25. A judicial process restraining a person from a wrongful act; or compelling restitution to an injured party.
26. George Horace Lorimer (1868—).
27. The pointed arch.
28. Haym Salomon (1740-1785).
29. The Washington Monument, at Washington, D. C. It stands 555 feet, five and one-half inches above the ground.
30. The early Egyptians. Isis was the goddess of the Moon, and Osiris, her husband, was the god of the Sun.
31. Charles Evans Hughes (1862—).
32. John Milton (1608-1674).
33. Nova Scotia, Canada.
34. Alfred the Great (849-901).
35. Placed equidistant between two equal haystacks, it starved to death, being unable to choose which to go to first.
36. John Alden.
37. Victor Talking Machines.
38. The angle of reflection.
39. The last book of the New Testament; the *Book of Revelations*.
40. Arthur Schopenhauer (1788-1860).
41. They were all navigators and explorers.
42. *The Odyssey*.
43. A socialistic community founded at West Roxbury, Massachusetts, in 1841. Among the chief founders were Ripley, Hawthorne and Charles A. Dana.
44. Mammalia.
45. Pierre Charles L'Enfant (1775-1825), a French engineer, in 1791.
46. General, Lieutenant-General, Major-General, Brigadier-General, Colonel, Lieutenant-Colonel, Major, Captain, First Lieutenant, Second Lieutenant.
47. Tokio.
48. Jonathan Swift (1667-1745).
49. Two hundred and forty pounds. A long ton is 2,240 pounds, a short ton is 2,000 pounds.
50. The black flag of piracy.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER EIGHTEEN

1. The Eiffel Tower, Paris. It is 984 feet high.
2. Samuel Gompers (1850-1924).
3. Tia Juana.
4. Isaac Watts (1674-1748).
5. They are contemporary poets.
6. Richard, the Lion-Hearted (Richard Cœur-de-Lion) (1157-1199).
7. Water, which expands by one-eleventh of its own bulk upon being transformed into ice at 32° F.
8. A she-wolf.
9. "On a stern and rock-bound coast," (From *The Landing of the Pilgrim Fathers*, by Felicia Dorothea Hemans.)

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER EIGHTEEN—continued

10. A victory gained at too great cost, like that of Pyrrhus, King of Epirus, over the Romans at Asculum.
11. The Great Day of Atonement or Feast of Expiation among the Jews. It falls on the tenth day of the Jewish month Tisri.
12. The North American Indian.
13. Henry VIII (1491-1547). Pope Clement VII having failed to give him permission to divorce Catherine of Aragon and marry Anne Boleyn, he caused an act of Parliament to be passed, in 1535, declaring him to be the supreme head of the church.
14. The Atlantic Ocean.
15. The Union Jack.
16. The art of predicting by means of communication with the dead; also magic, enchantment.
17. 1 A.D.
18. Edward Phillips Oppenheim (1866—).
19. The salamander.
20. A celebrated Greek sculptor (Fourth century B.C.).
21. Atmospheric pressure.
22. A lack of fresh vegetables or some equivalent.
23. Nathan Hale (1755-1776).
24. The Colosseum.
25. In *Uncle Tom's Cabin*, by Harriet Beecher Stowe (1811-1896).
26. About 1100 A.D.
27. An office-holder who has been defeated for re-election but whose term has not expired.
28. A list, compiled by the Roman Catholic Church, of passages to be expunged in books which it otherwise allows its members to read. (Often confused with the *Index Librorum Prohibitorum*.)
29. Pocahontas, daughter of Powhatan.
30. Henryk Ibsen (1828-1906).
31. The Adriatic.
32. They are concert pianists.
33. Paavo Nurmi.
34. A sailing ship built with very sharp lines, more or less raking masts, and great spread of canvas, with a view to speed.
35. Lyric poets of a class originating in Provence in the eleventh century.
36. John Bunyan (1628-1688), author of *Pilgrim's Progress*.
37. At the Bay of Fundy, New Brunswick, Canada. The spring tides there rise fifty feet.
38. Sea-gulls.
39. Henry Clay (1777-1852).
40. Leprosy.
41. Steinway pianos.
42. *Quo Vadis*.
43. "Gang aft a-gley," (From *To a Mouse*, by Robert Burns.)
44. [a] Greece, [b] Germany, [c] Japan, [d] Italy.
45. Queen Victoria. She ruled from 1837 to 1901.
46. Colonel.
47. Standard Time in England; mean time for the Meridian of Greenwich.
48. No. The foundation began to sink before the construction was completed.
49. Linen rags.
50. Delilah.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER NINETEEN

1. Sigmund Freud (1856—).
2. A league of Greek city-states, religious in origin.
3. Charles Dickens (1812-1870) and William Makepeace Thackeray (1811-1863).
4. Superior, Huron, Michigan, Erie, Ontario.
5. John Keats (1795-1821).
6. Subterranean cemeteries where the early Christians buried their dead and where they celebrated divine worship.
7. A strong heavy grating, sliding up and down in vertical grooves at the sides of a gateway in a fortress.
8. Millard Fillmore (1800-1874), thirteenth President.
9. A museum and institution of learning at Washington, D. C., founded by James Smithson, an English chemist and mineralogist.
10. George Jean Nathan (1882—).
11. The parallel of latitude $54^{\circ} 40'$ was advocated as the U. S.-Canadian boundary in the West and the expression was used by William Allen (1806-1879) in the U. S. Senate during the presidential campaign of 1844.
12. They were French explorers in North America.
13. Turkey.
14. California.
15. "Whence all but he had fled;" (From *Casabianca*, by Felicia Dorothea Hemans.)
16. The citadel of Moscow, Russia.
17. Between France and Spain on one side and England on the other.
18. They are abodes of the blessed dead.
19. A celebrated English poet, dramatist and critic (1631-1700).
20. Four intake valves and four exhaust valves.
21. The flight of Mohammed from Mecca to Medina in 622 A.D. It is the base from which Mohammedans reckon the years in their chronology.
22. In Westminster Abbey.
23. For cutting and welding metals.
24. Ludwig II (1846-1886), who reigned from 1864 to 1886.
25. Chesterfield Cigarettes.
26. The ending of debate by a majority vote.
27. The French box car, during the World War.
28. Low tides which occur in the beginning of the second and fourth quarters of the moon.
29. Willa Sibert Cather (1876—).
30. Booker Taliaferro Washington (1859-1915).
31. A very valuable morbid secretion from the intestines of the sperm whale, usually found floating in tropical seas; used in perfume making.
32. Greek, Hephæstus; Roman, Vulcan.
33. It is derived from Bayonne, France, because bayonets are said to have been first made there.
34. On Mount Sinai.
35. St. Andrew's, in Scotland.
36. John Milton (1608-1674).
37. William James Mayo (1861—) and Charles Horace Mayo (1865—).
38. An American writer of many books for children (1859-1923).

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER NINETEEN—*continued*

39. Lake Michigan.
40. Prussia.
41. The boll-weevil.
42. Admiral, Vice-Admiral, Rear-Admiral, Captain, Commander, Lieutenant-Commander, Lieutenant, Lieutenant Junior Grade, Ensign.
43. Columbia University, in New York City. Its enrollment in 1925 was 34,845.
44. Tony Sarg (1883—).
45. Upton Sinclair (1878—).
46. Sparta.
47. Esau, the elder, traded his rights to inherit the possessions of their father, Isaac, for a mess of pottage.
48. They were actors, more especially actors of Shakespearian drama.
49. James Oliver Curwood (1878—).
50. It is mined.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY

1. The prodigal son.
2. Robert Edwin Peary (1856-1920), in 1909.
3. In southern Florida.
4. [a] California (158,297 square miles), [b] Delaware (2,370 square miles).
5. Rheims.
6. Matter flowing from a volcano, or the solid substance into which it cools.
7. Cyrus H. McCormick (1809-1884).
8. Fra Girolamo Savonarola (1452-1498).
9. Florence, Italy.
10. Twenty.
11. They are distinguished physicists.
12. Damocles.
13. Africa.
14. Ring W. Lardner (1885—).
15. Joan of Arc (1412-1431). ([a] Mark Twain, [b] George Bernard Shaw, [c] Anatole France.)
16. A preparation for the table, of the roe of certain large fish preserved by salting. The best is made from the roes of the sterlet, sturgeon, sevruga and beluga, caught in the lakes and rivers of Russia.
17. Bock beer.
18. Edward William Bok (1860—).
19. Amerigo Vespucci (1451-1512), an Italian navigator.
20. The sight of a spider, weaving its web. It failed many times but finally succeeded.
21. Electric locomotives.
22. Confucius, the Latinized name of K'ung-Fou-Tsau (about 551-478 B.C.).
23. The designing of stage settings.
24. The goose-step.
25. Pure, clean, according to Jewish ordinances: said of meat, etc.
26. The *Sherlock Holmes* stories of Sir Arthur Conan Doyle (1859—).
27. St. Francis of Assisi (1181 or 1182-1226).
28. On the island of St. Helena, in 1821.
29. At Doorn, the Netherlands.
30. Cecil J. Rhodes (1853-1902).
31. Victor Marie Hugo (1802-1885).
32. *Tipperary*.
33. Raphael Santi (1483-1520).
34. [a] North America, [b] South America.
35. The dinosaur.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY—*continued*

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| <p>36. From that of James I (1566-1625), who authorized its translation.</p> <p>37. [a] Silk, [b] coffee, [c] sugar.</p> <p>38. Omar Khayyam (about 1150—about 1225).</p> <p>39. He is a sports writer.</p> <p>40. They are constellations or Signs of the Zodiac.</p> <p>41. <i>The Half Moon</i>.</p> <p>42. Prime Minister and First Lord of the Treasury of England.</p> <p>43. The Philistines.</p> | <p>44. They are contemporary producers of plays.</p> <p>45. Baedeker, especially Karl Baedeker (1801-1859), a German publisher and the founder of a long series of guide-books.</p> <p>46. John Jeffery Farnol (1878—).</p> <p>47. Benjamin Franklin (1706-1790).</p> <p>48. Henry Ford (1863—).</p> <p>49. Columbus's first voyage to America, which they financed.</p> <p>50. Pall Mall Cigarettes.</p> |
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GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-ONE

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| <p>1. Women (53,900,431). There are 51,810,189 men.</p> <p>2. It was used to satirize the stories of the incredible exploits of Roland and Oliver, famous in the list of Charlemagne's twelve peers.</p> <p>3. A family of Jewish leaders of the second century B.C., which included Judas Maccabee and John Hyrcanus. Their story is told in the two Apocryphal books of the Maccabees.</p> <p>4. It refers to the soldiers of the Union and the Confederacy during the Civil War, so named from the color of their uniforms.</p> <p>5. Irving Berlin (1888—).</p> <p>6. A member of the military caste in Japan.</p> <p>7. Izaak Walton (1593-1683).</p> <p>8. [a] Nashville, [b] Montpelier.</p> <p>9. Its marble quarries.</p> <p>10. During the administration of Woodrow Wilson (1856-1924). There are 12 banks.</p> <p>11. Hunger strikes.</p> | <p>12. Otto Edward, Prince von Bismarck Schönhausen (1815-1898).</p> <p>13. In <i>Vanity Fair</i>, by William Makepeace Thackeray (1811-1863).</p> <p>14. [a] Gish, [b] Talmadge, [c] Dolly.</p> <p>15. Uniting pieces of metal into a homogeneous mass by means of hammering or pressure, usually when the metal is softened by heat but not melted.</p> <p>16. <i>Tramp, Tramp, Tramp. Maryland, The Battle Cry of Freedom. Dixie, The Battle Hymn of the Republic. Just Before the Battle, Mother. The Blue and the Gray. John Brown's Body. Marching Through Georgia. When Johnny Comes Marching Home.</i></p> <p>17. Mary Baker Glover Eddy (1821-1910).</p> <p>18. France, in 1881.</p> <p>19. They are tailless and come from the Isle of Man.</p> <p>20. Cornelia, wife of Tiberius Sempronius Gracchus.</p> |
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GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-ONE—continued

21. He was the great enchanter, born of a mortal woman and an Incubus.
22. Sarah Bernhardt (1844-1923), a distinguished French actress.
23. Because Columbus and the other earliest explorers thought they had circumnavigated the globe and reached India.
24. George Meredith (1828-1909).
25. The capitals are respectively Tunis and Tripoli.
26. *Punch*.
27. [a] Pertaining to Moses, to the Law, institutions, etc.; [b] an inlaid design of small particles of glass, stone, etc., of various colors.
28. Buick automobiles.
29. Baruch (or Benedict) Spinoza (1632-1677).
30. William Wordsworth (1770-1850), Samuel Taylor Coleridge (1772-1834), and Robert Southey (1774-1843).
31. A hole made in one stroke less than par.
32. 11,896 years.
33. On the island of Rhodes, in the eastern part of the Mediterranean Sea.
34. "All's right with the world!" (From *Pippa Passes*, by Robert Browning.)
35. New Amsterdam.
36. Sir Joshua Reynolds (1723-1792).
37. Will Hays (1879—).
38. Jacob Gould Schurman (1854—).
39. They were French poets of the nineteenth century.
40. The substance which neutralizes the action of a toxin or poisonous ptomaine.
41. Lucius Quinctius Cincinnatus (fifth century B. C.).
42. The cathedral of St. John the Divine.
43. *Vanity Fair*.
44. A sorceress of the island of *Æxa* who changed men into beasts.
45. Vermont.
46. Liberia (founded in 1822).
47. A secret science of the Jewish rabbis to interpret the hidden meaning of the Pentateuch.
48. Peter Bernard Kyne (1880—).
49. For advocating the retention of their maiden names by married women.
50. A French soldier (a popular nickname from the French word meaning hairy or bearded).

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-TWO

1. General Philip Henry Sheridan (1831-1888).
2. The Franklin.
3. Genesis, Exodus, Leviticus, Numbers, Deuteronomy.
4. From wheaten paste formed into long tubes.
5. The Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.
6. Daniel Defoe (1661-1731).
7. St. Louis, Missouri.
8. A celebrated mausoleum erected by Shah Jehan for his favorite wife at Agra, India, in 1648.
9. A female figure used in architecture as a pillar.
10. Francis Bacon (1561-1626).
11. They are symphony orchestra conductors.
12. Demosthenes (about 385-322 B.C.).

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-TWO—continued

13. William Makepeace Thackeray (1811-1863).
14. Robert Green Ingersoll (1833-1899).
15. To leave slack in the couplings between each car so that the locomotive can start ahead with the least initial inertia to overcome.
16. Emanuel Swedenborg (1688-1772).
17. William Henry Harrison (1773-1841) was grandfather of Benjamin Harrison (1833-1901).
18. Sir John Barleycorn.
19. Fifty-six and one-half inches.
20. They abridge and facilitate arithmetical calculations.
21. William Pitt, "the younger" (1759-1806), who became prime minister of England at the age of 24.
22. Margaretta Wade Campbell Deland (1857—).
23. Coins and medals.
24. October 12, 1492.
25. Friedrich Wilhelm August Heinrich Ferdinand, Baron von Steuben (1730-1794).
26. Near the southern tip of Africa, in the Union of South Africa.
27. A Roman festival, held in December, in honor of the god Saturn. All classes, including slaves, participated in celebrating it.
28. *Little Lord Fauntleroy*, by Frances Hodgson Burnett (Mrs. Stephen Townsend, 1849-1924.)
29. "Sea-foam."
30. Life-Savers.
31. The palace of St. James was formerly a royal residence in London.
32. Edward Gibbon (1737-1794).
33. The sun god in Egyptian mythology.
34. Alexander the Great (356-323 B.C.).
35. A policy of cautious dilatory strategy to wear out an enemy. It is so called from Quintus Fabius Maximus (275-203 B.C.), a Roman commander against Hannibal.
36. What is now known as Russia.
37. Ananias.
38. "That sailed the wintry sea;" (From *The Wreck of the Hesperus*, by Henry Wadsworth Longfellow.)
39. The Malthusian Doctrine, named for Thomas R. Malthus (1766-1834).
40. Jacques Offenbach (1819-1880).
41. They are cheeses.
42. The founder of Rhode Island (1600-1683), whose friendship with the Indians more than once averted a massacre.
43. Napoleón Bonaparte (1769-1821).
44. Four.
45. [a] The study of words, [b] the study of insects.
46. Arthur Stewart Menteith Hutchinson (1879—).
47. [a] Questions of law, [b] questions of fact.
48. [a] Pennsylvania, [b] Texas.
49. Bourbon.
50. Niagara Falls.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-THREE

1. A light two-wheeled hooded vehicle drawn by a man or men. First used in Japan about 1870.
2. Cleopatra (69-30 B.C.).
3. Tennis.
4. *The Mayflower*, bearing the founders of the Plymouth Colony.
5. *Alice in Wonderland*, by Lewis Carroll, pseudonym of the Rev. Charles Lutwidge Dodgson (1832-1898).
6. A fleet of war vessels sent by Philip II, of Spain, against England in 1588.
7. Salmon.
8. *Matthew, Mark, Luke, John, The Acts*.
9. Zeus and Hera (Greek), Jupiter and Juno (Roman).
10. Governor Bradford, of Plymouth, in 1621, decreed a day of thanksgiving after the harvest had been gathered. Its annual observance became a national institution during the War of the Revolution.
11. A striking of the notes of a chord in rapid (usually upward) succession.
12. Alexandre Dumas, the Elder (1802-1870).
13. [a] New York (from 1785 to 1790), [b] Philadelphia (from 1790 to 1800).
14. An expression of condolence on the death of Mrs. Bixby's five sons, all of whom were reported to have lost their lives in the Civil War.
15. Adam Smith (1723-1790).
16. "Be it ever so humble, there's no place like home;" (From *Home, Sweet Home*, by J. Howard Payne. The song appears in the opera *Clari, the Maid of Milan*.)
17. They have all been premiers of France (since 1920).
18. Melachrino Cigarettes.
19. Musical composition.
20. A bridge in Venice which connects the palace of the doges with the prisons of the city.
21. The Baptist denomination.
22. Countess.
23. The Ottoman Empire. Nicholas I, Czar of Russia, originally applied the term to the Turkish Sultan.
24. Lace, and its manufacture.
25. The interception of the light of the sun by the intervention of the moon between it and the earth.
26. Themistocles (514-449 B.C.).
27. The oldest son of the king of France. The title was abolished after the Revolution of 1830.
28. Albert Einstein (1874—).
29. Finley Peter Dunne (1867—).
30. Giovanni Boccaccio (1313-1375).
31. It celebrates the defeat of a plot to kill all the Jews in the Persian Empire. The plan was frustrated through the efforts of Esther, the wife of King Xerxes (Ahasuerus).
32. Poland.
33. The age varies in different states, the minimum age being fourteen for men and twelve for women. In both cases the parents' consent is required.
34. [a] Theft in which force or fear is employed, [b] theft in which they are not employed.
35. Aldous Leonard Huxley (1894—), a grandson of Thomas Henry Huxley (1825-1895).
36. 3652.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-THREE—*continued*

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| <p>37. For its horse-races and its informal fashion exhibits.</p> <p>38. Davison.</p> <p>39. The right of eminent domain.</p> <p>40. John Galsworthy (1867—).</p> <p>41. Trinity College, Durham, North Carolina, which changed its name to Duke University.</p> <p>42. Washington, D. C.</p> <p>43. Beatrice.</p> <p>44. China.</p> | <p>45. They are names of famous dynasties.</p> <p>46. "Through all the wide Border his steed was the best;" (From <i>Lockinvar</i>, by Sir Walter Scott.)</p> <p>47. Those books of the Bible which some Christians accept and others reject as being an authentic part of the Holy Scriptures.</p> <p>48. Alabama (on the Tennessee River).</p> <p>49. [a] Ohio, [b] Wisconsin.</p> <p>50. [a] 32°, [b] 212°.</p> |
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GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-FOUR

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| <p>1. The Shetland Islands.</p> <p>2. William Tell, of Switzerland, at the command of Gessler, the Austrian governor.</p> <p>3. The Louvre, once the chief palace of the kings of France.</p> <p>4. Mark Twain, the pseudonym of Samuel Langhorne Clemens (1835-1910).</p> <p>5. William Randolph Hearst (1863—).</p> <p>6. Alfred, Lord Tennyson (1809-1892), in <i>Locksley Hall</i>.</p> <p>7. They are contemporary actors.</p> <p>8. 1815.</p> <p>9. Three and seven.</p> <p>10. The free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at a ratio of sixteen to one.</p> <p>11. Horatius.</p> <p>12. Winds blowing continually towards the thermal equator and deflected westward by the rotation of the earth.</p> <p>13. Baltimore.</p> <p>14. John Henry, Cardinal Newman (1801-1890).</p> | <p>15. [a] Cheyenne, [b] Austin.</p> <p>16. Cascarettes.</p> <p>17. John Hancock (1737-1793).</p> <p>18. Winston Churchill.</p> <p>19. Zane Grey (1875—).</p> <p>20. Hell, Purgatory, Heaven.</p> <p>21. 9 a.m.</p> <p>22. Judith slew Holofernes.</p> <p>23. Gloria Swanson.</p> <p>24. The shops of dressmakers, milliners, jewelers, perfumers, etc.</p> <p>25. Syncopation played against a regular rhythm.</p> <p>26. El Dorado.</p> <p>27. The wife of a Revolutionary soldier, who took the place of her husband in the battle of Monmouth after the latter had been killed.</p> <p>28. Marcus Porcius Cato (234-149 B.C.) said "Carthage must be destroyed" at the conclusion of each of his speeches in the Roman Senate.</p> <p>29. Samuel Jones Tilden (1814-1886).</p> <p>30. Dividing a territory into voting districts so as to give an unfair advantage to a particular political party.</p> |
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GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-FOUR—*continued*

31. The *Monitor* and the *Merrimac*.
32. General the Right Honourable Jan Christiaan Smuts (1870—), Prime Minister and Minister for Native Affairs, for the Union of South Africa, from 1919 to 1924.
33. From Arabia (through Spain).
34. Daniel Defoe (1661-1731).
35. A portable covered chair or vehicle for the conveyance of one person, and carried by two men by means of a pole on either side. Used in the eighteenth century.
36. Joseph Pulitzer (1847-1911).
37. An artificial international language invented by Dr. Zamenhof, an oculist of Warsaw, in 1887.
38. It is the day of Thor, the thunderer and war god of Norse mythology.
39. James Madison (1751-1836), fourth President (from 1809 to 1816).
40. As the biographer of Dr. Samuel Johnson.
41. [a] Cullen, [b] Graham, [c] Cabot.
42. Cyrus West Field (1819-1892).
43. They are all types of tobacco.
44. An honorary society established in American colleges, to which students of high scholarship are admitted. It was founded in 1776.
45. Habeas corpus.
46. Post meridiem.
47. Members of a military and religious order.
48. Anthony Hope, the pseudonym of Sir Anthony Hope Hawkins (1863—).
49. The chameleon.
50. A high mountain in the Swiss Alps (14,780 feet above sea-level) famous for its peculiar shape and the dangers of its ascent.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-FIVE

1. *The Merchant of Venice*.
2. The President of the United States.
3. Wood pulp.
4. Rio de Janeiro.
5. Paul Revere, William Dawes, Samuel Prescott.
6. A light-armed government vessel commissioned for the prevention of smuggling and the enforcement of the customs regulations.
7. *a* and *an*.
8. Alan Alexander Milne (1882—).
9. H  lo  se (about 1101-1164).
10. A speculative scheme formed under the lead of John Law, for paying off the national debt of France. It resulted in a financial panic in 1720.
11. Mercury.
12. Yes.
13. Buddha. (He lived in the sixth century B.C.)
14. Dionysius Exiguus conceived the idea in 527.
15. Denmark.
16. He was a German physicist whose name has been given to the unit of electrical resistance.
17. Miguel de Cervantes Saavedra (1547-1616).
18. James Abbott McNeill Whistler (1834-1903).
19. It was a phrase which expressed all the means used to further the escape of runaway slaves.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-FIVE—*continued*

20. Nazareth, in Galilee, Judea.
21. A municipal prison in New York City.
22. [a] Great Britain, [b] Turkey, [c] France.
23. The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy.
24. They were all English admirals, before 1800.
25. Nero. (Lucius Domitius Ahenobarbus, later Nero Claudius Cæsar Drusus Germanicus, 37-68 A.D.)
26. Lief Ericsson, about 1000 A.D.
27. Amsterdam.
28. One. William Howard Taft (1857—).
29. Elbert Hubbard (1859-1915).
30. "Loved I not Honor more." (From *To Lucasta, on Going to the Wars*, by Richard Lovelace.)
31. [a] Italian, [b] French, [c] English, [d] Swedish.
32. From west to east.
33. 753 B.C.
34. [a] Harvard, [b] Yale, [c] Princeton, [d] Amherst.
35. Greenbacks.
36. James Monroe (1758-1831), fifth President of the United States.
37. A military fortification.
38. Mexico.
39. [a] Nicolette, [b] Mélisande, [c] Isolde.
40. Arkansas.
41. Urban dwellers number 54,304,603; rural, 51,406,017.
42. A pioneer leader (1820-1906) in the woman's suffrage movement in America.
43. *The Saturday Evening Post*.
44. Florence, Italy.
45. Forty days and forty nights.
46. Rubber.
47. The cup used by Jesus at the Last Supper.
48. Camel Cigarettes.
49. Edgar Albert Guest (1881—).
50. Wayne B. Wheeler (1869—).

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-SIX

1. Marie Jean Paul Roch Yves Gilbert Motier, Marquis de La Fayette (1757-1834).
2. Robin Hood.
3. Louisa May Alcott (1832-1888).
4. The largest diamond belonging to the British crown, and one of the largest in the world.
5. Gerald Chapman.
6. "Who never to himself hath said," (From *The Lay of the Last Minstrel*, by Sir Walter Scott.)
7. Portuguese.
8. Greenwich Village.
9. The first five books of the Old Testament.
10. A treaty signed by Germany, Great Britain, France and Russia, guaranteeing the neutrality of Belgium.
11. An author of many books on political economy (1806-1873).
12. Dress design and manufacture.
13. They are the sites of medicinal springs.
14. "Table of the host."
15. Sir Harry Lauder.
16. Marcus Aurelius Antoninus (121-180).

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-SIX—*continued*

17. The Thousand Islands.
18. 1913.
19. Captain James Lawrence (1781-1813), who was killed in action while commanding the U. S. Frigate *Chesapeake*.
20. Sunshine Biscuits.
21. Stephen Butler Leacock (1869—).
22. The Senate.
23. Emma Alice Margaret (Margot) Tennant Asquith.
24. Lycurgus (about 884-820 B.C.).
25. Small planets revolving around the sun between the orbits of Mars and Jupiter.
26. [a] Two cents, [b] five cents.
27. "And I will pledge with mine;" (From *To Celia*, by Ben Jonson.)
28. The Boston Tea-Party, Dec. 16, 1773.
29. It is almost vertical. The lower section is pierced with windows, thus permitting an upper story, but little inferior to the others, in place of an ordinary attic.
30. Abraham Lincoln (1809-1865), sixteenth President.
31. The S.S. *Leviathan*, of the United States Lines (59,957 tons).
32. Thomas Hardy (1840—).
33. As a flame in the midst of a bush.
34. [a] V-type motor, [b] straight eight motor.
35. As Cavalier Poets.
36. Members of nomadic tribes of the Arabian and North African deserts.
37. Forty.
38. An ancient philosopher of Persia, whose name has been given to a religious sect.
39. Frederick Marryat (1792-1848).
40. Louis XIV, of France (1638-1715).
41. Chicago.
42. "A stately pleasure dome decree:" (From *Kubla Khan*, by Samuel Taylor Coleridge.)
43. By plunging the end, while heated, into some liquid such as water, and then allowing the heat from the other end to reheat it by conduction, until a desired temperature is reached, and then quenching it again.
44. A congress of Welsh bards.
45. Prose literature.
46. One of the segments or faces into which the surface of a gem is cut to increase its brilliancy.
47. Exclusion from society, favor, or common privilege.
48. An American editor and novelist of the nineteenth century, often called "the dean of American letters."
49. The Great Wall of China.
50. [a] London, [b] Washington, [c] Rome, [d] Paris.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-SEVEN

1. Reading, writing and arithmetic.
2. A coat of many colors.
3. Twenty-four dollars.
4. The Lincoln Highway.
5. Mexico, from about 1200 to 1540.
6. Arthur Wellesley, Duke of Wellington (1769-1852).
7. A noted American author and illustrator (1853-1911).
8. Quadrillion.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-SEVEN—*continued*

9. That of Peter Mark Roget, an English physician and scientific writer (1779-1869).
10. Alexandre Dumas, the Elder (1802-1870).
11. A nineteenth century English poet (1798-1845), author of *I Remember, I Remember; The Bridge of Sighs*, etc.
12. To provide for delays incidental to the assembling of the electors, the notifying of the successful candidate, and the latter's trip to the capital; due to the difficulties of travel in the days when this provision was placed in the Constitution.
13. [a] Athens, [b] Brussels.
14. 1907.
15. Hemlock, which he drank in prison to carry out the death penalty pronounced against him.
16. Eugene Victor Debs (1855-1926).
17. "From its firm base as soon as I." (From *The Lady of the Lake*, by Sir Walter Scott.)
18. Heligoland.
19. *Ivanhoe*.
20. 39.37 inches.
21. The owner of many British newspapers, notably the *London Times*, (1865-1922).
22. It was a gift made to the United States from the people of France, by popular subscription.
23. Brigham Young (1801-1877).
24. The falcon.
25. Chester Alan Arthur (1830-1886), 21st President of the United States.
26. Mt. Everest (29,302 feet above sea-level), is in the Himalayan range, in Asia.
27. About one-seventh.
28. Auguste Rodin (1840-1917).
29. Those which have already been tried in some lower court.
30. Gene Stratton Porter (1868-1924).
31. A juggler, a conjurer.
32. A river in England at whose mouth is the city of Liverpool.
33. To hibernate.
34. The U. S. Supreme Court.
35. The Hudson's Bay Company.
36. Quiver.
37. A killer, or a participator in the killing, of a king.
38. An early American humorist (1834-1868) whose real name was Charles Farrar Browne.
39. *Auf wiedersehen*.
40. (Owen County) Indiana.
41. Because the specific gravity of iron is less than that of mercury.
42. Brooklyn Bridge, between the Boroughs of Brooklyn and Manhattan, New York City. It was completed in 1883.
43. William Cullen Bryant (1794-1878).
44. They are contemporary painters.
45. Its coal and iron deposits.
46. Uruguay.
47. Percy Bysshe Shelley (1792-1822), in *Ode to the West Wind*.
48. Mount Ararat, Armenia.
49. Herbert Hoover (1874—).
50. Midas.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-EIGHT

1. Thirty pieces of silver.
2. Hessians.
3. Lady Godiva (about the eleventh century).
4. Sinclair Lewis (1885—).
5. The Siamese Twins.
6. Governor Alfred Emanuel Smith (1873—) of New York.
7. They are historians.
8. Karl Marx (1818-1883).
9. "It's a long time between drinks."
10. Seven octaves and a minor third.
11. David Glasgow Farragut (1801-1870), David Dixon Porter (1813-1891), George Dewey (1837-1917).
12. The palace of the Popes, in Rome. It is famed for its art galleries. The Pope never leaves its grounds.
13. The shrewish wife of Socrates (about 469-399 B.C.).
14. Rudyard Kipling (1865—), in *Ballad of East and West*.
15. Spain, Portugal, England (Gibraltar).
16. Johann Strauss II (1825-1899).
17. "On ne passe pas!" (They shall not pass!)
18. A sea with many islands.
19. The steel industry.
20. Sherwin-Williams paint.
21. Sir Philip Gibbs (1877—).
22. The glass slipper which she dropped and which fitted no foot but her own.
23. David Lewelyn Wark Griffith (1880—).
24. They are distinguished astronomers.
25. The bottom of the sea.
26. A perfume manufacturer, of Paris.
27. Ignatius de Loyola (1491-1556).
28. *Oliver Twist*, by Charles Dickens.
29. They were lovers (immortalized by Dante in the *Divine Comedy*).
30. Antonio Scotti (1866—).
31. An edict of a pope.
32. Lewis Carroll, the pseudonym of the Rev. Charles Lutwidge Dodgson (1832-1898).
33. Brooklyn.
34. Sir William Blackstone (1723-1780).
35. Joel Chandler Harris (1848-1908).
36. A complicated irregular structure with many passages, hard to find one's way through or about, without guidance.
37. Either green or yellow.
38. Painting.
39. [a] Australia, [b] Asia.
40. Hara-kiri.
41. Thomas Babington, Lord Macaulay (1800-1859).
42. They are Spanish painters.
43. Josephus Daniels (1862—).
44. Roald Amundsen (1872—), in 1911.
45. Plumbago (graphite).
46. Genoa, Italy.
47. A dialect made up chiefly of Hebrew and German, but often with a marked strain of Russian and Polish.
48. Rodents.
49. A confederate military prison in Richmond, during the Civil War.
50. Calais and Dover are the terminals of the shortest steamship route across the English channel.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-NINE

1. Mrs. Betsy Ross, of Philadelphia.
2. Robert Louis Balfour Stevenson (1850-1895).
3. John Davison Rockefeller (1839—).
4. Great Britain, France, Russia.
5. In Central Europe, between Czechoslovakia and Poland.
6. Lucius Sergius Catiline (died 62 B.C.).
7. Wrigley's gum.
8. Karl Marx (1818-1883).
9. James Watt (1736-1819), in 1765.
10. Fritz Kreisler (1875—).
11. Pius XI (born Achille Ratti, 1857—), elected February 6, 1922.
12. [a] Not transmitting light, [b] transmitting light, [c] transmitting light without diffusion so that bodies behind a transparent substance can be distinctly seen.
13. Tadeusz Kosciuszko (1746-1817) and Count Casimir Pulaski (1748-1779).
- ✓ 14. "The saddest are these: 'It might have been.'" (From *Maud Muller*, by John Greenleaf Whittier.)
15. Joan of Arc (1412-1431).
- ✓ 16. *Excalibur*.
17. The *Monitor* was called "The cheese-box on a raft."
18. Rhode Island. In 1920, there were 566.4 inhabitants per square mile.
19. The active leadership of Tammany Hall, Democratic political organization of New York City.
20. Hellas.
21. Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut.
22. The R.M.S. *Mauretania*, of the Cunard line, made the trip from Queenstown, Ireland, to New York City in 4 days, 10 hours and 41 minutes.
23. A non-English student at Oxford University who receives a scholarship from a fund established by the provisions of the will of Cecil Rhodes.
24. The rabbit.
25. The Appian Way.
26. A bad egg.
- ✓ 27. The ten-year-old hero of a poem of that name written by Felicia Dorothea Hemans (1793-1835) the first line of which is "The boy stood on the burning deck."
28. [a] Washington, [b] Chicago.
- ✓ 29. Lewis Carroll, the pseudonym of the Rev. Charles Lutwidge Dodgson (1832-1898), in *Through the Looking Glass*.
30. By John Wilkes Booth (1839-1865) in Ford's Theatre, Washington.
31. Friday.
32. Nineteen.
- ✓ 33. In Paisley, Renfrewshire, Scotland.
34. Edward Vernon Rickenbacker (1890—).
35. Burma, India.
36. "By the very fact itself."
37. [a] Barrymore, [b] Wright, [c] Roosevelt.
- ✓ 38. John Singer Sargent (1856-1925).
39. The most celebrated of the ancient Athenian writers of comedy, contemporary with Socrates and Plato.
- ✓ 40. Paul.
41. Probably not, since a cubic foot of gold weighs about 1200 pounds.
- ✓ 42. William John Locke (1863—).

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER TWENTY-NINE—*continued*

43. A representation on a plane surface of the surface of the earth, in which the points of the compass preserve the same direction all over the map. It is named for Gerhard Kremer Mercator (1512-1594), a Flemish geographer.
44. *The New York Times*.
45. A stoppage or seizure of ships or merchandise by sovereign authority.
46. "Ye Olde Cheshire Cheese" in Fleet Street, London.
47. No. He lived long enough to see it from the top of Mount Pisgah, and then died.
48. Its port wine.
- ✓ 49. Yes. Electric waves travel at exactly the same speed.
50. Macduff (in *Macbeth*, Act V, Scene 8).

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER THIRTY

1. Caius Julius Cæsar (100-44 B.C.).
2. Desdemona.
3. Germany.
4. November 11, 1918.
5. Sax Rohmer (1886—).
6. The Hawaiian Islands, the Philippine Islands, Guam, American Samoa, Wake Island, the Midway Islands.
7. They are college presidents.
8. At Balaklava, on the Crimean peninsula, Russia, in 1854.
9. Eugene Gladstone O'Neill (1888—).
10. The Angel of Death took the first-born of every family in the Nile Valley, save that on the door-sill of each Jewish home, a mark of lamb's blood caused him to pass over that house.
11. China. It is estimated that its population in 1920 was 400,800,000.
12. They are small crustaceans found adhering in groups or clusters to rocks or to the bottoms of ships.
13. 1832.
14. Paris, son of Priam, King of Troy, carried off Helen, the wife of Menelaus, King of Sparta. The other Greek chiefs took part in the expedition against Troy to avenge the wrong.
15. Robert Browning (1812-1889) married Elizabeth Barrett (1806-1861).
16. Anita Loos (Mrs. John Emerson).
17. Omnibus.
18. *Lares* and *Penates*.
19. Licenses to fit out armed vessels and employ them in the capture of an enemy's merchant shipping.
20. The R.M.S. *Titanic*, April 15, 1912.
21. They were all cardinals of the Roman Catholic Church.
22. Yes (South Carolina).
23. *The Talmud*.
24. Blue and yellow.
25. Inca.
26. "I pledge allegiance justice for all."
27. Charles M. Schwab (1862—).
28. Joan.
29. [a] \$75,000, [b] \$10,000 [c] \$10,000.
30. He is the Italian inventor whose name (shortened to "volt") is given to a unit of electromotive force.
31. King Ferdinand I. (1865—).
32. Louis Blériot, on July 25, 1909.

GENERAL QUIZ NUMBER THIRTY—continued

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| <p>33. Maxwell House Coffee.
 34. Charles Kingsley (1819-1875).
 35. Marcus Tullius Cicero (106-43 B.C.).
 36. <i>Nina, Pinta, Santa Maria</i>.
 37. A white marble-like mineral.
 38. "Open, Sesame."
 39. A unit of speed equal to one nautical mile (6080 feet) per hour.
 40. "Gilded youth."
 41. Painting, and the designing of theatrical costumes and scenery.
 42. Ulster.</p> | <p>43. "while I pondered, weak and weary," (From <i>The Raven</i>, by Edgar Allan Poe.)
 44. The white poppy.
 45. Sanscrit was the ancient sacred language of the learned Hindus.
 46. Bacteria. Bacilli are a form of bacteria.
 47. <i>The New Yorker</i>.
 48. They are Italian painters.
 49. Ouida, the pseudonym of Louise de la Ramée (1840-1908).
 50. Alphonse Bertillon (1853-1914).</p> |
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SPECIAL QUIZ—THE ARTS

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| <p>1. Antonio Stradivari (about 1644-1737).
 2. Michelangelo Buonarroti (1475-1564).
 3. Rosa Bonheur (1822-1899).
 4. Giotto di Bondone (1276-1337).
 5. At the Louvre, Paris.
 6. Thomas Gainsborough (1727-1788), to disprove a statement made by Sir Joshua Reynolds (1723-1792) that blue should not be massed together in a picture. The picture now hangs in the private gallery of Henry E. Huntington, San Marino, Los Angeles, California.
 7. Franz Liszt (1811-1886).
 8. John Gutzon de la Mothe Borglum (1867—).
 9. Furniture-making.
 10. Jenny Lind (1820-1887).
 11. Rembrandt Hermanzoon van Rijn (1607-1669). The picture now hangs in the Rijks Museum, Amsterdam.</p> | <p>12. The drama, more especially Shakespearean drama.
 13. George Frederick Händel (1685-1759).
 14. Phidias (about 500 B.C.—about 432 B.C.).
 15. A palace in Florence; the home of a world-famous gallery of paintings.
 16. Barbizon, on the edge of the Forest of Fontainebleau, was the resort of a famous French school of landscape painters, chief among whom were Corot, Troyon, Millet, Daubigny.
 17. A collection of Greek sculptures from the Parthenon, recognized as containing some of the finest existing productions of sculpture, taken to England by Lord Elgin. Now in the British Museum.
 18. Sir Arthur Seymour Sullivan (1842-1900).
 19. Sir Arthur Seymour Sullivan (1842-1900).
 20. Paul Gustave Doré (1833-1883).</p> |
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SPECIAL QUIZ—THE ARTS—continued

21. The Della Robbia family.
22. Jean Auguste Dominique Ingres (1780-1867). The picture now hangs in the Louvre, Paris.
23. It is named after Josiah Wedgwood (1730-1795), a celebrated English potter.
24. A famous Italian violinist (1782-1840).
25. Andrea del Sarto (1486-1531).
26. The Cro-Magnards, whose work has been found on the walls of caves in south-western Europe.
27. Lorenzo Ghiberti (1378-1455).
28. Gaetano Donizetti (1797-1848).
29. A fugue.
30. Tapestries and their manufacture.
31. Sir Christopher Wren (1632-1723).
32. Michelangelo Buonarroti (1475-1564).
33. The Globe.
34. Michelangelo Buonarroti (1475-1564).
35. John Ruskin (1819-1900).
36. Johann Sebastian Bach (1685-1750).
37. Frederic Remington (1861-1909).
38. Ludwig van Beethoven (1770-1827).
39. An American sculptor of Irish birth (1848-1907).
40. The *Mona Lisa*, at the Louvre, Paris, and *The Last Supper*, in the refectory of Santa Maria delle Grazie, Milan.
41. Johann Chrysostom Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart (1756-1791).
42. It shows Laocöon, Trojan priest of Apollo, and his two sons, enveloped and bitten to death by serpents. Now in the Vatican.
43. Paul Veronese (Paolo Caliari, 1528-1588). *The Marriage in Cana* now hangs in the Louvre.
44. Ruggiero Leoncavallo (1858—).
45. A set of stationary bells tuned so as to play regularly composed melodies, and sounded by the action of the hand upon a keyboard or by machinery.
46. Jean Louis Ernest Meissonier (1815-1891).
47. Filippo Brunelleschi (1379-1446).
48. Ludwig van Beethoven (1770-1827).
49. Dresden.
50. Giuseppe Verdi (1813-1901).

SPECIAL QUIZ—LITERATURE

1. Friedrich Wilhelm Nietzsche (1844-1900).
2. The fabled relater of the stories of the *Arabian Nights' Entertainments*.
3. William James, philosopher (1842-1910), was brother to Henry James, novelist (1843-1916).
4. "And his cohorts were gleaming in purple and gold;" (From *The Destruction of Sennacherib*, by George Gordon, Lord Byron.)
5. Oliver Wendell Holmes (1809-1894).
6. Cordelia, Goneril, Regan.
7. Russia.
8. Samuel Pepys (1633-1703).
9. Joseph Addison (1672-1719), Sir Richard Steele (1672-1729).

SPECIAL QUIZ—LITERATURE—*continued*

10. Thomas Moore (1779-1852).
11. Walt Whitman (1819-1892).
12. "Whether 'tis nobler in the mind to suffer" (From *Hamlet*, Act III, Scene 1, by William Shakespeare.)
13. Francis Beaumont (1586-1616) and John Fletcher (1576-1625).
14. Johann Wolfgang von Goethe (1749-1832).
15. Mæcenas.
16. Sir Rabindranath Tagore (1860—).
17. French drama.
18. Thomas Carlyle (1795-1881).
19. Fourteen.
20. *The Gold Bug*.
21. Plutarch (first century A.D.).
22. Xenophon (430-357 B.C.).
23. The French Revolution.
24. *Growth of the Soil*.
25. "It droppeth as the gentle rain from heaven" (From *The Merchant of Venice*, Act IV, Scene 1, by William Shakespeare.)
26. Henry Fielding (1707-1754).
27. *La Divina Commedia*, by Dante Alighieri (1265-1321).
28. The hero of the romance of that name, who created a monster (*not* the monster). It was written by Mrs. Mary Wollstonecraft Shelley in 1817.
29. James Branch Cabell (1879—).
30. Jean Baptiste Poquelin Molière (1622-1673).
31. Edward Fitzgerald (1809-1883).
32. François Villon (1431-1484).
33. "The day but one;" (From *The Night Has a Thousand Eyes*, by Francis William Bourdillon.)
34. Thomas De Quincey (1785-1859).
35. Edna St. Vincent Millay (1892—).
36. Voltaire, the pseudonym of François Marie Arouet (1694-1778).
37. Homer (ninth century B.C.).
38. His epigrams and aphorisms (1613-1680).
39. John Gay (about 1685-1732).
40. *The Devil's Disciple*.
41. Dulcinea del Toboso.
42. *The Legend of Sleepy Hollow*.
43. Prosper Mérimée (1803-1870).
44. "Bird thou never wert," (From *To a Skylark*, by Percy Bysshe Shelley.)
45. Charles John Huffham Dickens (1812-1870).
46. *The Scarlet Letter*, by Nathaniel Hawthorne (1804-1864).
47. Dr. Jekyll.
48. *The Æneid*, by Publius Vergilius Maro (Virgil, 70-19 B.C.).
49. Benvenuto Cellini (1500-1571).
50. [a] Montague, [b] Capulet.

SPECIAL QUIZ—GEOGRAPHY

1. Greece.
2. Asia. 17,206,000 square miles (one-third of the total land area of the earth).
3. In British Equatorial Africa.
4. The United States (3,026,789 square miles). Australia's area is 2,974,581 square miles.
5. The eastern part of the Mediterranean with its islands and neighboring countries.
6. 1,748,000,000.

SPECIAL QUIZ—GEOGRAPHY—*continued*

7. Mt. McKinley, Alaska (23,000 feet).
8. A celebrated whirlpool or violent current in the Arctic Ocean near the western coast of Norway.
9. Alderney, Guernsey, Jersey.
10. Oslo (formerly Christiania).
11. New York (10,385,277), Pennsylvania (8,720,017), Illinois (6,485,280), Ohio (5,759,394).
12. The Ural Mountains.
13. Russia (in Asia).
14. Lhasa.
15. Culebra Cut.
16. The Suez Canal, connecting the Mediterranean and the Red Sea (length, 104½ miles).
17. In the Netherlands.
18. In the Western Pyrenees between France and Spain.
19. The Simplon Tunnel through the Alps (length 12½ miles).
20. Kentucky.
21. 24,896 miles.
22. Yokohama.
23. The Ægean Sea.
24. Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Iceland.
25. Spain, Andorra, Monaco, Italy, Switzerland, Germany, Luxembourg, Belgium.
26. Much of the country's area is below sea-level and the dykes prevent the sea from inundating the land.
27. They are all volcanic peaks.
28. In the Bering Sea between Alaska and Siberia.
29. A district of South Africa near Johannesburg and Pretoria, famous for its gold.
30. Canada (3,729,000 square miles), Brazil (3,276,000 square miles). The area of the United States, excluding Alaska, is 3,026,789 square miles.
31. Tierra del Fuego.
32. The principality of Monaco.
33. A Grand Duchy lying between France, Belgium and Germany.
34. Yes. (It is a monarchy.)
35. A *département*.
36. In eastern Turkey near the Persian border.
37. Finland.
38. Mongolia, China.
39. Portugal.
40. The latter, since the earth is slightly flattened at the poles.
41. Northern India.
42. France (5,245,727 square miles). The British Empire is second with 4,021,804 square miles.
43. Rome (latitude 41°, 53', 34"). The latitude of New York is 40°, 48', 35".
44. Along the northern coast of South America.
45. The Azores.
46. The United States (continental, 105,710,620), Brazil (30,635,605), Mexico (14,234,799).
47. Death Valley, California (276 feet below sea-level).
48. China.
49. On the border between Afghanistan and India.
50. The Danube. The capitals are: Vienna, Austria; Budapest, Hungary; Belgrade, Yugoslavia.

SPECIAL QUIZ—SCIENCE

1. The theory of evolution.
2. Benjamin Franklin (1706-1790).
3. The disturbance of air by a discharge of electricity.
4. 186,324 miles per second.
5. Euclid, of Alexandria (328-283 B.C.).
6. Samuel Finley Breese Morse (1791-1872).
7. The loss of power by friction.
8. The ratio of the circumference of a circle to its diameter (approximately 3.1416).
9. The axis of the earth in its revolution around the sun is not perpendicular to the sun's rays, and thus different parts of the earth's surface receive the direct rays of the sun at different periods.
10. George Westinghouse (1846-1914).
11. The eight planets are: Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus and Neptune.
12. The mean distance from the earth to the sun is 92,897,400 miles.
13. The Diesel engine, invented in 1900.
14. George Washington Goethals (1858—).
15. William Harvey (1578-1657).
16. 89.
17. Calculus.
18. The helicopter.
19. Minus 273.7° Centigrade.
20. The tendency of the air to pass from a place of higher to one of lower pressure, as towards a place where the heat of the sun has caused an ascending current.
21. George Stephenson (1781-1848), in 1829.
22. The Selden Patent, granted in 1879.
23. Rejuvenation.
24. Robert Koch (1843-1910).
25. Sixteen feet.
26. Antiseptic surgery.
27. It is a unit of power, equalling 550 foot-pounds per second.
28. Diabetes. Insulin was discovered by Doctors Banting and McLeod.
29. Ottmar Mergenthaler (1854-1899), in 1885.
30. The mean distance from the earth to the moon is 238,857 miles.
31. Louis Jacques Mandé Daguerre (1789-1851), to the daguerreotype.
32. Galileo Galilei (1564-1642).
33. Jean Henri Casimir Fabre (1823-1915).
34. Yes. The balloon rises because of the buoyancy of the air, and as the distance from the earth increases, the atmosphere becomes more and more rarefied and eventually ceases.
35. Silver. (Copper is used commercially because it is comparatively cheap.)
36. A difference of electrical potential between the upper regions of the atmosphere and the earth, thick dense clouds serving as the conductor for an electrical discharge.
37. Halley's Comet.
38. The textile industry, by the Jacquard loom.
39. Galileo Galilei (1564-1642) discovered the law of the vibration of the pendulum in 1582.
40. Because it is possible to send several messages in each direction simultaneously over one cable.
41. About 1,100 feet per second.

SPECIAL QUIZ—SCIENCE—*continued*

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| <p>42. The distance which a ray of light can travel in one year (nearly six trillion miles).</p> <p>43. The refraction and reflection of the sun's light by raindrops.</p> <p>44. Because the moon rotates upon its own axis in the same time in which it performs its revolution around the earth.</p> | <p>45. The gyroscope.</p> <p>46. The coloring matter of the red corpuscles of the blood.</p> <p>47. Alfred Bernhard Nobel (1833-1896), in 1867.</p> <p>48. China.</p> <p>49. Elias Howe (1819-1867), in 1846.</p> <p>50. Madame Curie, née Marie Skłodowska (1867—).</p> |
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SPECIAL QUIZ—MYTHOLOGY

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| <p>1. A great wooden horse which was filled with men. The Trojans dragged it within the walls and the hidden men opened the gates to the Greeks.</p> <p>2. In Scandinavian mythology, the palace of immortality, wherein are received the souls of heroes slain in battle.</p> <p>3. A rapacious bird with the head of a woman.</p> <p>4. In Greek mythology, one of the favorite haunts of the nine Muses.</p> <p>5. A bed on which Procrustes put all travelers who fell into his hands. If they were too short to fit it exactly, he stretched their limbs until they did; if too long, he cut off a portion.</p> <p>6. A forest divinity, half man and half goat.</p> <p>7. The Island of Crete.</p> <p>8. In the form of a shower of gold.</p> <p>9. Juno and Minerva.</p> <p>10. A heifer.</p> <p>11. Venus.</p> <p>12. Armed men, who fought with each other until but five were left.</p> <p>13. Atalanta.</p> <p>14. Telemachus.</p> | <p>15. The Gemini (the twins).</p> <p>16. Antæus, the son of Terra, the Earth.</p> <p>17. In Greek mythology, during a war with the gods, the giants of the earth tried to climb up to heaven (Olympus) by piling the mountain Ossa upon the mountain Pelion.</p> <p>18. The soldiers of Achilles in the Trojan war.</p> <p>19. Actæon.</p> <p>20. The Goddess of Vengeance.</p> <p>21. Calliope, epic poetry; Clio, history; Euterpe, lyric poetry; Melpomene, tragedy; Terpsichore, choral song and dance; Erato, love poetry; Polyhymnia, sacred poetry; Urania, astronomy; Thalia, comedy.</p> <p>22. For Woden (Odin), chief god in Norse mythology.</p> <p>23. A beautiful youth who scorned the love of the nymphs, but fell in love with his own reflection in a pool.</p> <p>24. Agamemnon.</p> <p>25. Theseus.</p> <p>26. The Sibylline books.</p> <p>27. A fabled island of the Atlantic Ocean, supposed to have been engulfed by the sea. (First mentioned by Plato.)</p> |
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SPECIAL QUIZ—MYTHOLOGY—*continued*

28. The legendary site of King Arthur's court and palace.
29. Dædalus, the father; Icarus, the son.
30. Æolus.
31. Phaëton, the son of Apollo and Clymene.
32. In wooing Leda, the mother of Castor and Pollux.
33. Janus; the month of January is named after him.
34. Sir Galahad.
35. Eurydice died and Orpheus went into the lower world to entreat Pluto to restore her to him.
36. Clothed in full armor, she issued from the forehead of Zeus, while a great commotion throughout the world accompanied the event.
37. [a] Wood-nymph, [b] water-nymph, [c] mountain nymph.
38. Pygmalion fell in love with the statue of Galatea which he had made.
39. The Apples of Hesperides.
40. Prometheus, for bringing fire to mankind against the will of Jove.
41. He was a sea god who could change his shape at will.
42. Sisyphus.
43. Greek, Demeter; Roman, Ceres.
44. Tantalus.
45. Clotho, Lachesis, Atropos.
46. Poseidon, God of the Sea.
47. Europa.
48. Dido.
49. Hebe and Ganymede.
50. Charon.

SPECIAL QUIZ—AMERICAN HISTORY

1. Alexander Hamilton (1757-1804) was killed in a duel with Aaron Burr (1756-1836), Vice-President of the United States.
2. Hernando Cortez (1485-1547).
3. The U. S. S. *Oregon*.
4. The preamble to the U. S. Constitution.
5. Two; the 18th and 19th.
6. Robert Morris (1734-1806).
7. Thomas Jefferson (born 1743) and John Adams (born 1735) both died on July 4, 1826, exactly 50 years after they had signed the Declaration of Independence.
8. April 6, 1917.
9. John Adams (1735-1826), second President, was father of John Quincy Adams (1767-1848), sixth President.
10. Jamestown, Virginia, May 13, 1607.
11. Andrew Johnson (1808-1875), seventeenth President.
12. Calvin Coolidge (1872—).
13. Juan Ponce de Leon (1460-1521).
14. Antonio Lopez de Santa Anna (1795-1876).
15. A tree in Hartford, Connecticut, in which the Colonial Charter is supposed to have been secreted in 1687.
16. George Washington, Thomas Jefferson, James Madison, James Monroe, Andrew Jackson, Abraham Lincoln, Ulysses S. Grant, Grover Cleveland, William McKinley, Woodrow Wilson.
17. Stephen Arnold Douglas (1813-1861) ran second in the popular vote; John Cabell Breckinridge (1821-1875) ran second in the vote of the electoral college.
18. John Marshall (1755-1835).

SPECIAL QUIZ—AMERICAN HISTORY—*continued*

19. Theodore Roosevelt (1858-1919), twenty-sixth President, was inaugurated at the age of 42 years.
20. Hernando De Soto (about 1500-1542).
21. At the Plains of Abraham, Quebec (1759).
22. John Paul Jones (1747-1792).
23. No European nation may interfere in the affairs of the two American continents.
24. Woodrow Wilson (1856-1924), twenty-eighth President.
25. Charles Cotesworth Pinckney (1746-1825), when Ambassador to the French Republic, 1796.
26. Alexander Hamilton (1757-1804), from 1789 to 1795.
27. Grover Cleveland (1837-1908), from 1885 to 1889, and from 1893 to 1897.
28. John Jay (1745-1829), from 1789 to 1795.
29. John Cabot, a Venetian (1450-1498).
30. George Armstrong Custer (1839-1876).
31. Andrew Jackson (1767-1845), seventh President.
32. Vasco Nuñez de Balboa (1475-1517).
33. Fort Sumter, April, 1861.
34. John Adams (1735-1826).
35. \$7,200,000. Purchased from Russia in 1867.
36. A distinguished American general in the War of the Revolution (1742-1786).
37. Andrew Johnson (1808-1875).
38. The flag of 1788 still contained but 13 stars arranged in a circle, while the flag of today contains 48 stars arranged in rows.
39. Woodrow Wilson (1856-1924), twenty-eighth President, helped draft the treaty of peace with Germany at Paris in 1919.
40. Robert Edward Lee (1807-1870) and George Gordon Meade (1815-1872).
41. Fifty-six.
42. Two English surveyors, Charles Mason and Jeremiah Dixon, surveyed the boundary line separating Pennsylvania from Maryland. The term came to mean the dividing line between free and slave territory.
43. Francisco Pizarro (1475-1541).
44. William H. Seward, Salmon P. Chase, William P. Fessenden, Hugh McCulloch, Simon Cameron, Edwin M. Stanton, Edward Bates, James Speed, Montgomery Blair, William Dennison, Gideon Welles, Caleb B. Smith, John P. Usher.
45. Jefferson Davis (1808-1889).
46. An abolitionist who, with a small body of men, seized the state armory at Harpers Ferry, West Virginia. He was arrested and hanged in 1859.
47. It was the sobriquet of the famous U. S. 44-gun frigate *Constitution*.
48. The Bill of Rights.
49. Thomas Jefferson (1743-1826) and Alexander Hamilton (1757-1804).
50. Abraham Lincoln (1809-1865), sixteenth President; James Abram Garfield (1831-1881), twentieth President; William McKinley (1843-1901), twenty-fifth President.

SPECIAL QUIZ—EUROPEAN HISTORY

1. Doge of Venice; the office was first instituted about 700 A.D. The last Doge abdicated in 1797.
2. A French Revolutionary leader who caused thousands to be guillotined and finally was guillotined himself.
3. William, Duke of Normandy, conquered England, defeating Earl Harold, at the Battle of Hastings.
4. The Black Death.
5. The assassination of the Crown Prince Franz Ferdinand of Austria, at Sarajevo, Bosnia, June 18, 1914.
6. The House of York, whose insignia was a white rose, won the throne from the House of Lancaster, whose insignia was a red rose, during the fifteenth century.
7. Louis XIV., of France (1638-1715).
8. Catherine I. (about 1685-1727).
9. The great charter of English personal and political liberty, obtained from King John by the barons in 1215.
10. Louis XVI. (1754-1793).
11. Joseph Garibaldi (1807-1882).
12. Oliver Cromwell (1599-1658).
13. She was burned at the stake in 1431, as a heretic and sorceress.
14. A body of five men who held the executive power from 1795 to 1799.
15. Leopold II. (1835-1909).
16. Sir Francis Drake (1540-1596).
17. Benjamin Disraeli, Earl of Beaconsfield (1804-1881) made Queen Victoria (1819-1901) Empress of India, in 1877.
18. Saladin, Sultan of Egypt (1137-1193).
19. The Medici family.
20. To blow up the English Houses of Parliament, Nov. 5, 1605. The affair is sometimes called "the Gunpowder Plot."
21. For stabbing Jean Paul Marat, French Revolutionary leader, in his bath, in 1793.
22. An Italian statesman (1810-1861). He was premier from 1852 to 1859.
23. Florence Nightingale (1820-1910), during the Crimean War.
24. The campaign in Russia prior to the retreat from Moscow.
25. In 1378, two Popes were elected by rival factions, and they and their successors held office in Rome and Avignon, respectively, until 1417, when Martin V. became the sole Pope. (The term is also applied to the separation of the Greek and Roman Churches, in the ninth century.)
26. An Irish Member of Parliament who was active in the interests of Ireland (1846-1891).
27. Germany, Austria-Hungary, and Italy.
28. Members of the extreme democratic club established in the old Jacobin convent in Paris, in 1789.
29. Ferdinand Magellan (about 1470-1521), in 1519.
30. Members of the Parliament party in the English Civil War of the seventeenth century. They were so called from their custom of wearing their hair cut close.
31. Otto Edward, Prince von Bismarck-Schönhausen (1815-1898).
32. The Reign of Terror.

SPECIAL QUIZ—EUROPEAN HISTORY—*continued*

33. Charles Martel ("The Hammer," about 690-741).
34. A statistical survey of the lands of England, made by William the Conqueror in 1086.
35. The name commonly given to the period between March 20, 1815, when Napoleon arrived in Paris after his return from Elba, and June 28, 1815, the date of the restoration of Louis XVIII.
36. Helmuth Karl Bernhard, Count von Moltke (1800-1891), was commander-in-chief of the German forces in the Franco-Prussian War of 1870.
37. Henry VIII., father of Edward VI., Mary, and Elizabeth.
38. Nobles, Clergy, Common People.
39. His leadership of the First Crusade, from 1096 to 1100.
40. Napoleon Bonaparte (1769-1821) conferred this title upon his son by Marie-Louise, former arch-duchess of Austria.
41. He was the first king of all England.
42. A plain near Calais, France, where Henry VIII., of England, met Francis I., of France, in 1520. The courts of both kings vied in magnificent display.
43. Gebhard Leberecht von Blücher (1742-1819).
44. The eighteenth century.
45. Although Pope Pius VII. was present for the express purpose of crowning Napoleon, the latter took the crown and placed it upon his own head.
46. A British queen in the time of the Emperor Nero, who led a gallant but unsuccessful revolt against the Roman rulers in Britain.
47. French Protestants of the sixteenth century.
48. A distinguished Austrian diplomat (1773-1859) who exercised great influence in European affairs.
49. A political and commercial league of German towns from the thirteenth to the seventeenth centuries.
50. Milton was Latin Secretary to Cromwell during the Protectorate, and dealt with the correspondence with foreign countries.

SPECIAL QUIZ—CURRENT POLITICS

1. Helene Pauline Marie Wilhelmina (1880—), Queen since 1890.
2. Vice-President Charles Gates Dawes (1865—).
3. Chile and Peru.
4. Walter Hines Page (1865-1918).
5. Joseph Caillaux (1863—).
6. The candidate must be a natural born citizen of the United States and have attained the age of thirty-five years.
7. Gaston Doumergue (1863—).
8. Two-thirds.
9. Georges Clemenceau (1841—), David Lloyd-George (1863—), Vittorio Emanuele Orlando (1860—), Woodrow Wilson (1856-1924).
10. Sen. Oscar W. Underwood (1862—).
11. The lower house of the Irish Free State parliament.
12. California.
13. Victor Emanuel III (1869—), King since 1900.

SPECIAL QUIZ—CURRENT POLITICS—*continued*

14. Myron T. Herrick (1854—).
15. Newton Diehl Baker (1871—).
16. Commissar for Foreign Affairs of the Russian Soviet.
17. Theodore Roosevelt (1858-1919), in 1906; Woodrow Wilson (1856-1924), in 1918.
18. Viscountess Astor, formerly Miss Nancy Langhorne, of Virginia.
19. Members of the League undertake to preserve as against external aggression the territorial integrity of all members of the League. In case of such aggression, the Council shall advise upon the means by which this obligation shall be fulfilled.
20. Premier of Spain and head of the Military Directorate.
21. Oliver Wendell Holmes (1841—), son of Oliver Wendell Holmes (1809-1894).
22. The Right Honourable James Ramsay MacDonald (1866—).
23. The U. S. Congress.
24. Sir Edward Grey (1862—).
25. Argentina, Brazil, Chile.
26. The Secretary of State, War, Navy, Treasury, Agriculture, Labor, Interior, Commerce; the Attorney General, the Postmaster General.
27. Georges Clemenceau (1841—).
28. Alfred Emanuel Smith (1873—), William Gibbs McAdoo (1863—).
29. A palace on the most northerly of the seven hills of Rome which contains the offices of the Italian Government.
30. Frank Billings Kellogg (1856—).
31. Robert Marion LaFollette (1855-1925).
32. Nikolai Lenine (1870-1924). He was christened Vladimir Ilitch Ulynoff Lenine.
33. 62 years, beginning June 19, 1923.
34. Because of the Spanish, Polish, and Brazilian opposition to the allotment to Germany of the only new permanent seat in the League of Nations Council simultaneously with her admission to the League.
35. The Treasury Department.
36. The following have been appointed since 1915: Louis D. Brandeis, William H. Taft, Harlan F. Stone, John H. Clarke, George Sutherland, Pierce Butler, Edward T. Sanford.
37. 5—5—3.
38. Eamonn de Valera (1883—).
39. Japan; The Mikado Yoshihito Harunomiya (1879-1926).
40. Since 1870, when Emperor Napoleon III was deposed.
41. The Right Honourable H. H. Asquith (1852—), from 1908 to 1916; the Right Honourable David Lloyd-George (1863—), from 1916 to 1922.
42. The first amendment.
43. The amendment does not specify any percentage, but authorizes Congress and the states to adopt appropriate legislation for its enforcement.
44. Eleutherios Venizelos (1864—).
45. Cantons.
46. Poland, Czechoslovakia, Jugoslavia.
47. The "dole" system.
48. Benito Mussolini (1883—), Premier of Italy.
49. Henry Cabot Lodge (1850-1924).
50. Friedrich Ebert (1871-1925).

SPECIAL QUIZ—THE BIBLE

1. "Good-story" or "glad-tidings"; it is of Anglo-Saxon origin.
2. Cain.
3. The waters of the Red Sea, which had parted to allow the Jews to pass, rushed back and engulfed the Egyptians.
4. Matthew, Mark, Luke, and John.
5. "for theirs is the kingdom of heaven."
6. Jonathan.
7. In a dream, Jacob saw a ladder reaching up to Heaven. There were many angels on it, and God, at the top, promised Jacob aid in his enterprises.
8. Sodom and Gomorrah.
9. It comes from the *Book of Lamentations of Jeremiah*.
10. A mark which God set upon Cain after the killing of Abel, that whoever found him should not kill him.
11. Herod.
12. Darkness would have permitted the escape of the Jews' enemies during a great battle. The extra hours of light permitted Joshua to win a decisive victory.
13. Herod had married Herodias, the wife of his brother Philip, and John had denounced their action.
14. He predicted seven years of fruitful harvest followed by seven years of famine.
15. The tribe of Ephraim did not take part in a certain battle, and its members were identified by being called on to say "shibboleth." Being unable to pronounce "sh," they said "sibboleth."
16. The third day.
17. Mary Magdalene.
18. He ordered him to sacrifice his son Isaac, and only stopped the sacrifice as Abraham was ready to plunge the knife into the boy's body.
19. Lazarus.
20. "A separated people" who lived their lives in exact, literal concordance with the injunctions of the Mosaic law.
21. At Belshazzar's Feast, cryptic words appeared on the wall, which the Prophet Daniel translated as indicating the overthrow of Belshazzar's rule, by the Persians.
22. The place where Christ was crucified. It is also called Calvary.
23. Judah and Israel.
24. Jezebel.
25. Solomon.
26. David had Uriah, her husband, placed in the van of the army during a battle, and he was killed there.
27. Cain; when the Lord asked regarding Abel, after Cain had killed him.
28. John.
29. He pulled down the pillars of the meeting hall in which the Philistines were gathered, and was killed by the falling walls together with thousands of the Philistines.
30. David and Goliath.
31. Nimrod.
32. Solomon ordered it to be cut in two, and half given to each. The real mother of the child gave up her claim so that the baby might live, and thereupon Solomon awarded it to her.
33. Judas Iscariot.
34. The use of parables.
35. Jacob.

SPECIAL QUIZ—THE BIBLE—*continued*

36. Shadrach, Meshach, and Abednego; for refusing to bow down and worship an idol. They were not harmed by the fire.
37. He spent forty days in the solitude of the desert.
38. He turned water into wine.
39. Jehu, because of his reckless skill as a charioteer.
40. "but if the salt have lost its savor, wherewith shall it be salted."
41. The parable of the talents.
42. It talked with its master.
43. "Saul hath slain his thousands, and David his ten thousands."
44. John the Baptist.
45. When the people mocked Him after He had been crucified.
46. Absalom.
47. Herod, fearful of the rumors regarding the birth of a Messiah, ordered that all boys under three years of age in Bethlehem should be killed; but Mary and Joseph had fled with Jesus into Egypt.
48. Forty years.
49. Jesus said: "Suffer little children to come unto me and forbid them not. For of such is the Kingdom of Heaven."
50. I am the Lord thy God, thou shalt not have strange gods before me. Thou shalt not make to thyself a graven image. Thou shalt not take the name of the Lord thy God in vain. Remember the Sabbath day, to keep it holy. Honor thy father and thy mother. Thou shalt not kill. Thou shalt not commit adultery. Thou shalt not steal. Thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbor. Thou shalt not covet thy neighbor's house, nor his wife, nor anything that is his.

SPECIAL QUIZ—SPORTS

1. Walter Camp (1859-1925).
2. John Weissmuller, Illinois Athletic Club.
3. Walter Hagen.
4. Helen Wills.
5. Automobile racing.
6. India.
7. Shelby, Montana.
8. It described a double play, for the smooth execution of which these men were noted when they played short-stop, second and first base on the Chicago Cubs.
9. The University of Washington.
10. Ice.
11. Bicycle racing.
12. A noted Cuban chess player.
13. "Jake" Schaeffer, father of "Young Jake" Schaeffer.
14. 90 points.
15. The name given to a period of play in a polo match.
16. The Derby.
17. [a] Georgia Tech, [b] Penn State, [c] Centre College.
18. Leland Stanford, Jr., University.
19. Cornelius McGillicuddy.
20. Jack Kearns.
21. Franklin Field.
22. Dwight Filley Davis, Secretary of War (1879—), donor of the Davis Cup, an international tennis trophy.

SPECIAL QUIZ—SPORTS—*continued*

23. 26 miles, 385 yards.
24. 59.
25. Charles ("Chick") Evans, 1916 and 1920. Robert Tyre ("Bobby") Jones, 1924 and 1925.
26. 15.
27. Two.
28. The Jack Johnson—Jim Jeffries fight.
29. Dorando, who collapsed just before the finish and was carried across the line, as a result of which he was disqualified.
30. John Sholto Douglas, eighth Marquis of Queensberry (1844-1900).
31. [a] golf, [b] tennis, [c] football, [d] baseball, [e] hockey.
32. Percy Haughton.
33. Twelve.
34. The Vanderbilt Cup Race.
35. .500.
36. Papyrus.
37. In 1896 at Athens.
38. Charles Brickley.
39. George L. ("Tex") Rickard.
40. Amherst, Williams and Wesleyan.
41. Mary K. Browne.
42. "Shoeless" Joe Jackson of the Chicago White Sox baseball team, during the World Series scandal in 1919.
43. University of Pennsylvania.
44. Jesse W. Sweetser.
45. The "seeded" draw.
46. Amsterdam.
47. A player who can kick, pass and carry the ball.
48. George Herman Ruth.
49. The backfield of the Notre Dame football team (Crowley, Layden, Miller and Stuhldreher).
50. The Chicago White Sox American League Baseball team which won the World Series in 1906.

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